



Microsoft

Exam Questions DP-300

Administering Relational Databases on Microsoft Azure (beta)

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NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 account named account1 that stores logs as shown in the following table.

Type	Designated retention period
Application	360 days
Infrastructure	60 days

You do not expect that the logs will be accessed during the retention periods.

You need to recommend a solution for account1 that meets the following requirements:

- > Automatically deletes the logs at the end of each retention period
- > Minimizes storage costs

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE:Each correct selection is worth one point.

To minimize storage costs:

▼

Store the infrastructure logs and the application logs in the Archive access tier.

Store the infrastructure logs and the application logs in the Cool access tier.

Store the infrastructure logs in the Cool access tier and the application logs in the Archive access tier.

To delete the logs automatically:

▼

Azure Data Factory pipelines

Azure Blob storage lifecycle management rules

Immutable Azure Blob storage time-based retention policies

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

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Box 1: Store the infrastructure logs in the Cool access tier the application logs in the Archive access tier Hot - Optimized for storing data that is accessed frequently.

Cool - Optimized for storing data that is infrequently accessed and stored for at least 30 days.

Archive - Optimized for storing data that is rarely accessed and stored for at least 180 days with flexible latency requirements, on the order of hours.

Box 2: Azure Blob storage lifecycle management rules

Blob storage lifecycle management offers a rich, rule-based policy that you can use to transition your data to the best access tier and to expire data at the end of its lifecycle.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers>

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have a new Azure SQL database. The database contains a column that stores confidential information. You need to track each time values from the column are returned in a query. The tracking information must be stored for 365 days from the date the query was executed.

Which three actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE:Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Turn on auditing and write audit logs to an Azure Storage account.
- B. Add extended properties to the column.
- C. Turn on Advanced Data Security for the Azure SQL server.
- D. Apply sensitivity labels named Highly Confidential to the column.
- E. Turn on Azure Advanced Threat Protection (ATP).

Answer: ACD

Explanation:

C: Advanced Data Security (ADS) is a unified package for advanced SQL security capabilities. ADS is available for Azure SQL Database, Azure SQL Managed Instance, and Azure Synapse Analytics. It includes functionality for discovering and classifying sensitive data

D: You can apply sensitivity-classification labels persistently to columns by using new metadata attributes that have been added to the SQL Server database engine. This metadata can then be used for advanced, sensitivity-based auditing and protection scenarios.

A: An important aspect of the information-protection paradigm is the ability to monitor access to sensitive data. Azure SQL Auditing has been enhanced to include a new field in the audit log called data_sensitivity_information. This field logs the sensitivity classifications (labels) of the data that was returned by a query. Here's an example:

d	client_ip	application_name	duration_milliseconds	response_rows	affected_rows	connection_id	data_sensitivity_information
	7.125	Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio - Query	1	847	847	C244A066-2271-...	Confidential - GDPR
	7.125	Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio - Query	2	32	32	C244A066-2271-...	Confidential
	7.125	Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio - Query	41	32	32	A7088FD4-759E-...	Confidential, Confidential - GDPR

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/data-discovery-and-classification-overview>

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that uses a domain named contoso.com.

You have two Azure VMs named DBServer1 and DBServer2. Each of them hosts a default SQL Server instance. DBServer1 is in the East US Azure region and contains a database named DatabaseA. DBServer2 is in the West US Azure region.

DBServer1 has a high volume of data changes and low latency requirements for data writes.

You need to configure a new availability group for DatabaseA. The secondary replica will reside on DBServer2.

What should you do?

- A. Configure the primary endpoint as TCP://DBServer1.contoso.com:445, configure the secondary endpoint as TCP://DBServer2.contoso.com:445, and set the availability mode to Asynchronous.
- B. Configure the primary endpoint as TCP://DBServer1.contoso.com:445, configure the secondary endpoint as TCP://DBServer2.contoso.com:445, and set the availability mode to Synchronous.
- C. Configure the primary endpoint as TCP://DBServer1.contoso.com:5022, configure the secondary endpoint as TCP://DBServer2.contoso.com:5022, and set the availability mode to Asynchronous.
- D. Configure the primary endpoint as TCP://DBServer1.contoso.com:5022, configure the secondary endpoint as TCP://DBServer2.contoso.com:5022, and set the availability mode to Synchronous.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/database-engine/availability-groups/windows/availability-modes-always-on>

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises Microsoft SQL Server 2019 instance that hosts a database named DB1.

You plan to perform an online migration of DB1 to an Azure SQL managed instance by using the Azure Database Migration Service.

You need to create a backup of DB1 that is accessible to the Azure Database Migration Service.

What should you run for the backup and where should you store the backup? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Run:

A full backup and a log backup appended to the same file by using the WITH CHECKSUM option

A full backup and a log backup to separate files by using the WITH CHECKSUM option

A full backup and a log backup to separate files by using the WITH FILE_SNAPSHOT option

Store the backup in:

A Recovery Services vault

An Azure Blob storage account

An SMB file share

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

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Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/dms/tutorial-sql-server-managed-instance-online>

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Synapse Analytics dedicated SQL pool that contains a table named Table1. You have files that are ingested and loaded into an Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 container named container1.

You plan to insert data from the files into Table1 and transform the data. Each row of data in the files will produce one row in the serving layer of Table1.

You need to ensure that when the source data files are loaded to container1, the DateTime is stored as an additional column in Table1.

Solution: You use a dedicated SQL pool to create an external table that has an additional DateTime column. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Instead use a serverless SQL pool to create an external table with the extra column.

Note: In dedicated SQL pools you can only use Parquet native external tables. Native external tables are generally available in serverless SQL pools.

Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/synapse-analytics/sql/create-use-external-tables>

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company analyzes images from security cameras and sends alerts to security teams that respond to unusual activity. The solution uses Azure Databricks. You need to send Apache Spark level events, Spark Structured Streaming metrics, and application metrics to Azure Monitor.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions in the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions	Answer Area
Deploy Grafana to an Azure virtual machine.	
Build a <code>spark-listeners-loganalytics-1.0-SNAPSHOT.jar</code> JAR file.	
Create Dropwizard counters in the application code.	⬅️
Create a data source in Azure Monitor.	➡️
Configure the Databricks cluster to use the Databricks monitoring library.	⬆️ ⬇️

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated with medium confidence
 Send application metrics using Dropwizard.
 Spark uses a configurable metrics system based on the Dropwizard Metrics Library.
 To send application metrics from Azure Databricks application code to Azure Monitor, follow these steps: Step 1: Configure your Azure Databricks cluster to use the Databricksmonitoring library.
 Prerequisite: Configure your Azure Databricks cluster to use the monitoring library. Step 2: Build the `spark-listeners-loganalytics-1.0-SNAPSHOT.jar` JAR file
 Step 3: Create Dropwizard gauges or counters in your application code

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription. You need to deploy an Azure SQL database. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Dynamically scale CPU resources.
- Ensure that the database can be paused to reduce costs. What should you use?

- A. the Business Critical service tier
- B. the serverless compute tier
- C. an elastic pool
- D. the General Purpose service tier

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that is linked to an Azure AD tenant named contoso.com. The subscription contains an Azure SQL database named SQL 1 and an Azure web named app1. App1 has the managed identity feature enabled. You need to create a new database user for app1.

How should you complete the Transact-SQL statement? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

CREATE USER FROM

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/app-service/tutorial-connect-msi-sql-database?tabs=windowsclient%2Ce>

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Data Lake Storage account that contains a staging zone.

You need to design a daily process to ingest incremental data from the staging zone, transform the data by executing an R script, and then insert the transformed data into a data warehouse in Azure Synapse Analytics.

Solution: You schedule an Azure Databricks job that executes an R notebook, and then inserts the data into the data warehouse.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Must use an Azure Data Factory, not an Azure Databricks job. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-US/azure/data-factory/transform-data>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL database named DB 1 in the General Purpose service tier. You need to monitor DB 1 by using SQL Insights.

What should you include in the solution? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

To collect monitoring data, use:

- A virtual machine
- An Azure function
- The Azure Monitor agent

To store monitoring data, create:

- A Log Analytics workspace
- An Azure SQL database
- An Azure Storage account

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1 = Azure Monitor Agent Box 2 = An Azure SQL database

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/sql-database-paas-overview?view=azuresql>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing an anomaly detection solution for streaming data from an Azure IoT hub. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Send the output to an Azure Synapse.
- > Identify spikes and dips in time series data.
- > Minimize development and configuration effort.

Which should you include in the solution?

- A. Azure SQL Database
- B. Azure Databricks
- C. Azure Stream Analytics

Answer: C

Explanation:

Anomalies can be identified by routing data via IoT Hub to a built-in ML model in Azure Stream Analytics Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/learn/modules/data-anomaly-detection-using-azure-iot-hub/> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/stream-analytics/azure-synapse-analytics-output>

NEW QUESTION 13

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises Microsoft SQL Server 2016 server named Server1 that contains a database named DB1.

You need to perform an online migration of DB1 to an Azure SQL Database managed instance by using Azure Database Migration Service.

How should you configure the backup of DB1? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE:Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Backup type: ▼
 Full and log backups only
 Full backup only
 Log backup only

Backup option: ▼
 WITH CHECKSUM
 WITH NOINIT
 WITH UNLOAD

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Full and log backups only

Make sure to take every backup on a separate backup media (backup files). Azure Database Migration Service doesn't support backups that are appended to a single backup file. Take full backup and log backups to separate backup files.

Box 2: WITH CHECKSUM

Azure Database Migration Service uses the backup and restore method to migrate your on-premises databases to SQL Managed Instance. Azure Database Migration Service only supports backups created using checksum.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/dms/known-issues-azure-sql-db-managed-instance-online>

NEW QUESTION 16

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a dimension table in an Azure Synapse Analytics dedicated SQL pool.

You need to create a surrogate key for the table. The solution must provide the fastest query performance. What should you use for the surrogate key?

- A. an IDENTITY column
- B. a GUID column
- C. a sequence object

Answer: A

Explanation:

Dedicated SQL pool supports many, but not all, of the table features offered by other databases. Surrogate keys are not supported. Implement it with an Identity column.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/synapse-analytics/sql-data-warehouse/sql-data-warehouse-tablesoverview>

NEW QUESTION 17

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL database named D61.

You need to identify how much unused space in megabytes was allocated to DB1.

How should you complete the Transact-SQL query? To answer select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

```
SELECT SUM(size/ 128.0 - CAST(FILEPROPERTY(name, 'Spaceused') AS int)/128.0) AS DatabaseDataSpaceAllocatedUnusedInMB
FROM sys.databases
GROUP BY sys.database_files
HAVING t sys.dm_db_resource_stats
```

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

```
SELECT SUM(size/128.0 - CAST(FILEPROPERTY(name, 'SpaceUsed') AS int)/128.0) AS DatabaseDataSpaceAllocatedUnusedInMB
FROM sys.databases
FROM sys.database_files
GROUP BY sys.resource_stats
HAVING t sys.dm_db_resource_stats
```

NEW QUESTION 20

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL database named db1 on a server named server1.

