

## Exam Questions NSE7\_SDW-7.2

Fortinet NSE 7 - SD-WAN 7.2

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**NEW QUESTION 1**

Refer to the exhibit.

```
branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan service 1

Service(3): Address Mode(IPV4) flags=0x200 use-shortcut-sla
Gen(6), TOS(0x0/0x0), Protocol(0: 1->65535), Mode(manual)
Members(2):
  1: Seq_num(3 T_INET_0_0), alive, selected
  2: Seq_num(4 T_INET_1_0), alive, selected
Src address(1):
  10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255

Dst address(1):
  10.0.0.0-10.255.255.255

branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan member | grep T_INET_
Member(3): interface: T_INET_0_0, flags=0x4 , gateway: 100.64.1.1, priority: 10 1024,
weight: 0
Member(4): interface: T_INET_1_0, flags=0x4 , gateway: 100.64.1.9, priority: 0 1024,
weight: 0

branch1_fgt # get router info routing-table all | grep T_INET_
S      10.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via T_INET_1_0 tunnel 100.64.1.9
```

An administrator is troubleshooting SD-WAN on FortiGate. A device behind branch1\_fgt generates traffic to the 10.0.0.0/8 network. The administrator expects the traffic to match SD-WAN rule ID 1 and be routed over T\_INET\_0\_0. However, the traffic is routed over T\_INET\_1\_0. Based on the output shown in the exhibit, which two reasons can cause the observed behavior? (Choose two.)

- A. The traffic matches a regular policy route configured with T\_INET\_1\_0 as the outgoing device.
- B. T\_INET\_1\_0 has a lower route priority value (higher priority) than T\_INET\_0\_0.
- C. T\_INET\_0\_0 does not have a valid route to the destination.
- D. T\_INET\_1\_0 has a higher member configuration priority than T\_INET\_0\_0.

Answer: AC

**NEW QUESTION 2**

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit A

```
branch1_fgt (3) # show
config service
  edit 3
    set name "Corp"
    set mode sla
    set dst "Corp-net"
    set src "LAN-net"
    config sla
      edit "VPN_PING"
        set id 1
      next
      edit "VPN_HTTP"
        set id 1
      next
    end
    set priority-members 3 4 5
    set gateway enable
  next
end
```

Exhibit B -

```
branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan service 3

Service(3): Address Mode(IPV4) flags=0x200 use-shortcut-sla
Gen(1), TOS(0x0/0x0), Protocol(0: 1->65535), Mode(sla), sla-compare-order
Members(2):
  1: Seq_num(5 T_MPLS_0), alive, sla(0x3), gid(0), cfg_order(2), cost(0), selected
  2: Seq_num(4 T_INET_1_0), alive, sla(0x1), gid(0), cfg_order(1), cost(0), selected
  3: Seq_num(3 T_INET_0_0), alive, sla(0x0), gid(0), cfg_order(0), cost(0), selected
Src address(1):
  10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255

Dst address(1):
  10.0.0.0-10.255.255.255

branch1_fgt # get router info routing-table all | grep T_
S      10.0.0.0/8 [1/0] via T_INET_0_0 tunnel 100.64.1.1
      [1/0] via T_INET_1_0 tunnel 100.64.1.9
S      10.201.1.254/32 [15/0] via T_INET_0_0 tunnel 100.64.1.1
S      10.202.1.254/32 [15/0] via T_INET_1_0 tunnel 100.64.1.9
S      10.203.1.254/32 [15/0] via T_MPLS_0 tunnel 172.16.1.5

branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan member | grep T_
Member(3): interface: T_INET_0_0, flags=0x4 , gateway: 100.64.1.1, peer: 10.201.1.254,
priority: 0 1024, weight: 0
Member(4): interface: T_INET_1_0, flags=0x4 , gateway: 100.64.1.9, peer: 10.202.1.254,
priority: 0 1024, weight: 0
Member(5): interface: T_MPLS_0, flags=0x4 , gateway: 172.16.1.5, peer: 10.203.1.254,
priority: 0 1024, weight: 0
```

Exhibit A shows the configuration for an SD-WAN rule and exhibit B shows the respective rule status, the routing table, and the member status. The administrator wants to understand the expected behavior for traffic matching the SD- WAN rule. Based on the exhibits, what can the administrator expect for traffic matching the SD-WAN rule?