The Intelligent Insights diagnostics log identifies that several tables are missing indexes. You need to ensure that indexes are created for the tables. What should you do?

- A. Run the DBCC SQLPERF command.
- B. Run the dbcc dbreindex command.
- C. Modify the automatic tuning settings for db1.
- D. Modify the Query Store settings for db1.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/automatic-tuning-overview>

NEW QUESTION 21

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 container.

Data is ingested into the container, and then transformed by a data integration application. The data is NOT modified after that. Users can read files in the container but cannot modify the files.

You need to design a data archiving solution that meets the following requirements:

- > New data is accessed frequently and must be available as quickly as possible.
- > Data that is older than five years is accessed infrequently but must be available within one second when requested.
- > Data that is older than seven years is NOT accessed. After seven years, the data must be persisted at the lowest cost possible.
- > Costs must be minimized while maintaining the required availability.

How should you manage the data? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Five-year-old data:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Delete the blob.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Move to archive storage.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Move to cool storage.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Move to hot storage.

Seven-year-old data:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Delete the blob.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Move to archive storage.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Move to cool storage.
<input type="checkbox"/>	Move to hot storage.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Text, table Description automatically generated

Box 1: Move to cool storage

The cool access tier has lower storage costs and higher access costs compared to hot storage. This tier is intended for data that will remain in the cool tier for at least 30 days. Example usage scenarios for the cool access tier include:

Short-term backup and disaster recovery

Older data not used frequently but expected to be available immediately when accessed

Large data sets that need to be stored cost effectively, while more data is being gathered for future processing Note: Hot - Optimized for storing data that is accessed frequently.

Cool - Optimized for storing data that is infrequently accessed and stored for at least 30 days.

Archive - Optimized for storing data that is rarely accessed and stored for at least 180 days with flexible latency requirements, on the order of hours.

Box 2: Move to archive storage

Example usage scenarios for the archive access tier include: Long-term backup, secondary backup, and archival datasets

Original (raw) data that must be preserved, even after it has been processed into final usable form Compliance and archival data that needs to be stored for a long time and is hardly ever accessed Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-storage-tiers>

NEW QUESTION 22

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are monitoring an Azure Stream Analytics job.

You discover that the Backlogged input Events metric is increasing slowly and is consistently non-zero. You need to ensure that the job can handle all the events. What should you do?

- A. Remove any named consumer groups from the connection and use \$default.
- B. Change the compatibility level of the Stream Analytics job.
- C. Create an additional output stream for the existing input stream.
- D. Increase the number of streaming units (SUs).

Answer: D

Explanation:

Backlogged Input Events: Number of input events that are backlogged. A non-zero value for this metric implies that your job isn't able to keep up with the number of incoming events. If this value is slowly increasing or consistently non-zero, you should scale out your job, by increasing the SUs.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/stream-analytics/stream-analytics-monitoring>

NEW QUESTION 26

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to migrate on-premises Microsoft SQL Server databases to Azure.

You need to identify which deployment and resiliency options meet the following requirements:

- > Support user-initiated backups.
- > Support multiple automatically replicated instances across Azure regions.
- > Minimize administrative effort to implement and maintain business continuity. What should you identify? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE:Each correct selection is worth one point.

Deployment option:

	▼
Azure SQL Managed Instance	
SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines	
An Azure SQL Database single database	

Resiliency option:

	▼
Auto-failover group	
Active geo-replication	
Zone-redundant deployment	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: SQL Server on Azure VMs

SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines can take advantage of Automated Backup, which regularly creates backups of your database to blob storage. You can also manually use this technique.

Box 2: Active geo-replication

Geo-replication for services such as Azure SQL Database and Cosmos DB will create secondary replicas of your data across multiple regions. While both services will automatically replicate data within the same region, geo-replication protects you against a regional outage by enabling you to fail over to a secondary region.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/virtual-machines/windows/sql-server-on-azure-vm-iaas-what-i> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/architecture/cloud-native/infrastructure-resiliency-azure>

NEW QUESTION 30

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains an instance of SQL Server on an Azure virtual machine named SQLVM1 and a user named User1. SQLVM1 hosts a database named DB1.

You need to ensure that User1 can create a scheduled task to perform a full backup of DB1. The solution must use the principle of least privilege.

Which built-in database role should you assign to User1?

- A. SQLAgentReaderRole
- B. db.owner
- C. SQLAgentOperatorRole

D. SQLAgentUserRole

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 35

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have SQL Server on an Azure virtual machine that contains a database named DB1. DB1 is 30 TB and has a 1-GB daily rate of change.

You back up the database by using a Microsoft SQL Server Agent job that runs Transact-SQL commands. You perform a weekly full backup on Sunday, daily differential backups at 01:00, and transaction log backups every five minutes.

The database fails on Wednesday at 10:00.

Which three backups should you restore in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate backups from the list of backups to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

Answer Area

Monday, Tuesday, and then Wednesday differential backups

Wednesday, Tuesday, and then Monday log backups

full backup

Monday, Tuesday, and then Wednesday log backups

Wednesday, Tuesday, and then Monday differential backups

Wednesday log backups

Wednesday differential backup



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Actions

Answer Area

Monday, Tuesday, and then Wednesday differential backups

Wednesday, Tuesday, and then Monday log backups

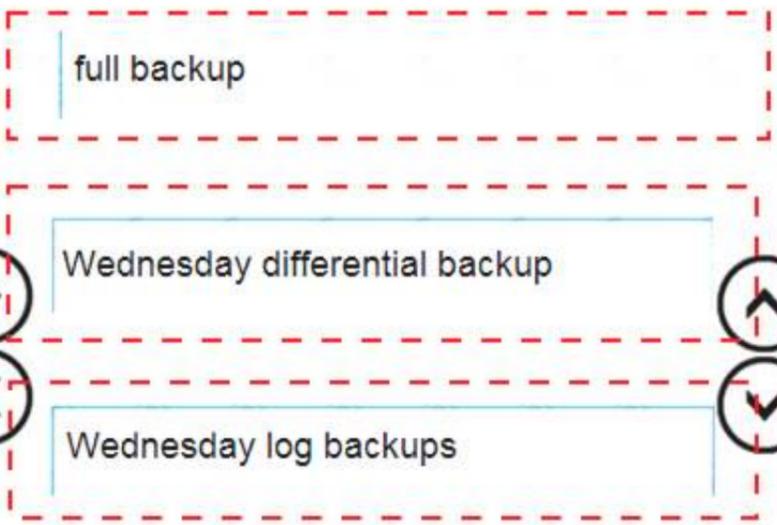
full backup

Monday, Tuesday, and then Wednesday log backups

Wednesday, Tuesday, and then Monday differential backups

Wednesday log backups

Wednesday differential backup



NEW QUESTION 36

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are building a database in an Azure Synapse Analytics serverless SQL pool. You have data stored in Parquet files in an Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2

container. Records are structured as shown in the following sample.

```
{
  "id":123,
  "address_housenumber": "19c",
  "address_line1": "Memory Lane",
  "applicant1_name": "Jane",
  "applicant2_name": "Dev"
}
```

The records contain two applicants at most.

You need to build a table that includes only the address fields.

How should you complete the Transact-SQL statement? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE:Each correct selection is worth one point.

▼ applications

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE

CREATE TABLE

CREATE VIEW

```
WITH (
  LOCATION = 'applications/',
  DATA_SOURCE = applications_ds,
  FILE_FORMAT = applications_file_format
)
AS
SELECT id, [address_housenumber] as addressnumber, [address_line1]
as addressline1
FROM
  (BULK 'https://contoso1.dfs.core.windows.net/
  applications/year=*/*.parquet',
  FORMAT = 'PARQUET') AS [r]
GO
```

CROSS APPLY

OPENJSON

OPENROWSET

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE

An external table points to data located in Hadoop, Azure Storage blob, or Azure Data Lake Storage. External tables are used to read data from files or write data to files in Azure Storage. With Synapse SQL, you can use external tables to read external data using dedicated SQL pool or serverless SQL pool.

Syntax:

CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE { database_name.schema_name.table_name | schema_name.table_name | table_name }

(<column_definition> [,...n]) WITH (

LOCATION = 'folder_or_filepath', DATA_SOURCE = external_data_source_name, FILE_FORMAT = external_file_format_name

Box 2. OPENROWSET

When using serverless SQL pool, CETAS is used to create an external table and export query results to Azure Storage Blob or Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2.

Example: AS

SELECT decennialTime, stateName, SUM(population) AS population FROM

OPENROWSET(BULK

'https://azureopendatastorage.blob.core.windows.net/censusdatacontainer/release/us_population_county/year=*/

FORMAT='PARQUET') AS [r]

GROUP BY decennialTime, stateName GO

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/synapse-analytics/sql/develop-tables-external-tables>

NEW QUESTION 37

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to trigger an Azure Data Factory pipeline when a file arrives in an Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 container.

Which resource provider should you enable?

- A. Microsoft.EventHub
- B. Microsoft.EventGrid
- C. Microsoft.Sql
- D. Microsoft.Automation

Answer: B

Explanation:

Event-driven architecture (EDA) is a common data integration pattern that involves production, detection, consumption, and reaction to events. Data integration scenarios often require Data Factory customers to trigger pipelines based on events happening in storage account, such as the arrival or deletion of a file in Azure Blob Storage account. Data Factory natively integrates with Azure Event Grid, which lets you trigger pipelines on such events.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/how-to-create-event-trigger>

NEW QUESTION 39

- (Exam Topic 5)

You manage 100 Azure SQL managed instances located across 10 Azure regions.

You need to receive voice message notifications when a maintenance event affects any of the 10 regions. The solution must minimize administrative effort.

What should you do?

- A. From the Azure portal, create a service health alert.
- B. From the Azure portal, create an Azure Advisor operational excellence alert.
- C. From Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS), configure a SQL Server agent job.
- D. From the Azure portal, configure an activity log alert.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 41

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have the following Transact-SQL query.

```
SELECT
    [file_id] AS [File ID],
    [type] AS [File Type],
    substring([physical_name], 1,1) AS [Drive],
    [name] AS [Logical Name],
    [physical_name] AS [Physical Name],
    CAST([size] as DECIMAL(38,0))/128.0 AS [ColumnA],
    CAST(FILEPROPERTY([name], 'SpaceUsed') AS DECIMAL(38,0))/128.0 AS
[ColumnB],
    (CAST([size] AS DECIMAL(38,0))/128.0) - (CAST(FILEPROPERTY([name],
'SpaceUsed') AS DECIMAL (38,0))/128.0) AS [ColumnC],
    [max_size] AS [ColumnD],
    [is_percent_growth] AS [Percent Growth Enabled],
    [growth] AS [Growth Rate],
    SYSDATETIME() AS [Current Date]
FROM sys.database_files;
```

Which column returned by the query represents the free space in each file?

- A. ColumnA
- B. ColumnB
- C. ColumnC
- D. ColumnD

Answer: C

Explanation:

Example:

Free space for the file in the below query result set will be returned by the FreeSpaceMB column. SELECT DB_NAME() AS DbName,

name AS FileName,

type_desc,

size/128.0 AS CurrentSizeMB,

size/128.0 - CAST(FILEPROPERTY(name, 'SpaceUsed') AS INT)/128.0 AS FreeSpaceMB FROM sys.database_files

WHERE type IN (0,1);

Reference:

<https://www.sqlshack.com/how-to-determine-free-space-and-file-size-for-sql-server-databases/>

NEW QUESTION 44

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have a data warehouse in Azure Synapse Analytics.

You need to ensure that the data in the data warehouse is encrypted at rest. What should you enable?

- A. Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)
- B. Advanced Data Security for this database
- C. Always Encrypted for all columns
- D. Secure transfer required

Answer: A

Explanation:

Transparent data encryption (TDE) helps protect Azure SQL Database, Azure SQL Managed Instance, and Azure Synapse Analytics against the threat of malicious offline activity by encrypting data at rest. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/transparent-data-encryption-tde-overview>

NEW QUESTION 49

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have a new Azure SQL database named DB1 on an Azure SQL server named AzSQL1. The only user who was created is the server administrator. You need to create a contained database user in DB1 who will use Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) for authentication.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions	Answer Area
Connect to DB1 by using the Active Directory admin account.	
Create a user by using the FROM EXTERNAL PROVIDER clause.	
Connect to DB1 by using the server administrator account.	➤
Set the Active Directory Admin for AzSQL1.	⬅
From the Azure portal, assign the SQL DB Contributor role to the user.	
Create a login in the master database.	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Step 1: Set up the Active Directory Admin for AzSQL1. Step 2: Connect to DB1 by using the server administrator. Sign into your managed instance with an Azure AD login granted with the sysadmin role. Step 3: Create a user by using the FROM EXTERNAL PROVIDER clause. FROM EXTERNAL PROVIDER is available for creating server-level Azure AD logins in SQL Database managed instance. Azure AD logins allow database-level Azure AD principals to be mapped to server-level Azure AD logins. To create an Azure AD user from an Azure AD login use the following syntax: CREATE USER [AAD_principal] FROM LOGIN [Azure AD login] Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/statements/create-user-transact-sql>

NEW QUESTION 54

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL managed instance. You need to restore a database named DB1 by using Transact-SQL. Which command should you run? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE:Each correct selection is worth one point.

RESTORE DB1 FROM

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Text Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION 58

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL database that contains a table named Customer. Customer has the columns shown in the following table.

Customer_ID	Customer_Name	Customer_Phone
11001	Contoso, Ltd.	555-555-0173
11002	Litware, Inc.	555-505-3124
11003	ADatum Corporation	555-689-4312

You plan to implement a dynamic data mask for the Customer_Phone column. The mask must meet the following requirements:

- The first six numerals of each customer's phone number must be masked.
-

The last four digits of each customer's phone number must be visible.

➤ Hyphens must be preserved and displayed.

How should you configure the dynamic data mask? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Exposed Prefix: ▼

0
1
3
5

Padding String: ▼

X
XXXXXX
XXX-XXX
XXX-XXX-
X[3]-X[3]

Exposed Suffix: ▼

0
1
3
5

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: 0
 Custom String : Masking method that exposes the first and last letters and adds a custom padding string in the middle. prefix,[padding],suffix
 Box 2: xxx-xxx
 Box 3: 5 Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/security/dynamic-data-masking>

NEW QUESTION 60

- (Exam Topic 5)
 You have SQL Server on an Azure virtual machine.
 You need to add a 4-TB volume that meets the following requirements:

- Maximizes IOPs
- Uses premium solid state drives (SSDs)

What should you do?

- A. Attach two mirrored 4-TB SSDs.
- B. Attach a stripe set that contains four 1-TB SSDs.
- C. Attach a RAID-5 array that contains five 1-TB SSDs.
- D. Attach a single 4-TB SSD.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/virtual-machines/windows/storage-configuration?tabs=window>

NEW QUESTION 62

- (Exam Topic 5)
 You have an Azure subscription that contains an Azure SQL managed instance named SQLMi1 and a SQL Agent job named Backupdb. Backupdb performs a daily backup of the databases hosted on SQLMi1.
 You need to be notified by email if the job fails.
 Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.
 NOTE:More than one order of answer choices is correct. You will receive credit for any of the correct orders you select.

Actions

- Create a SQL Server Agent alert.
- Create an operator.
- Create an extended event.
- Enable Database Mail.
- Add a failure notification to the job.

Answer Area



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Text Description automatically generated

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/managed-instance/job-automation-managed-instance>

NEW QUESTION 66

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an instance of SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines.

You need to ensure that a user named User1 can configure proxy accounts for SQL Server Agent jobs. The solution must use the principle of least privilege. Which role should you assign to User1?

- A. sysadmin
- B. SQLAgentUserRole
- C. SQLAgentReaderRole
- D. SQLAgentOperatorRole

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 68

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have An Azure SQL managed instance.

You need to configure the SQL Server Agent service to email job notifications. Which statement should you execute?

A)

```
EXECUTE msdb.dbo.sysmail_add_profile_sp @profile_name = 'sysadmin_dbmail_profile';
```

B)

```
EXECUTE msdb.dbo.sysmail_add_profile_sp @profile_name = 'application_dbmail_profile';
```

C)

```
EXECUTE msdb.dbo.sysmail_add_profile_sp @profile_name = 'AzureManagedInstance_dbmail_profile';
```

D)

```
EXECUTE msdb.dbo.sysmail_add_profile_sp @profile_name = 'sys_dbmail_profile';
```

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 71

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are provisioning an Azure SQL database in the Azure portal as shown in the following exhibit.

Gen5 - General Purpose (GP_5, Gen5_0)	
Cost per GB (in USD)	0.12
Max storage selected (in GB)	x 1040
ESTIMATED STORAGE COST / MONTH	119.60 USD
COMPUTE COST / VCORE / SECOND	0.000145 USD

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

After four hours of inactivity, the database requires [answer choice] to resume operations for new activities.

▼

no extra time

up to 10 minutes

up to one minute

The database configuration reduces the cost of [answer choice] usage patterns.

▼

intermittent and unpredictable

regular and high

steady and low

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated
 Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/serverless-tier-overview>

NEW QUESTION 73

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains two instances of SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines named VM1 and VM2. Both instances run Microsoft SQL Server 2019 CU8. You need to deploy a failover cluster instance (FCI) to VM1 and VM2. The solution must eliminate the need for the following:

- A distributed network name (DNN)
- A load balancer

- A. Deploy VM1 and VM2 to a single proximity placement group.
- B. Deploy VM1 and VM2 to different proximity placement groups in the same Azure region.
- C. Connect VM1 and VM2 to a single subnet.
- D. Connect VM1 and VM2 to different subnets on a single virtual network.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 78

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type
App1	Azure web app
db1	Azure SQL database in the serverless tier

App1 experiences transient connection errors and timeouts when it attempts to access db1 after extended periods of inactivity. You need to modify db1 to resolve the issues experienced by App1 as soon as possible, without considering immediate costs. What should you do?

- A. Increase the number Of vCores allocated to db1.
- B. Disable auto-pause delay for db1.
- C. Decrease the auto-pause delay for db1.
- D. Enable automatic tuning for db1.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 82

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have 10 Azure virtual machines that have SQL Server installed.

You need to implement a backup strategy to ensure that you can restore specific databases to other SQL Server instances. The solution must provide centralized management of the backups.

What should you include in the backup strategy?

- A. Automated Backup in the SQL virtual machine settings
- B. Azure Backup
- C. Azure Site Recovery
- D. SQL Server Agent jobs

Answer: B

Explanation:

Azure Backup provides an Enterprise class backup capability for SQL Server on Azure VMs. All backups are stored and managed in a Recovery Services vault. There are several advantages that this solution provides, especially for Enterprises.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/virtual-machines/windows/backup-restore#azbackup>

NEW QUESTION 87

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Data Lake Storage account that contains a staging zone.

You need to design a daily process to ingest incremental data from the staging zone, transform the data by executing an R script, and then insert the transformed data into a data warehouse in Azure Synapse Analytics.

Solution: You use an Azure Data Factory schedule trigger to execute a pipeline that copies the data to a staging table in the data warehouse, and then uses a stored procedure to execute the R script.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:

If you need to transform data in a way that is not supported by Data Factory, you can create a custom activity with your own data processing logic and use the activity in the pipeline. You can create a custom activity to run R scripts on your HDInsight cluster with R installed.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-US/azure/data-factory/transform-data>

NEW QUESTION 92

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have SQL Server 2019 on an Azure virtual machine that runs Windows Server 2019. The virtual machine has 4 vCPUs and 28 GB of memory.

You scale up the virtual machine to 8 vCPUs and 64 GB of memory.

You need to provide the lowest latency for tempdb.

What is the total number of data files that tempdb should contain?

- A. 2
- B. 4
- C. 8
- D. 64

Answer: C

Explanation:

The number of files depends on the number of (logical) processors on the machine. As a general rule, if the number of logical processors is less than or equal to eight, use the same number of data files as logical processors. If the number of logical processors is greater than eight, use eight data files and then if contention continues, increase the number of data files by multiples of 4 until the contention is reduced to acceptable levels or make changes to the workload/code.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/databases/tempdb-database>

NEW QUESTION 96

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL database.

You are reviewing a slow performing query as shown in the following exhibit.



Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
 NOTE:Each correct selection is worth one point.

The exhibit shows [answer choice].

- an actual execution plan
- an estimated execution plan
- Live Query Statistics

The [answer choice] operator in the execution plan indicates that the query would benefit from performance tuning.

- Index Seek
- Key Lookup
- Nested Loops

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/performance/live-query-statistics?view=sql-server-ver>

NEW QUESTION 99

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are building a database backup solution for a SQL Server database hosted on an Azure virtual machine. In the event of an Azure regional outage, you need to be able to restore the database backups. The solution must minimize costs.

Which type of storage accounts should you use for the backups?