- A. The traffic will be load balanced across all three overlays.

- B. The traffic will be routed over T\_INET\_0\_0.
- C. The traffic will be routed over T\_MPLS\_0.
- D. The traffic will be routed over T\_INET\_1\_0.

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 3**

What is a benefit of using application steering in SD-WAN?

- A. The traffic always skips the regular policy routes.
- B. You steer traffic based on the detected application.
- C. You do not need to enable SSL inspection.
- D. You do not need to configure firewall policies that accept the SD-WAN traffic.

Answer: B

**NEW QUESTION 4**

Which two statements about the SD-WAN zone configuration are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The service-sla-tie-break setting enables you to configure preferred member selection based on the best route to the destination.
- B. You can delete the default zones.
- C. The default zones are virtual-wan-link and SASE.
- D. An SD-WAN member can belong to two or more zones.

Answer: AC

**NEW QUESTION 5**

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit A

```
branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan service
Service(1): Address Mode(IPV4) flags=0x200 use-shortcut-sla
Gen(8), TOS(0x0/0x0), Protocol(0: 1->65535), Mode(manual)
Members(2):
  1: Seq_num(1 port1), alive, selected
  2: Seq_num(2 port2), alive, selected
Internet Service(3): GoToMeeting(4294836966,0,0,0 16354)
Microsoft.Office.365.Portal(4294837474,0,0,0 41468) Salesforce(4294837976,0,0,0 16920)
Src address(1):
  10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255

Service(2): Address Mode(IPV4) flags=0x200 use-shortcut-sla
Gen(7), TOS(0x0/0x0), Protocol(0: 1->65535), Mode(manual)
Members(1):
  1: Seq_num(2 port2), alive, selected
Internet Service(2): Facebook(4294836806,0,0,0 15832) Twitter(4294838278,0,0,0 16001)
Src address(1):
  10.0.1.0-10.0.1.255

branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan internet-service-app-ctrl-list
Facebook(15832 4294836806): 157.240.229.35 6 443 Tue Mar  8 12:24:04 2022
GoToMeeting(16354 4294836966): 23.205.106.86 6 443 Tue Mar  8 12:24:04 2022
GoToMeeting(16354 4294836966): 23.212.249.144 6 443 Tue Mar  8 12:24:39 2022
Salesforce(16920 4294837976): 23.212.249.11 6 443 Tue Mar  8 12:24:04 2022

branch1_fgt # get router info routing-table all
...
S* 0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 192.2.0.2, port1
   [1/0] via 192.2.0.10, port2
...
```

Exhibit B

Destination IP	Service	Application	Security Event List	SD-WAN Rule Name	Destination Interface
23.212.248.205	HTTPS	GoToMeeting	sec-1		port2
23.205.106.86	HTTPS	GoToMeeting	sec-2	Critical-DIA	port1
23.205.106.86	HTTPS	GoToMeeting	sec-2	Critical-DIA	port1
23.205.106.86	HTTPS	GoToMeeting	sec-2	Critical-DIA	port1
23.212.249.144	HTTPS	GoToMeeting	sec-2	Critical-DIA	port1
23.212.249.144	HTTPS	GoToMeeting	sec-2		port1
23.212.249.144	HTTPS	GoToMeeting	sec-2		port2
23.205.106.86	HTTPS	GoToMeeting	sec-2		port2

Security	Value
APP Count	000000013
Level	799
Log ID	sec
Session ID	sec
Span Display	sec
Virtual Domain	sec
Source	
Country	Belgium
Device ID	FGV4017H42000077
Device Name	branch1_fgt
IP	10.0.1.101
Interface	port1
Interface Role	unclassified
NAT IP	192.2.0.9
NAT Port	55042
Port	55042
Source	10.0.1.101
UEBA Endpoint ID	1025
UEBA User ID	3
Destination	
Country	United States
End User ID	3
Endpoint ID	111
Host Name	www.gotomeeting.com
IP	23.212.248.205
Interface	port2