- A. locally-redundant storage (LRS)
- B. read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)
- C. zone-redundant storage (ZRS)
- D. geo-redundant storage

Answer: B

Explanation:

Geo-redundant storage (with GRS or GZRS) replicates your data to another physical location in the secondary region to protect against regional outages. However, that data is available to be read only if the customer or Microsoft initiates a failover from the primary to secondary region. When you enable read access to the secondary region, your data is available to be read if the primary region becomes unavailable. For read access to the secondary region, enable read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS) or read-access geo-zone-redundant storage (RA-GZRS).

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-redundancy>

NEW QUESTION 101

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have a new Azure subscription.

You create an Azure SQL Database instance named DB1 on an Azure SQL Database server named Server1. You need to ensure that users can connect to DB1 in the event of an Azure regional outage. In the event of an outage, applications that connect to DB1 must be able to connect without having to update the connection strings.

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE:Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. From the properties of DB1. configure geo-replication.

- B. From the properties of Server1 add a failover group.
- C. Create a new Azure SQL Database server named Server2.
- D. From the properties of Server1 configure retention for DB1
- E. Create a new Azure SQL Database instance named DB2.

Answer: BC

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/auto-failover-group-overview?tabs=azure-powershell> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/failover-group-add-single-database-tutorial?tabs=azur>

NEW QUESTION 106

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have SQL Server on an Azure virtual machine that contains a database named DB1. DB1 contains a table named CustomerPII.

You need to record whenever users query the CustomerPII table.

Which two options should you enable? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. server audit specification
- B. SQL Server audit
- C. database audit specification
- D. a server principal

Answer: AC

Explanation:

An auditing policy can be defined for a specific database or as a default server policy in Azure (which hosts SQL Database or Azure Synapse):

- A server policy applies to all existing and newly created databases on the server.
- If server auditing is enabled, it always applies to the database. The database will be audited, regardless of the database auditing settings.
- Enabling auditing on the database, in addition to enabling it on the server, does not override or change any of the settings of the server auditing. Both audits will exist side by side.

Note:

The Server Audit Specification object belongs to an audit.

A Database Audit Specification defines which Audit Action Groups will be audited for the specific database in which the specification is created.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/auditing-overview>

NEW QUESTION 109

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a star schema for a dataset that contains records of online orders. Each record includes an order date, an order due date, and an order ship date.

You need to ensure that the design provides the fastest query times of the records when querying for arbitrary date ranges and aggregating by fiscal calendar attributes.

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Create a date dimension table that has a DateTime key.
- B. Create a date dimension table that has an integer key in the format of YYYYMMDD.
- C. Use built-in SQL functions to extract date attributes.
- D. Use integer columns for the date fields.
- E. Use DateTime columns for the date fields.

Answer: BD

Explanation:

Reference:

https://community.idera.com/database-tools/blog/b/community_blog/posts/why-use-a-date-dimension-table-ina

NEW QUESTION 112

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contain an Azure SQL managed instance named SQLMI1 and a Log Analytics workspace named Workspace1.

You need to collect performance metrics for SQLMI1 and stream the metrics to Workspace1.

- A. Create the private endpoint connection on SQLMI1.
- B. Configure Azure SQL Analytics to use Workspace1.
- C. Modify the Computer + storage settings for SQLMI1.
- D. Modify the diagnostic settings for SQLMI1.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 114

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription.

You plan to migrate 10 on-premises Microsoft SQL Server instances to Azure.

You need to ensure that the migrated environment can be managed by using multiserver administration and supports master/target (MSX/TSX) jobs. The solution must minimize administrative effort.

Which SQL deployment options should you select as the master server (MSX) and the target server (TSX)? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 121

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Stream Analytics job.

You need to ensure that the job has enough streaming units provisioned. You configure monitoring of the SU % Utilization metric.

Which two additional metrics should you monitor? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Late Input Events
- B. Out of order Events
- C. Backlogged Input Events
- D. Watermark Delay
- E. Function Events

Answer: CD

Explanation:

To react to increased workloads and increase streaming units, consider setting an alert of 80% on the SU Utilization metric. Also, you can use watermark delay and backlogged events metrics to see if there is an impact.

Note: Backlogged Input Events: Number of input events that are backlogged. A non-zero value for this metric implies that your job isn't able to keep up with the number of incoming events. If this value is slowly increasing or consistently non-zero, you should scale out your job, by increasing the SUs.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/stream-analytics/stream-analytics-monitoring>

NEW QUESTION 125

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL managed instance.

You need to enable SQL Agent Job email notifications. What should you do?

- A. Use the Agent XPs option.
- B. Enable the SQL Server Agent.
- C. Run the sp_configure command.
- D. Run the sp_set_agent_properties command.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 126

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Azure region
VM1	Azure virtual machine	West US 2
MI1	Azure SQL Managed Instance	East US

You need to configure a connection between VM1 and MI1. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- The connection must be encrypted.
- Network latency must be minimized. What should you implement?

- A. virtual network peering
- B. private endpoints
- C. service endpoints
- D. a site-to-site VPN

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 131

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have two Azure SQL Database servers named Server1 and Server2. Each server contains an Azure SQL database named Database1.

You need to restore Database1 from Server1 to Server2. The solution must replace the existing Database1 on Server2.

Solution: You run the Remove-AzSqlDatabase PowerShell cmdlet for Database1 on Server2. You run the Restore-AzSqlDatabase PowerShell cmdlet for Database1 on Server2.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Instead restore Database1 from Server1 to the Server2 by using the RESTORE Transact-SQL command and the REPLACE option.

Note: REPLACE should be used rarely and only after careful consideration. Restore normally prevents accidentally overwriting a database with a different database. If the database specified in a RESTORE statement already exists on the current server and the specified database family GUID differs from the database family GUID recorded in the backup set, the database is not restored. This is an important safeguard.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/statements/restore-statements-transact-sql>

NEW QUESTION 135

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises Microsoft SQL Server 2019 database named SQL1 that uses merge replication. You need to migrate SQL1 to Azure. Which service should you use?

- A. Azure SQL Edge
- B. Azure SQL Database
- C. SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines
- D. Azure SQL Managed instance

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 140

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL database named DB1 that contains two tables named Table1 and Table2. Both tables contain a column named a Column1. Column1 is used for joins by an application named App1.

You need to protect the contents of Column1 at rest, in transit, and in use.

How should you protect the contents of Column1? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Encryption key: ▼

Column encryption key
Database encryption key
Service master key

Encryption type: ▼

Deterministic
Randomized
Transparent Data Encryption (TDE)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Column encryption Key

Always Encrypted uses two types of keys: column encryption keys and column master keys. A column encryption key is used to encrypt data in an encrypted column. A column master key is a key-protecting key that encrypts one or more column encryption keys.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/security/encryption/always-encrypted-database-engine>

NEW QUESTION 144

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises Microsoft SQL server that uses the FileTables and FileStream features. You plan to migrate to Azure SQL. Which service should you use?

- A. Azure SQL Database
- B. SQL Server on an Azure Virtual Machine
- C. Azure SQL Managed Instance
- D. Azure Database for MySQL

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/migration-guides/database/sql-server-to-sql-database-overview>

NEW QUESTION 149

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a logical SQL server named Server1. The master database of Server1 contains a user named User1. You need to ensure that User1 can create databases on Server1. Which database role should you assign to User1?

- A. db_owner
- B. dbmanager

- C. dbo
- D. db_ddladmin

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 150

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL managed instance named MI1.

You need to implement automatic tuning for the databases of MI1. What should you do?

- A. Use the REST API to call the patch operation and modify the AutomaticTuningServerMode property.
- B. Use Transact-SQL to enable the force_last_good_plan option.
- C. From the Azure portal, configure automatic tuning.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 152

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have a SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines instance named VM1 . You run the following query.

```
BACKUP LOG DB1 TO DISK = '\\File1\SQLBackups\DB1.trn'
WITH NORECOVERY, COPY_ONLY, CONTINUE_AFTER_ERROR;
GO
```

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
The log file will be truncated.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
DB1 will be placed in an offline state.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You are performing a tail-log backup.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
The log file will be truncated.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
DB1 will be placed in an offline state.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
You are performing a tail-log backup.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

NEW QUESTION 155

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have SQL Server 2019 or an Azure virtual machine that runs Windows Server 2019. The virtual machine has 4 vCPUs and 28 GB of memory.

You scale up the virtual machine to 8 vCPUs and 64 GB of memory.

You need to reduce tempdb contention without negatively affecting server performance. What is the number of secondary data files that you should configure for tempdb?

- A. 2
- B. 4
- C. 8
- D. 64

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 160

- (Exam Topic 5)

You configure backups for an Azure SQL database as shown in the following exhibit.

Point-in-time-restore

Specify how long you want to keep your point-in-time backups. [Learn more](#)

How many days would you like PITR backups to be kept? ⓘ



Long-term retention

Specify how long you want to keep your long-term retention backups. You may choose to keep yearly backups for up to 10 years. [Learn more](#)

Weekly LTR Backups

Keep weekly backups for:

52 Week(s) [v]

Monthly LTR Backups

Keep the first backup of each month for:

60 Week(s) [v]

Yearly LTR Backups

Keep an annual backup for:

10 Year(s) [v]

Which weekly backup of the year would you like to keep?

Week 52 [v]

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

To restore from a failure that occurred two days ago and caused minimal data loss, you must use a [answer choice]

- point-time restore (PITR) backup.
- yearly long-term retention (LTR) backup.
- weekly long-term retention (LTR) backup.
- monthly long-term retention (LTR) backup.

After the 52nd weekly backup runs, there will be [answer choice] in long term retention.

- 1 backup copy
- 52 backup copies
- 64 backup copies
- 65 backup copies

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

To restore from a failure that occurred two days ago and caused minimal data loss, you must use a [answer choice]

- point-time restore (PITR) backup.
- yearly long-term retention (LTR) backup.
- weekly long-term retention (LTR) backup.
- monthly long-term retention (LTR) backup.

After the 52nd weekly backup runs, there will be [answer choice] in long term retention.

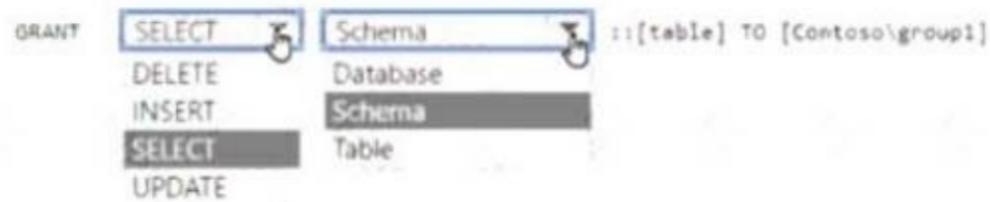
- 1 backup copy
- 52 backup copies
- 64 backup copies
- 65 backup copies

NEW QUESTION 162

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a group named Group1 and an Azure SQL managed instance that hosts a database named 081. You need to ensure that Group 1 has read access to new tables created in 061. The solution must use the principle of least privilege. How should you complete the Transact-SQL statement? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

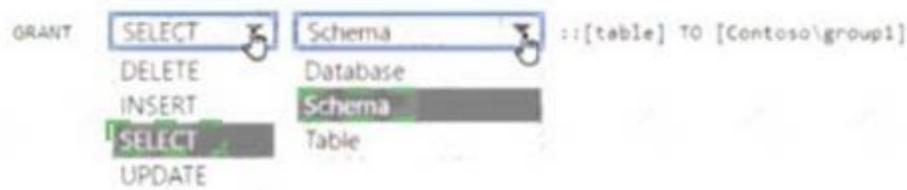


- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area



NEW QUESTION 165

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL database. The database contains a table that uses a columnstore index and is accessed infrequently.