An administrator is testing application steering in SD-WAN. Before generating test traffic, the administrator collected the information shown in exhibit A. After generating GoToMeeting test traffic, the administrator examined the respective traffic log on FortiAnalyzer, which is shown in exhibit B. The administrator noticed that the traffic matched the implicit SD-WAN rule, but they expected the traffic to match rule ID 1. Which two reasons explain why the traffic matched the implicit SD-WAN rule? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate did not refresh the routing information on the session after the application was detected.
- B. Port1 and port2 do not have a valid route to the destination.
- C. Full SSL inspection is not enabled on the matching firewall policy.
- D. The session 3-tuple did not match any of the existing entries in the ISDB application cache.

Answer: BC

**Explanation:**

Study guide 7.2 Page 191

**NEW QUESTION 6**

Which two statements are true about using SD-WAN to steer local-out traffic? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate does not consider the source address of the packet when matching an SD-WAN rule for local-out traffic.
- B. By default, local-out traffic does not use SD-WAN.
- C. By default, FortiGate does not check if the selected member has a valid route to the destination.
- D. You must configure each local-out feature individually, to use SD-WAN.

**Answer: BD****NEW QUESTION 7**

Exhibit.

```
# diagnose sys sdwan health-check status

Health Check(Level3_DNS):
Seq(1 port1): state(alive), packet-loss(0.000%) latency(22.129), jitter(0.201), mos(4.393),
bandwidth-up(10235), bandwidth-dw(10235), bandwidth-bi(20470) sla_map=0x0
Seq(2 port2): state(alive), packet-loss(7.000%) latency(42.394), jitter(0.912), mos(4.378),
bandwidth-up(10236), bandwidth-dw(10237), bandwidth-bi(20473) sla_map=0x0
Health Check(VPN_PING):
Seq(5 T_MPLS): state(alive), packet-loss(0.000%) latency(131.336), jitter(0.199), mos(4.330),
bandwidth-up(9999999), bandwidth-dw(9999999), bandwidth-bi(19999998) sla_map=0x2
Seq(4 T_INET_1): state(alive), packet-loss(11.000%) latency(1.465), jitter(0.226), mos(4.398),
bandwidth-up(10239), bandwidth-dw(10239), bandwidth-bi(20478) sla_map=0x1
Seq(3 T_INET_0): state(alive), packet-loss(0.000%) latency(1.440), jitter(0.245), mos(4.403),
bandwidth-up(10239), bandwidth-dw(10239), bandwidth-bi(20478) sla_map=0x3
```

The exhibit shows the output of the command `diagnose sys sdwan health-check status` collected on a FortiGate device. Which two statements are correct about the health check status on this FortiGate device? (Choose two.)

- A. The health-check VPN\_PING orders the members according to the lowest jitter.
- B. The interface T\_INET\_1 missed one SLA target.
- C. There is no SLA criteria configured for the health-check Level3\_DNS.
- D. The interface T\_INET\_0 missed three SLA targets.

**Answer: AC****Explanation:**

According to the FortiGate / FortiOS 6.4.2 Administration Guide, the health check status command displays the status of the health check probes for each SD-WAN member interface. The output includes the following information:

? state: the current state of the interface, either alive or dead

? packet-loss: the percentage of packets lost during the health check

? latency: the average round-trip time in milliseconds

? jitter: the variation in latency

? mos: the mean opinion score, a measure of voice quality

? bandwidth: the available bandwidth in kilobits per second for each direction (up, down, bi)

? sla map: a bitmap that indicates which SLA criteria are met or failed Based on the exhibit, the following statements are correct:

? The health-check VPN\_PING orders the members according to the lowest jitter. This means that the interface with the lowest jitter value is listed first, followed by the next lowest, and so on1. In the exhibit, the order is T\_MPLS, T\_INET\_1, and T\_INET\_0.