You enable columnstore archival compression.

What are two possible results of the configuration? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Queries that use the index will consume more disk I/O.
- B. Queries that use the index will retrieve fewer data pages.
- C. The index will consume more disk space.
- D. The index will consume more memory.
- E. Queries that use the index will consume more CPU resources.

Answer: BE

Explanation:

For rowstore tables and indexes, use the data compression feature to help reduce the size of the database. In addition to saving space, data compression can help improve performance of I/O intensive workloads because the data is stored in fewer pages and queries need to read fewer pages from disk.

Use columnstore archival compression to further reduce the data size for situations when you can afford extra time and CPU resources to store and retrieve the data.

NEW QUESTION 167

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL database.

You need to implement a disaster recovery solution that meets the following requirements:

- Minimizes how long it takes to recover the database if a datacenter fails
- Minimizes administrative effort

What should you include in the solution?

- A. Azure Backup
- B. active geo-replication
- C. Azure Site Recovery
- D. auto-failover groups

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 170

- (Exam Topic 5)

You manage an enterprise data warehouse in Azure Synapse Analytics.

Users report slow performance when they run commonly used queries. Users do not report performance changes for infrequently used queries.

You need to monitor resource utilization to determine the source of the performance issues. Which metric should you monitor?

- A. Local tempdb percentage
- B. DWU percentage
- C. Data Warehouse Units (DWU) used
- D. Cache hit percentage

Answer: A

Explanation:

Tempdb is used to hold intermediate results during query execution. High utilization of the tempdb database can lead to slow query performance.

Note: If you have a query that is consuming a large amount of memory or have received an error message related to allocation of tempdb, it could be due to a very large CREATE TABLE AS SELECT (CTAS) or INSERT SELECT statement running that is failing in the final data movement operation.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/synapse-analytics/sql-data-warehouse/sql-data-warehouse-managemonit>

NEW QUESTION 174

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Configuration
DB1	Azure SQL Database	Hyperscale service tier No secondary replicas
App1	Azure Web Apps	App1 has read-only access to DB1. There are multiple instances of App1.

You need to create a read-only replica of DB1 and configure the App1 instances to use the replica. What should you do? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

To add read-only replicas of DB1:

▼

Create a replica on the same logical server.
 Create a new logical server and configure geo-replication.
 Create a new logical server and configure an auto-failover group.

To configure App1 instances to access the read-only replica:

▼

Add an ApplicationIntent entry to the connection string.
 Add a MultiSubnetFailover entry to the App1 connection string.
 Create a dedicated endpoint and configure the App1 connection string to point to the endpoint.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Text Description automatically generated

Reference:

<https://sqlserverguides.com/read-only-replica-azure-sql/>

NEW QUESTION 179

- (Exam Topic 5)

A data engineer creates a table to store employee information for a new application. All employee names are in the US English alphabet. All addresses are locations in the United States. The data engineer uses the following statement to create the table.

```
CREATE TABLE dbo.Employee
(
    EmployeeID INT IDENTITY(1,1) PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED NOT NULL,
    FirstName VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
    LastName VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
    Title VARCHAR(100) NULL,
    LastHireDate DATETIME NULL,
    StreetAddress1 VARCHAR(500) NOT NULL,
    StreetAddress2 VARCHAR(500) NOT NULL,
    StreetAddress3 VARCHAR(500) NOT NULL,
    City VARCHAR(200) NOT NULL,
    StateName VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
    Salary VARCHAR(20) NULL,
    PhoneNumber VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL
)
```

You need to recommend changes to the data types to reduce storage and improve performance.

Which two actions should you recommend? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. ChangeSalaryto themoneydata type.
- B. ChangePhoneNumbertothefloatdata type.
- C. ChangeLastHireDateto thedatetime2(7)data type.
- D. ChangePhoneNumbertothebigintdata type.
- E. ChangeLastHireDateto thedatedata type.

Answer: AE

NEW QUESTION 180

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy an app that includes an Azure SQL database and an Azure web app. The app has the following requirements:

- The web app must be hosted on an Azure virtual network.
- The Azure SQL database must be assigned a private IP address.
- The Azure SQL database must allow connections only from the virtual network. You need to recommend a solution that meets the requirements. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Private Link
- B. a network security group (NSG)
- C. a database-level firewall
- D. a server-level firewall

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/private-endpoint-overview>

NEW QUESTION 185

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing an enterprise data warehouse in Azure Synapse Analytics that will store website traffic analytics in a star schema.

You plan to have a fact table for website visits. The table will be approximately 5 GB.

You need to recommend which distribution type and index type to use for the table. The solution must provide the fastest query performance.

What should you recommend? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE:Each correct selection is worth one point.

Distribution: ▼

- Hash
- Round robin
- Replicated

Index: ▼

- Clustered columnstore
- Clustered
- Nonclustered

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, table, chat or text message Description automatically generated

Box 1: Hash

Consider using a hash-distributed table when: The table size on disk is more than 2 GB.

The table has frequent insert, update, and delete operations. Box 2: Clustered columnstore

Clustered columnstore tables offer both the highest level of data compression and the best overall query performance.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/synapse-analytics/sql-data-warehouse/sql-data-warehouse-tables-distribu> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/synapse-analytics/sql-data-warehouse/sql-data-warehouse-tables-index>

NEW QUESTION 190

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL database named DB1. DB1 has a table named Table1 that contains the following columns.

Name	Type
Column1	Ntext
Column2	Geometry
Column3	Image
Column4	Varchar
Column5	Datetime2

You plan to enable Always Encrypted for Table1.

Which two columns support encryption? Each correct answer presents a complete solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point

- A. Column1
- B. Column2
- C. Column3
- D. Column4
- E. Column5

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 193

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Synapse Analytics dedicated SQL pool named Pool1 and a database named DB1. DB1 contains a fact table named Table. You need to identify the extent of the data skew in Table1. What should you do in Synapse Studio?

- A. Connect to Pool1 and query sys.dm_pdw_nodes_db_partition_stats.
- B. Connect to the built-in pool and run DBCC CHECKALLOC.
- C. Connect to Pool1 and run DBCC CHECKALLOC.
- D. Connect to the built-in pool and query sys.dm_pdw_nodes_db_partition_stats.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Use sys.dm_pdw_nodes_db_partition_stats to analyze any skewness in the data. Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/synapse-analytics/sql-data-warehouse/cheat-sheet>

NEW QUESTION 197

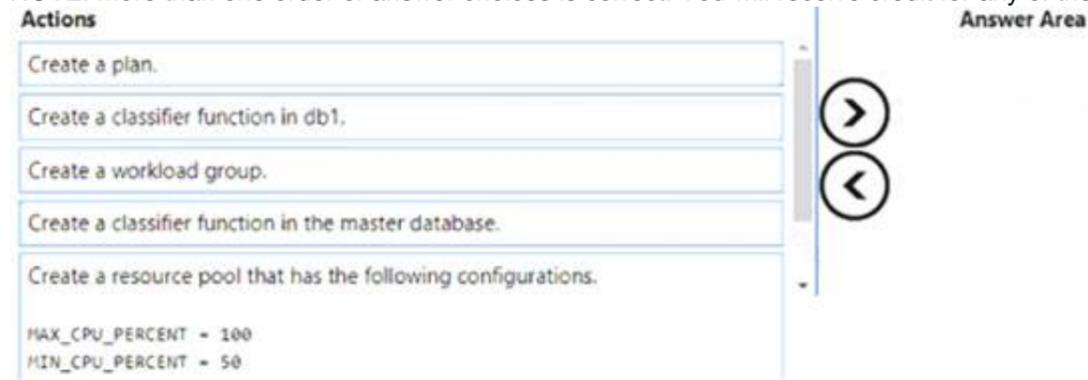
- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains an Azure SQL managed instance, a database named db1, and an Azure web app named Appl. Appl uses db1. You need to enable Resource Governor for a App1. The solution must meet the following requirements: App1 must be able to consume all available CPU resources.

App1 must have at least half of the available CPU resources always available.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order

NOTE: More than one order of answer choices is correct. You will receive credit for any of the correct orders you select.



Actions

- Create a plan.
- Create a classifier function in db1.
- Create a workload group.
- Create a classifier function in the master database.
- Create a resource pool that has the following configurations.

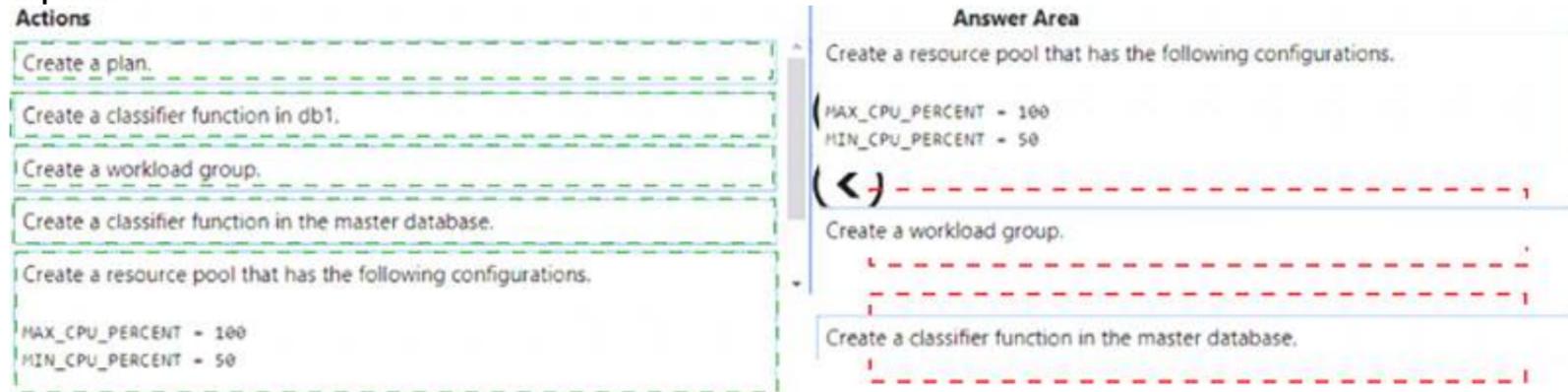
MAX_CPU_PERCENT = 100
MIN_CPU_PERCENT = 50

Answer Area

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:



Actions

- Create a plan.
- Create a classifier function in db1.
- Create a workload group.
- Create a classifier function in the master database.
- Create a resource pool that has the following configurations.