? There is no SLA criteria configured for the health-check Level3\_DNS. This means that the health check does not use any SLA parameters to determine the state of the interface2. In the exhibit, the sla map value is 0x0 for both port1 and port2, indicating that no SLA criteria are applied.

**NEW QUESTION 8**

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit A

Network Properties	
Service	Critical-DIA
Identity	
Device ID	FGVM01TM22000077
Device Name	branch1_fgt
Type	
Sub Type	sdwan
Type	event
Alerts	
Level	notice
General	
Log Description	SDWAN status
Log ID	0113022923
Message	Service prioritized by performance metric will be redirected in sequence order.
Sequence Number	2,1
Virtual Domain	root
Others	
Date/Time	23:57:29
Destination End User ID	3
Destination Endpoint ID	3
Device Time	2022-03-04 14:57:27
Event Time	1646434647595788893
Event Type	Service
Metric	latency
Service ID	1
Time Stamp	2022-03-04 23:57:29
Time Zone	-0800
UEBA Endpoint ID	3
UEBA User ID	3
logver	700030237

Exhibit B

```
branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan member
Member(1): interface: port1, flags=0x0 , gateway: 192.2.0.2, priority: 0 1024, weight: 0
Member(2): interface: port2, flags=0x0 , gateway: 192.2.0.10, priority: 0 1024, weight: 0

config service
edit 1
set name "Critical-DIA"
set mode priority
set src "LAN-net"
set internet-service enable
set internet-service-app-ctrl 16354 41468 16920
set health-check "Level3_DNS"
set priority-members 1 2
next
end
```

Exhibit A shows an SD-WAN event log and exhibit B shows the member status and the SD-WAN rule configuration. Based on the exhibits, which two statements are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. FortiGate updated the outgoing interface list on the rule so it prefers port2.
- B. Port2 has the highest member priority.
- C. Port2 has a lower latency than port1.
- D. SD-WAN rule ID 1 is set to lowest cost (SLA) mode.

Answer: AC

**NEW QUESTION 9**

Refer to the exhibit.

```
FortiGate # diagnose sys session list
session info: proto=1 proto_state=00 duration=25 expire=34 timeout=0 flags=00000000
socktype=0 sockport=0 av_idx=0 use=3
origin-shaper=
reply-shaper=
per ip shaper=
class id=0 ha id=0 policy_dir=0 tunnel=/ vlan_cos=0/255
state=dirty may_dirty
statistic(bytes/packets/allow_err): org=84/1/1 reply=84/1/1 tuples=2
tx speed(Bps/kbps): 0/0 rx speed(Bps/kbps): 0/0
orgin->sink: org pre->post, reply pre->post dev=5->4/4->5 gwy=192.168.73.2/10.0.1.10
hook-post dir-org act=snat 10.0.1.10:2246->8.8.8.8(192.168.73.132:62662)
hook-pre dir-reply act=dnat 8.8.8.8:62662->192.168.73.132:0(10.0.1.10:2246)
misc=0 policy_id=1 auth_info=0 chk_client_info=0 vd=0
serial=00000a2c tos=ff/ff app_list=0 app=0 url_cat=0
rpd_b_lnk_id= 80000000 rpd_b_svc_id=0 ngfwid=n/a
npu state=0x040000
total session 1
```

Based on the exhibit, which statement about FortiGate re-evaluating traffic is true?

- A. The type of traffic defined and allowed on firewall policy ID 1 is UDP.
- B. FortiGate has terminated the session after a change on policy ID 1.
- C. Changes have been made on firewall policy ID 1 on FortiGate.
- D. Firewall policy ID 1 has source NAT disabled.

Answer: C

**NEW QUESTION 10**

Which three matching traffic criteria are available in SD-WAN rules? (Choose three.)

- A. Type of physical link connection
- B. Internet service database (ISDB) address object

- C. Source and destination IP address
- D. URL categories
- E. Application signatures

**Answer:** BCE

#### NEW QUESTION 10

Which statement about SD-WAN zones is true?

- A. An SD-WAN zone can contain only one type of interface.
- B. An SD-WAN zone can contain between 0 and 512 members.
- C. You cannot use an SD-WAN zone in static route definitions.
- D. You can configure up to 32 SD-WAN zones per VDOM.

**Answer:** D

#### Explanation:

SD-WAN zones are a group of interfaces that share the same SD-WAN settings, such as health check, SLA, and load balancing. Some characteristics of SD-WAN zones are:

- ? An SD-WAN zone can contain different types of interfaces, such as physical, VLAN, aggregate, and tunnel interfaces1.
- ? An SD-WAN zone can contain up to 512 members1.
- ? You can use an SD-WAN zone in static route definitions, as long as the destination interface is also an SD-WAN zone1.
- ? You can configure up to 32 SD-WAN zones per VDOM1.

#### NEW QUESTION 11

Refer to the exhibit.

```
config firewall policy
  edit 1
    set anti-replay disable
  next
end
```

In a dual-hub hub-and-spoke SD-WAN deployment, which is a benefit of disabling the anti-replay setting on the hubs?

- A. It instructs the hub to disable the reordering of TCP packets on behalf of the receiver, to improve performance.
- B. It instructs the hub to disable TCP sequence number check, which is required for TCP sessions originated from spokes to fail over back and forth between the hubs.
- C. It instructs the hub to not check the ESP sequence numbers on IPsec traffic, to improve performance.
- D. It instructs the hub to skip content inspection on TCP traffic, to improve performance.

**Answer:** B

#### NEW QUESTION 12

Which two conclusions for traffic that matches the traffic shaper are true? (Choose two.)

```
# diagnose firewall shaper traffic-shaper list name VoIP_Shaper
name VoIP_Shaper
maximum-bandwidth 6250 KB/sec
guaranteed-bandwidth 2500 KB/sec
current-bandwidth 93 KB/sec
priority 2
overhead 0
tos ff
packets dropped 0
bytes dropped 0
```

- A. The traffic shaper drops packets if the bandwidth is less than 2500 KBps.
- B. The measured bandwidth is less than 100 KBps.
- C. The traffic shaper drops packets if the bandwidth exceeds 6250 KBps.
- D. The traffic shaper limits the bandwidth of each source IP to a maximum of 6250 KBps.

**Answer:** BC

#### NEW QUESTION 17

What are two common use cases for remote internet access (RIA)? (Choose two.)

- A. Provide direct internet access on spokes
- B. Provide internet access through the hub
- C. Centralize security inspection on the hub
- D. Provide thorough inspection on spokes

**Answer:** BC

#### Explanation:

\* B. Provide internet access through the hub: This involves routing branch or remote office internet traffic through a central hub, ensuring consistent security policies and possibly better management of network resources.

\* C. Centralize security inspection on the hub: With this approach, all internet-bound traffic from various spokes is inspected at the hub, leveraging centralized

security mechanisms for thorough inspection and policy enforcement.

#### NEW QUESTION 21

What are two advantages of using an IPsec recommended template to configure an IPsec tunnel in a hub-and-spoke topology? (Choose two.)

- A. It ensures consistent settings between phase1 and phase2.
- B. It guides the administrator to use Fortinet recommended settings.
- C. It automatically install IPsec tunnels to every spoke when they are added to the FortiManager ADOM.
- D. The VPN monitor tool provides additional statistics for tunnels defined with an IPsec recommended template.

**Answer:** AB

#### Explanation:

The use of an IPsec recommended template offers the advantage of ensuring consistent settings between phase1 and phase2 (A), which is essential for the stability and security of the IPsec tunnel. Additionally, it guides the administrator to use Fortinet's recommended settings (B), which are designed to optimize performance and security based on Fortinet's best practices. References: The benefits of using IPsec recommended templates are outlined in Fortinet's SD-WAN documentation, which emphasizes the importance of consistency and adherence to recommended configurations.