MAX_CPU_PERCENT = 100
MIN_CPU_PERCENT = 50

Answer Area

- Create a resource pool that has the following configurations.
- MAX_CPU_PERCENT = 100
MIN_CPU_PERCENT = 50
- Create a workload group.
- Create a classifier function in the master database.

NEW QUESTION 201

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Data Lake Storage account that contains a staging zone.

You need to design a daily process to ingest incremental data from the staging zone, transform the data by executing an R script, and then insert the transformed data into a data warehouse in Azure Synapse Analytics.

Solution: You use an Azure Data Factory schedule trigger to execute a pipeline that executes mapping data flow, and then inserts the data into the data warehouse.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

If you need to transform data in a way that is not supported by Data Factory, you can create a custom activity, not a mapping flow, with your own data processing logic and use the activity in the pipeline. You can create a custom activity to run R scripts on your HDInsight cluster with R installed. Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-US/azure/data-factory/transform-data>

NEW QUESTION 203

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type
App1	Azure web app
db1	Azure SQL database in the serverless tier

App1 experiences transient connection errors and timeouts when it attempts to access db1 after extended periods of inactivity. You need to modify db1 to resolve the issues experienced by App1 as soon as possible, without considering immediate costs. What do you do?

- A. Increase the number of vCores allocated to db1.
- B. Decrease the auto-pause delay for db1.
- C. Disable auto-pause delay for db1.
- D. Enable automatic tuning for db1.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 206

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have SQL Server 2019 on an Azure virtual machine.

You are troubleshooting performance issues for a query in a SQL Server instance.

To gather more information, you query `sys.dm_exec_requests` and discover that the wait type is `PAGELATCH_UP` and the wait resource is `2:3:905856`.

You need to improve system performance.

Solution: You change the data file for the master database to autogrow by 10 percent. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-US/troubleshoot/sql/performance/recommendations-reduce-allocation-contention>

NEW QUESTION 210

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are building an Azure Stream Analytics job to retrieve game data.

You need to ensure that the job returns the highest scoring record for each five-minute time interval of each game.

How should you complete the Stream Analytics query? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

```

SELECT  as HighestScore
FROM input TIMESTAMP BY CreatedAt
GROUP BY 

```

The SELECT dropdown menu is open, showing the following options:

- Collect(Score)
- CollectTop(1)OVER(ORDER BY Score Desc)
- Game, MAX(Score)
- TopOne() OVER(PARTITION BY Game ORDER BY Score Desc)

The GROUP BY dropdown menu is open, showing the following options:

- Game
- Hopping(minute, 5)
- Tumbling(minute, 5)
- Windows(TumblingWindow(minute, 5), Hopping(minute, 5))

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

Box 1: TopOne() OVER(PARTITION BY Game ORDER BY Score Desc)

TopOne returns the top-rank record, where rank defines the ranking position of the event in the window according to the specified ordering. Ordering/ranking is based on event columns and can be specified in ORDER BY clause.

Analytic Function Syntax:

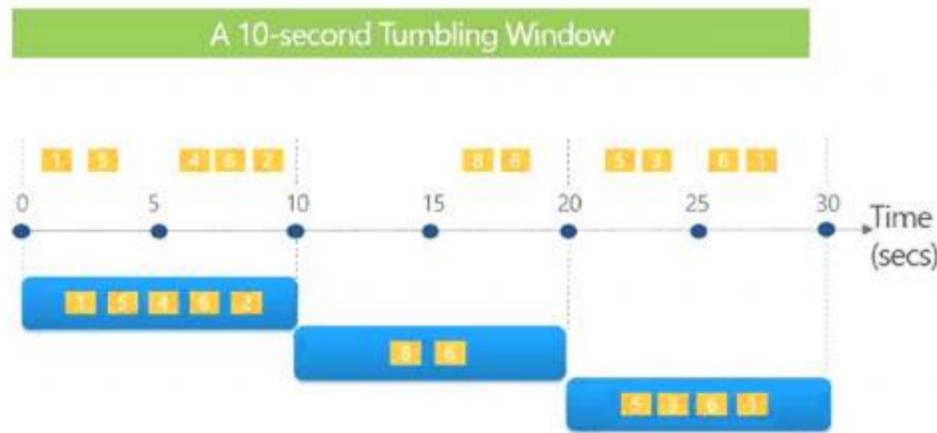
TopOne() OVER ([<PARTITION BY clause>] ORDER BY (<column name> [ASC |DESC])+ <LIMIT

DURATION clause> [<WHEN clause>])

Box 2: Tumbling(minute 5)

Tumbling window functions are used to segment a data stream into distinct time segments and perform a function against them, such as the example below. The key differentiators of a Tumbling window are that they repeat, do not overlap, and an event cannot belong to more than one tumbling window.

Tell me the count of Tweets per time zone every 10 seconds



```
SELECT TimeZone, COUNT(*) AS Count
FROM TwitterStream TIMESTAMP BY CreatedAt
GROUP BY TimeZone, TumblingWindow(second,10)
```

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/stream-analytics-query/topone-azure-stream-analytics> <https://github.com/MicrosoftDocs/azure-docs/blob/master/articles/stream-analytics/stream-analytics-window-fun>

NEW QUESTION 215

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are creating a new notebook in Azure Databricks that will support R as the primary language but will also support Scala and SQL.

Which switch should you use to switch between languages?

- A. \[<language>]
- B. %<language>
- C. \[<language>]
- D. @<language>

Answer: B

Explanation:

You can override the default language by specifying the language magic command %<language> at the beginning of a cell. The supported magic commands are: %python, %r, %scala, and %sql.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/databricks/notebooks/notebooks-use>

NEW QUESTION 216

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises Microsoft SQL Server 2016 instance that hosts a database named db1. You have an Azure subscription that contains an Azure SQL managed instance named Mil.

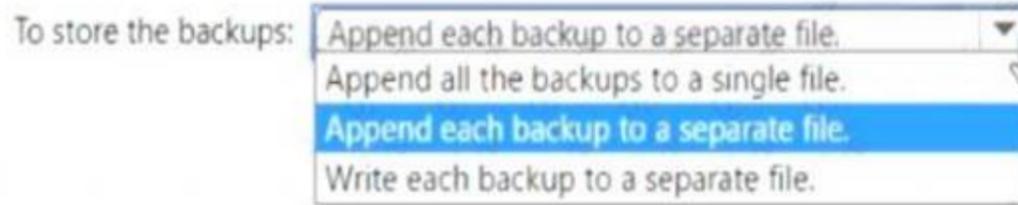
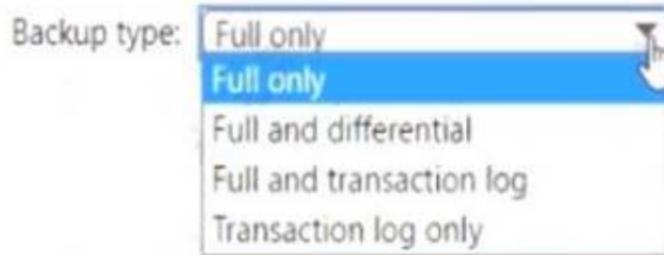
You plan to perform an online migration of db1 to MM by using Azure Database Migration Service.

You need to create the backups for the migration. The solution must minimize the number of backup files created.

Which type of backups should you create, and how should you store the backups? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

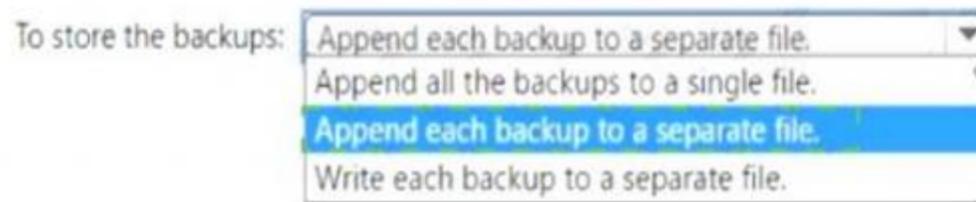
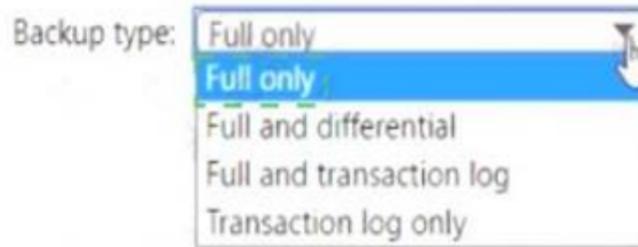
Answer Area



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Answer Area



NEW QUESTION 217

- (Exam Topic 5) You have an Azure SQL database. You identify a long running query. You need to identify which operation in the query is causing the performance issue. What should you use to display the query execution plan in Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS)?