#### NEW QUESTION 24

Refer to the exhibit.

```
config system virtual-wan-link
  set status enable
  set load-balance-mode source-ip-based
  config members
    edit 1
      set interface "port1"
      set gateway 100.64.1.254
      set source 100.64.1.1
      set cost 15
    next
    edit 2
      set interface "port2"
      set gateway 100.64.2.254
      set priority 10
    next
  end
end
```

Based on the output shown in the exhibit, which two criteria on the SD-WAN member configuration can be used to select an outgoing interface in an SD-WAN rule? (Choose two.)

- A. Set priority 10.
- B. Set cost 15.
- C. Set load-balance-mode source-ip-ip-based.
- D. Set source 100.64.1.1.

**Answer:** AB

#### NEW QUESTION 25

Refer to the exhibits.

Exhibit A

```

config system sdwan
  config health-check
    edit "Passive"
      set detect-mode passive
      set members 3 4
    next
  end
end

config system sdwan
  config service
    edit 1
      set name "Facebook-YouTube"
      set src "all"
      set internet-service enable
      set internet-service-app-ctrl 15832 31077
      set health-check "Passive"
      set priority-member 3 4
      set passive-measurement enable
    next
  end
end

branch1_fgt # get application name status | grep "id: 15832" -B1
app-name: "Facebook"
id: 15832

branch1_fgt # get application name status | grep "id: 31077" -B1
app-name: "YouTube"
id: 31077

```

Exhibit B

```

config firewall policy
  edit 1
    set name "DIA"
    set uuid b973e4ec-5f90-51ec-cadb-017c830d9418
    set srcintf "port5"
    set dstintf "underlay"
    set action accept
    set srcaddr "LAN-net"
    set dstaddr "all"
    set schedule "always"
    set service "ALL"
    set passive-wan-health-measurement enable
    set utm-status enable
    set ssl-ssh-profile "certificate-inspection"
    set application-list "default"
    set logtraffic all
    set auto-asic-offload disable
    set nat enable
  next
end

branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan zone | grep underlay -A1
Zone underlay index=3
  members(2): 3(port1) 4(port2)

```

Exhibit A shows the SD-WAN performance SLA configuration, the SD-WAN rule configuration, and the application IDs of Facebook and YouTube. Exhibit B shows the firewall policy configuration and the underlay zone status.

Based on the exhibits, which two statements are correct about the health and performance of port1 and port2? (Choose two.)

- A. The performance is an average of the metrics measured for Facebook and YouTube traffic passing through the member.
- B. FortiGate is unable to measure jitter and packet loss on Facebook and YouTube traffic.
- C. FortiGate identifies the member as dead when there is no Facebook and YouTube traffic passing through the member.
- D. Non-TCP Facebook and YouTube traffic are not used for performance measurement.

**Answer:** AD

**Explanation:**

Study Guide 7.2, pages 103 - 104. Another comment said "because without using application Control on the firewall policy, SDWAN can't work" but there is a app control "default" defined on config.

**NEW QUESTION 29**

Which two statements are correct when traffic matches the implicit SD-WAN rule? (Choose two.)

- A. The sdwan\_service\_id flag in the session information is 0.
- B. All SD-WAN rules have the default setting enabled.
- C. Traffic does not match any of the entries in the policy route table.
- D. Traffic is load balanced using the algorithm set for the v4-ecmp-mode setting.

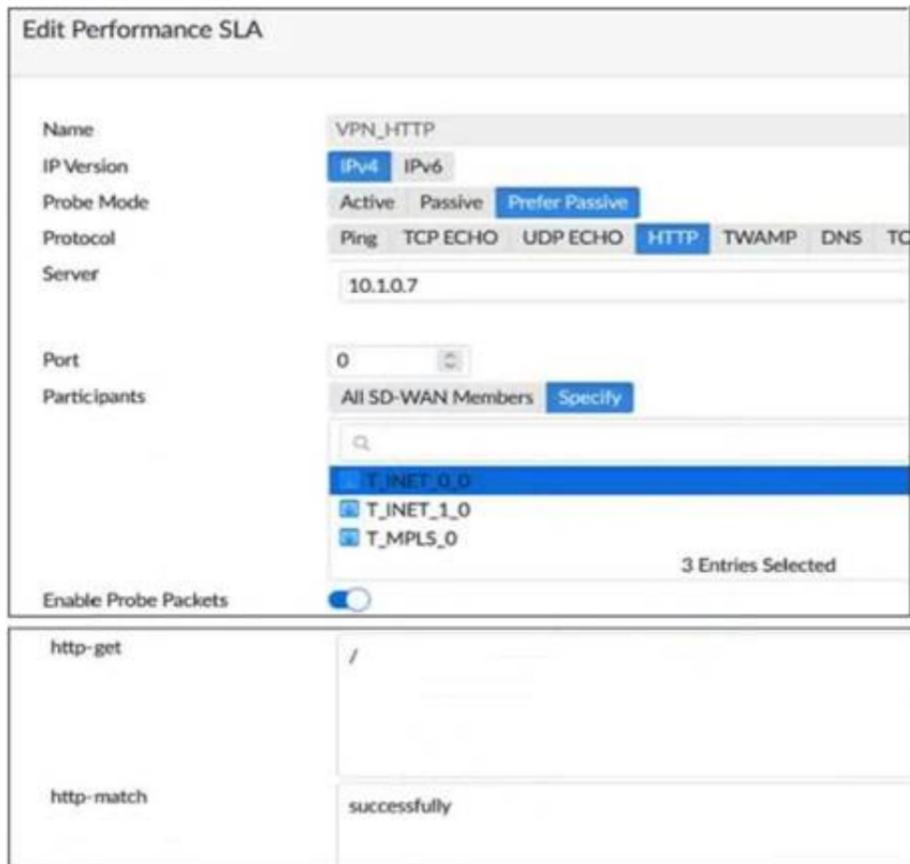
**Answer:** AC

**Explanation:**

sdwan\_service\_id is 0 = match SD-WAN implicit rule, study guide 7.0 page 120, 7.2 page 149 SD-WAN rules internally are interpreted as a Policy route, so when the traffic doesn't match with any policy route, it will be flowing by implicit policy.

**NEW QUESTION 30**

Refer to the exhibit.



Based on the exhibit, which two statements are correct about the health of the selected members? (Choose two.)

- A. After FortiGate switches to active mode, FortiGate never fails back to passive monitoring.
- B. During passive monitoring, FortiGate can't detect dead members.
- C. FortiGate can offload the traffic that is subject to passive monitoring to hardware.
- D. FortiGate passively monitors the member if TCP traffic is passing through the member.

**Answer: BD**

**NEW QUESTION 32**

In the default SD-WAN minimum configuration, which two statements are correct when traffic matches the default implicit SD-WAN rule? (Choose two )

- A. Traffic has matched none of the FortiGate policy routes.
- B. Matched traffic failed RPF and was caught by the rule.
- C. The FIB lookup resolved interface was the SD-WAN interface.
- D. An absolute SD-WAN rule was defined and matched traffic.

**Answer: AC**

**NEW QUESTION 33**

The SD-WAN overlay template helps to prepare SD-WAN deployments. To complete the tasks performed by the SD-WAN overlay template, the administrator must perform some post-run tasks. What are three mandatory post-run tasks that must be performed? (Choose three.)

- A. Create policy packages for branch devices.
- B. Assign an sdwan\_id metadata variable to each device (branch and hub).
- C. Configure routing through overlay tunnels created by the SD-WAN overlay template.
- D. Assign a branch\_id metadata variable to each branch device.
- E. Configure SD-WAN rules.

**Answer: ABC**

**NEW QUESTION 36**

Which two statements describe how IPsec phase 1 main mode id different from aggressive mode when performing IKE negotiation? (Choose two.)