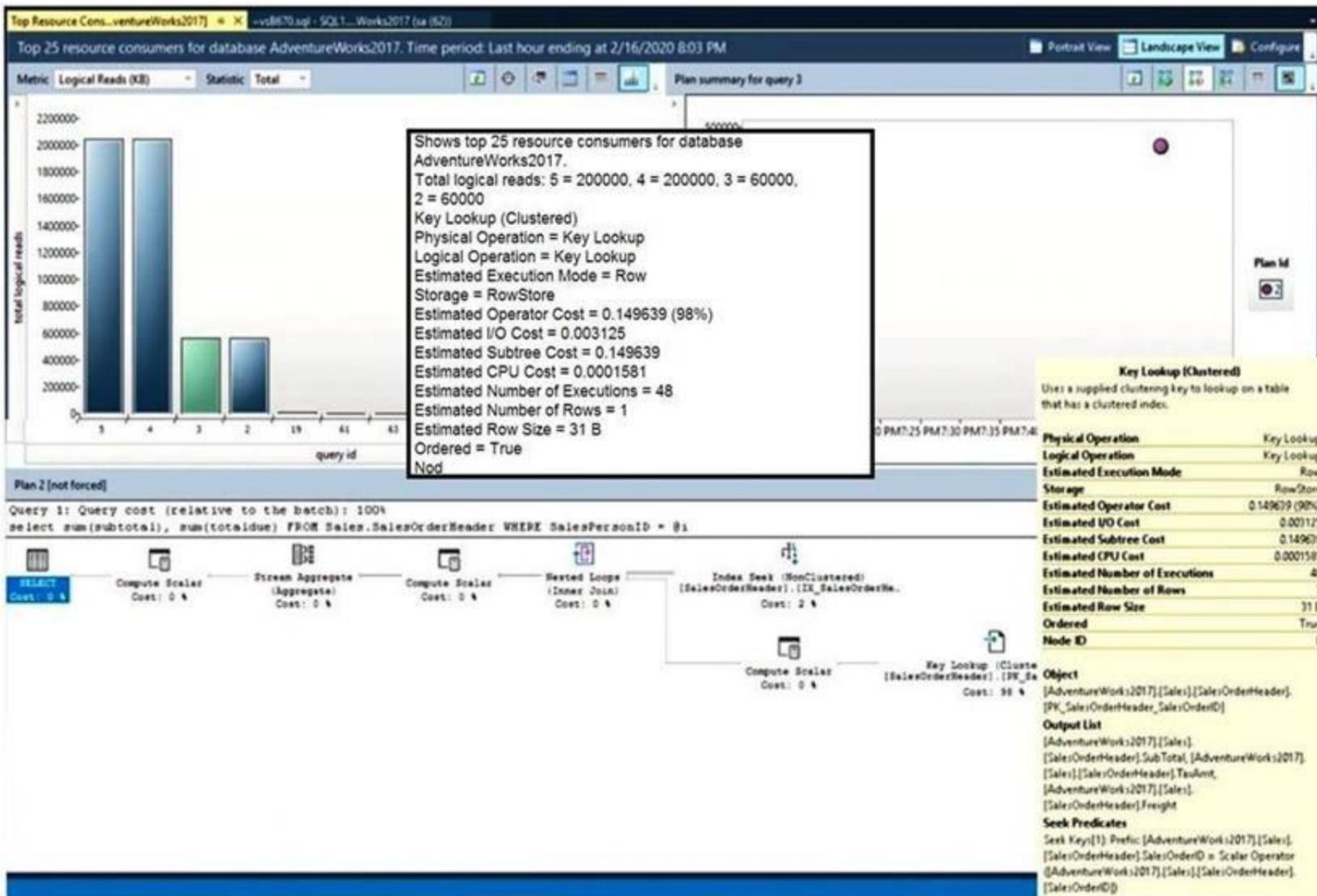
- A. Live Query Statistics
- B. an estimated execution plan
- C. an actual execution plan
- D. Client Statistics

Answer: A

Explanation:
<https://www.mssqltips.com/sqlservertip/3685/live-query-statistics-in-sql-server-2016/>

NEW QUESTION 219

- (Exam Topic 5) You have SQL Server on an Azure virtual machine. You review the query plan shown in the following exhibit.



For each of the following statements, select yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select no.
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Statements

- You will reduce the I/O usage and the query execution time if you force the query plan.
- You will increase the I/O usage and the query execution time if you create a new index on the SalesOrderHeader table.
- You will reduce the I/O usage and the query execution time if you include the SubTotal, TaxAmt, and Freight columns in the PK_SalesOrderHeader_SalesOrderID index.

Yes	No
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/performance/monitoring-performance-by-using-the-qu>

NEW QUESTION 220

- (Exam Topic 5)

A company plans to use Apache Spark analytics to analyze intrusion detection data.

You need to recommend a solution to analyze network and system activity data for malicious activities and policy violations. The solution must minimize administrative efforts.

What should you recommend?

- A. Azure Data Lake Storage
- B. Azure Databricks
- C. Azure HDInsight
- D. Azure Data Factory

Answer: C

Explanation:

Azure HDInsight offers pre-made, monitoring dashboards in the form of solutions that can be used to monitor the workloads running on your clusters. There are solutions for Apache Spark, Hadoop, Apache Kafka, live long and process (LLAP), Apache HBase, and Apache Storm available in the Azure Marketplace. Note: With Azure HDInsight you can set up Azure Monitor alerts that will trigger when the value of a metric or the results of a query meet certain conditions. You can condition on a query returning a record with a value that is greater than or less than a certain threshold, or even on the number of results returned by a query. For example, you could create an alert to send an email if a Spark job fails or if a Kafka disk usage becomes over 90 percent full.

Reference:

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/blog/monitoring-on-azure-hdinsight-part-4-workload-metrics-and-logs/>

NEW QUESTION 221

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are performing exploratory analysis of bus fare data in an Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 account by using an Azure Synapse Analytics serverless SQL pool. You execute the Transact-SQL query shown in the following exhibit.

```
SELECT
    payment_type,
    SUM(fare_amount) AS fare_total
FROM OPENROWSET (
    BULK 'csv/busfare/tripdata_2020*.csv',
    DATA_SOURCE = 'BusData',
    FORMAT = 'CSV', PARSER_VERSION = '2.0',
    FIRSTROW = 2
)
WITH (
    payment_type INT 10,
    fare_amount FLOAT 11
) AS nyc
GROUP BY payment_type
ORDER BY payment_type;
```

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.

The query results include only **[answer choice]** in the csv/busfare folder.

▼

CSV files in the tripdata_2020 subfolder
 files that have files names beginning with "tripdata_2020"
 CSV files that have file names containing "tripdata_202"
 CSV files that have file named beginning with "tripdata_2020"

The query assumes that the first row in a CSV file is **[answer choice]** row.

▼

a header
 a data
 an empty

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, table Description automatically generated
 Box 1: CSV files that have file named beginning with "tripdata_2020" Box 2: a header
 FIRSTROW = 'first_row'

Specifies the number of the first row to load. The default is 1 and indicates the first row in the specified data file. The row numbers are determined by counting the row terminators. FIRSTROW is 1-based.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/synapse-analytics/sql/develop-openrowset>

NEW QUESTION 223

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Description
SQL1	SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines	Not applicable
db1	Microsoft SQL Server database	Hosted on SQL1
mysqlbackups	General purpose v2 storage account	Not applicable

You need to back up db1 to mysqlbackups, and then restore the backup to a new database named db2 that is hosted on SQL1. The solution must ensure that db1 is backed up to a stripe set.

Which three Transact-SQL statements should you execute in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate statements from the list of statements to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Statements

Answer Area

```
RESTORE DATABASE db2 FROM URL = URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_1.bak'
, URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_2.bak'
, URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_3.bak'
, URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_4.bak'
WITH CREDENTIAL = 'sqlbackup', RECOVERY,
MOVE 'db1_mdf' TO
'D:\Data\db2_mdf.mdf',
MOVE 'db1_log' TO
'D:\Logs\db2_log.ldf'
```

```
BACKUP DATABASE db1
TO URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_1.bak'
, URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_2.bak'
, URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_3.bak'
, URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_4.bak'
WITH CREDENTIAL = 'sqlbackup';
GO
```

```
RESTORE DATABASE db2 FROM URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_1.bak'
, URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_2.bak'
, URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_3.bak'
, URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_4.bak'
WITH RECOVERY,
MOVE 'db1_mdf' TO
'D:\Data\db2_mdf.mdf',
MOVE 'db1_log' TO
'D:\Logs\db2_log.ldf'
```

```
CREATE CREDENTIAL
[https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups]
WITH IDENTITY = 'SHARED ACCESS SIGNATURE',
SECRET = '<SAS_TOKEN>'
GO
```

```
BACKUP DATABASE db1
TO URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_1.bak'
, URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_2.bak'
, URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_3.bak'
, URL =
'https://mysqlbackups.blob.core.windows.net/backups/db1_4.bak'
GO
```

```
CREATE CREDENTIAL [sqlbackup] WITH IDENTITY
=
'sqlsamplebackup'
, SECRET = '<mystorageaccountaccesskey>';
GO
```



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/backup-restore/sql-server-backup-to-url?view=sql-serv>

NEW QUESTION 224

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an instance of SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines named SQL1.

SQL1 contains an Extended Events session named session1 that captures Microsoft SQL Server events. You need to correlate the session events with events captured by Event Tracing for Windows (ETW). What should you do for session1?

- A. Modify the Set Session Event Filters settings.
- B. Add a target.
- C. Add an action.
- D. Modify the Specify Session Data Storage settings.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 229

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure SQL database named Sales.

You need to implement disaster recovery for Sales to meet the following requirements:

- During normal operations, provide at least two readable copies of Sales.
- Ensure that Sales remains available if a datacenter fails.

Solution: You deploy an Azure SQL database that uses the General Purpose service tier and failover groups. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Instead deploy an Azure SQL database that uses the Business Critical service tier and Availability Zones. Note: Premium and Business Critical service tiers leverage the Premium availability model, which integrates compute resources (sqlservr.exe process) and storage (locally attached SSD) on a single node. High availability is achieved by replicating both compute and storage to additional nodes creating a three to four-node cluster.

By default, the cluster of nodes for the premium availability model is created in the same datacenter. With the introduction of Azure Availability Zones, SQL Database can place different replicas of the Business Critical database to different availability zones in the same region. To eliminate a single point of failure, the control ring is also duplicated across multiple zones as three gateway rings (GW).

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/high-availability-sla>

NEW QUESTION 233

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL database named sqldb1.

You need to minimize the amount of space by the data and log files of sqldb1. What should you run?

- A. DBCC SHRINKDATABASE
- B. sp_clean_db_free_space
- C. sp_clean_db_file_free_space
- D. DBCC SHRINKFILE

Answer: D

Explanation:

DBCC SHRINKDATABASE shrinks the size of the data and log files in the specified database. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/database-console-commands/dbcc-shrinkdatabase-transact-sql>

NEW QUESTION 235

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL logical server. You run the following script.

```
CREATE DATABASE Sales
GO
CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Orders]
(
    [OrderID] INT NOT NULL,
    [OrderDescription] NVARCHAR (MAX) NOT NULL,
    [Timestamp] Datetime2 NOT NULL
)
WITH (
    SYSTEM_VERSIONING = ON,
    LEDGER = ON
);
GO
```

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point

Statements	Yes	No
The <code>orders</code> table will allow only rows to be inserted.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
To create additional tables in the Sales database, the <code>LEDGER = ON</code> parameter must be used.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
To ensure that a timestamp is added to each row in the <code>orders</code> table, the <code>GENERATED ALWAYS</code>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Yes
 No No

NEW QUESTION 240

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription.

You plan to deploy an instance of SQL Server on Azure Virtual Machines that supports Write Accelerator.

Which virtual machine series should you use?

- A. H-series
- B. G-series
- C. M-series
- D. E-series

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 243

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have SQL Server on an Azure virtual machine named SQL1. SQL1 has an agent job to back up all databases.