- A. A peer ID is included in the first packet from the initiator, along with suggested security policies.
- B. XAuth is enabled as an additional level of authentication, which requires a username and password.
- C. Three packets are exchanged between an initiator and a responder instead of six packets.
- D. The use of Diffie Hellman keys is limited by the responder and needs initiator acceptance.

**Answer: AC**

**NEW QUESTION 41**

Refer to the exhibits. Exhibit A -

Exhibit B -

```
branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan member | grep port
Member(1): interface: port1, flags=0x0 , gateway: 192.2.0.2, priority: 0 1024, weight: 0
Member(2): interface: port2, flags=0x0 , gateway: 192.2.0.10, priority: 0 1024, weight: 0

branch1_fgt # get router info routing-table all | grep port
S* 0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 192.2.0.2, port1
   [1/0] via 192.2.0.10, port2
S 8.8.8.8/32 [10/0] via 192.2.0.11, port2
C 10.0.1.0/24 is directly connected, port5
S 172.16.0.0/16 [10/0] via 172.16.0.2, port4
C 172.16.0.0/29 is directly connected, port4
C 192.2.0.0/29 is directly connected, port1
C 192.2.0.8/29 is directly connected, port2
C 192.168.0.0/24 is directly connected, port10

branch1_fgt # diagnose sys sdwan health-check status Level3_DNS
Health Check(Level3_DNS):
Seq(1 port1): state(alive), packet-loss(0.000%) latency(1.919), jitter(0.137), bandwidth-
up(10238), bandwidth-dw(10238), bandwidth-bi(20476) sla_map=0x0
Seq(2 port2): state(alive), packet-loss(0.000%) latency(1.509), jitter(0.101), bandwidth-
up(10238), bandwidth-dw(10238), bandwidth-bi(20476) sla_map=0x0
```

Exhibit A shows the SD-WAN performance SLA and exhibit B shows the SD-WAN member status, the routing table, and the performance SLA status. If port2 is detected dead by FortiGate, what is the expected behavior?

- A. Port2 becomes alive after three successful probes are detected.
- B. FortiGate removes all static routes for port2.
- C. The administrator manually restores the static routes for port2, if port2 becomes alive.
- D. Host 8.8.8.8 is reachable through port1 and port2.

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

This is due to Update static route is enable which removes the static route entry referencing the interface if the interface is dead

**NEW QUESTION 45**

Which CLI command do you use to perform real-time troubleshooting for ADVPN negotiation?

- A. get router info routing-table all
- B. diagnose debug application ike
- C. diagnose vpn tunnel list
- D. get ipsec tunnel list

**Answer: B**

**Explanation:**

IKE real-time debug - useful when debugging ADVPN shortcut messages and spoke-to- spoke negotiations.

- diagnose debug console timestamp enable
- diagnose vpn ike log filter clear
- diagnose vpn ike log filter mdst-addr4 <ip.of.hub> <ip.of.spoke>
- diagnose debug application ike -1
- diagnose debug enable

**NEW QUESTION 46**

What are two benefits of choosing packet duplication over FEC for data loss correction on noisy links? (Choose two.)

- A. Packet duplication can leverage multiple IPsec overlays for sending additional data.
- B. Packet duplication does not require a route to the destination.
- C. Packet duplication supports hardware offloading.
- D. Packet duplication uses smaller parity packets which results in less bandwidth consumption.

**Answer:** AC

**NEW QUESTION 49**

Which two interfaces are considered overlay links? (Choose two.)

- A. LAG
- B. IPsec
- C. Physical
- D. GRE

**Answer:** BD

**NEW QUESTION 50**

Which two statements reflect the benefits of implementing the ADVPN solution to replace conventional VPN topologies? (Choose two.)

- A. It creates redundant tunnels between hub-and-spokes, in case failure takes place on the primary links.
- B. It dynamically assigns cost and weight between the hub and the spokes, based on the physical distance.
- C. It ensures that spoke-to-spoke traffic no longer needs to flow through the tunnels through the hub.
- D. It provides direct connectivity between all sites by creating on-demand tunnels between spokes.

**Answer:** CD

**NEW QUESTION 54**

.....

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