You add a user named `dbadmin1` as a SQL Server Agent operator. You need to ensure that `dbadmin1` receives an email alert if a job fails.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions	Answer Area
Create a job alert	
Create a job notification	
Enable Database Mail	<input type="radio"/>
Enable the email settings for the SQL Server Agent	<input type="radio"/>
Create a job target	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Step 1: Enable the email settings for the SQL Server Agent.

To send a notification in response to an alert, you must first configure SQL Server Agent to send mail. Step 2: Create a job alert

Step 3: Create a job notification Example:

```
-- adds an e-mail notification for the specified alert (Test Alert)
-- This example assumes that Test Alert already exists
-- and that François Ajenstat is a valid operator name. USE msdb ;
GO
EXEC dbo.sp_add_notification
@alert_name = N'Test Alert',
@operator_name = N'François Ajenstat',
```

@notification_method = 1 ; GO

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/ssms/agent/notify-an-operator-of-job-status> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/ssms/agent/assign-alerts-to-an-operator>

NEW QUESTION 247

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are building an Azure virtual machine.

You allocate two 1-TiB, P30 premium storage disks to the virtual machine. Each disk provides 5,000 IOPS. You plan to migrate an on-premises instance of Microsoft SQL Server to the virtual machine. The instance has a database that contains a 1.2-TiB data file. The database requires 10,000 IOPS.

You need to configure storage for the virtual machine to support the database.

Which three objects should you create in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate objects from the list of objects to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions	Answer Area
a virtual disk that uses the stripe layout	
a virtual disk that uses the mirror layout	
a volume	⤴
a virtual disk that uses the simple layout	⤵
a storage pool	⤴ ⤵

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Follow these same steps to create striped virtual disk:

- > Create Log Storage Pool.
- > Create Virtual Disk
- > Create Volume

Box 1: a storage pool

Box 2: a virtual disk that uses stripe layout

Disk Striping: Use multiple disks and stripe them together to get a combined higher IOPS and Throughput limit. The combined limit per VM should be higher than the combined limits of attached premium disks.

Box 3: a volume Reference:

<https://hanu.com/hanu-how-to-striping-of-disks-for-azure-sql-server/>

NEW QUESTION 248

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your on-premises network contains a Microsoft SQL Server 2016 server that hosts a database named db1. You have an Azure subscription.

You plan to migrate db1 to an Azure SQL managed instance.

You need to create the SQL managed instance. The solution must minimize the disk latency of the instance. Which service tier should you use?

- A. Hyperscale
- B. General Purpose
- C. Premium
- D. Business Critical

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 249

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Data Factory pipeline that is triggered hourly. The pipeline has had 100% success for the past seven days.

The pipeline execution fails, and two retries that occur 15 minutes apart also fail. The third failure returns the following error.

```

ErrorCode=UserErrorFileNotFound,
'Type=Microsoft.DataTransfer.Common.Shared.HybridDeliveryException,Message=ADLS
Gen2 operation failed for: Operation returned an invalid status code
'NotFound'. Account: 'contosoproduksouth' FileSystem: wwi.Path:
'BIKES/CARBON/year=2021/month=01/day=10/hour=06'. ErrorCode:
'PathNotFound'.Message: 'The specified path does not exist.'. RequestId:
'6d269b78-901f-001b-4924-e7a7bc000000'. TimeStamp: 'Sun, 10 Jan 2021 07:45:05

```

What is a possible cause of the error?

- A. From 06:00 to 07:00 on January 10, 2021, there was no data in wwi/BIKES/CARBON.
- B. The parameter used to generate year=2021/month=01/day=10/hour=06 was incorrect.
- C. From 06:00 to 07:00 on January 10, 2021, the file format of data in wwi/BIKES/CARBON was incorrect.
- D. The pipeline was triggered too early.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 252

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL database named db1 on a server named server1. You use Query Performance Insight to monitor db1.

You need to modify the Query Store configuration to ensure that performance monitoring data is available as soon as possible.

Which configuration setting should you modify and which value should you configure? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE:Each correct selection is worth one point.

Configuration setting:

DATA_FLUSH_INTERVAL_SECONDS
INTERVAL_LENGTH_MINUTES
MAX_PLANS_PER_QUERY
QUERY_CAPTURE_MODE

Value:

1
60
CUSTOM
ON

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION 253

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Databricks workspace named workspace1 in the Standard pricing tier. Workspace1 contains an all-purpose cluster named cluster1.

You need to reduce the time it takes for cluster1 to start and scale up. The solution must minimize costs. What should you do first?

- A. Upgrade workspace1 to the Premium pricing tier.
- B. Configure a global init script for workspace1.
- C. Create a pool in workspace1.
- D. Create a cluster policy in workspace1.

Answer: C

Explanation:

You can use Databricks Pools to Speed up your Data Pipelines and Scale Clusters Quickly.

Databricks Pools, a managed cache of virtual machine instances that enables clusters to start and scale 4 times faster.

Reference:

<https://databricks.com/blog/2019/11/11/databricks-pools-speed-up-data-pipelines.html>

NEW QUESTION 255

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have 50 Azure SQL databases.

You need to notify the database owner when the database settings, such as the database size and pricing tier, are modified in Azure.

What should you do?

- A. Create a diagnostic setting for the activity log that has the Security log enabled.
- B. For the database, create a diagnostic setting that has the InstanceAndAppAdvanced metric enabled.
- C. Create an alert rule that uses a Metric signal type.
- D. Create an alert rule that uses an Activity Log signal type.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Activity log events - An alert can trigger on every event, or, only when a certain number of events occur. Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/alerts-insights-configure-portal>

NEW QUESTION 256

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL managed instance that hosts multiple databases.

You need to configure alerts for each database based on the diagnostics telemetry of the database. What should you use?

- A. Azure SQL Analytics alerts based on metrics
- B. SQL Health Check alerts based on diagnostics logs
- C. SQL Health Check alerts based on metrics
- D. Azure SQL Analytics alerts based on diagnostics logs

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/metrics-diagnostic-telemetry-logging-streaming-expo>

NEW QUESTION 259

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains an Azure SQL database. The database fails to respond to queries in a timely manner.

You need to identify whether the issue relates to resource_semaphore waits.

How should you complete the Transact-SQL query? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE:Each correct selection is worth one point.

```

SELECT
    [is_user_process]
    [wait_time]
    [wait_type]
SUM(wait_time) AS total_wait_time_ms
FROM sys.[dm_exec_query_stats]
JOIN sys.dm_exec_sessions AS dmvs2
    ON dmvs1.session_id = dmvs2.session_id
WHERE is_user_process = 1
GROUP BY wait_type
ORDER BY SUM(wait_time) DESC;

```

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/monitoring-with-dmvs>

NEW QUESTION 261

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure SQL database named DB1. DB1 contains a table that has a column named Col1. You need to encrypt the data in Col1.

Which four actions should you perform for DB1 in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

Answer Area

- Create a database master key.
- Create a column master key.
- Open the symmetric key.
- Create a certificate.
- Update Col1.
- Create a symmetric key.



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Table Description automatically generated

Reference:

<https://www.sqlshack.com/an-overview-of-the-column-level-sql-server-encryption/>

NEW QUESTION 262

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are planning a solution that will use Azure SQL Database. Usage of the solution will peak from October 1 to January 1 each year.

During peak usage, the database will require the following:

- > 24 cores
- > 500 GB of storage
- > 124 GB of memory
- > More than 50,000 IOPS

During periods of off-peak usage, the service tier of Azure SQL Database will be set to Standard. Which service tier should you use during peak usage?

- A. Business Critical
- B. Premium
- C. Hyperscale

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/resource-limits-vcore-single-databases#business-critic>

NEW QUESTION 266

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises app named App1 that stores data in an on-premises Microsoft SQL Server 2016 database named DB1.

You plan to deploy additional instances of App1 to separate Azure regions. Each region will have a separate instance of App1 and DB1. The separate instances of DB1 will sync by using Azure SQL Data Sync.

You need to recommend a database service for the deployment. The solution must minimize administrative effort.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure SQL Managed instance
- B. Azure SQL Database single database
- C. Azure Database for PostgreSQL
- D. SQL Server on Azure virtual machines

Answer: B

Explanation:

Azure SQL Database single database supports Data Sync. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/features-comparison>

NEW QUESTION 271

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to recommend an availability strategy for an Azure SQL database. The strategy must meet the following requirements:

- Support failovers that do not require client applications to change their connection strings.
- Replicate the database to a secondary Azure region.
- Support failover to the secondary region. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. failover groups
- B. transactional replication
- C. Availability Zones
- D. geo-replication

Answer: A

Explanation:

Active geo-replication is an Azure SQL Database feature that allows you to create readable secondary databases of individual databases on a server in the same or different data center (region).

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/active-geo-replication-overview>

NEW QUESTION 276

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription.

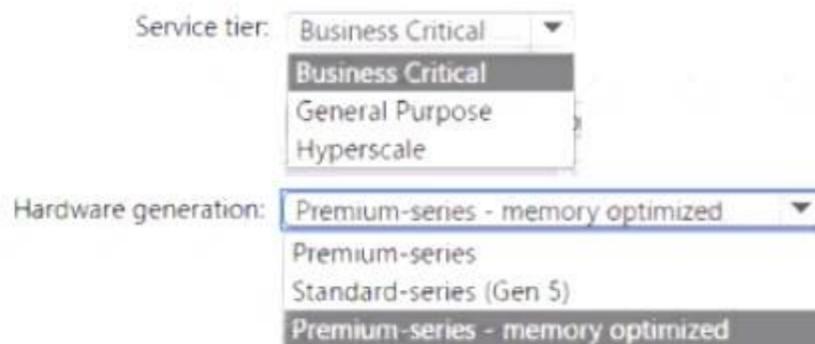
You need to deploy an Azure SQL managed instance that meets the following requirements:

- Optimize latency.
- Maximize the memory-to-vCore ratio.

Which service tier and hardware generation should you use? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

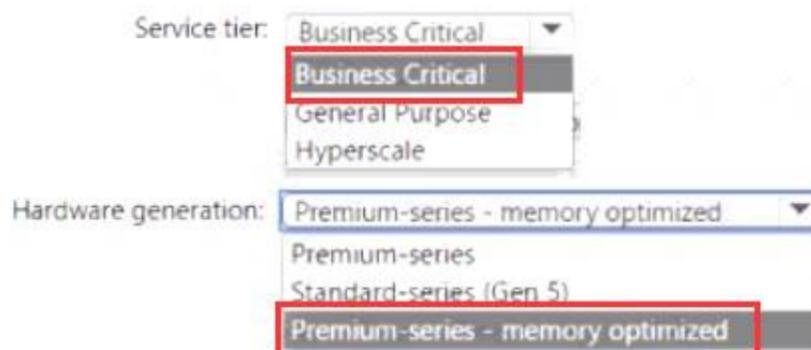


- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area



NEW QUESTION 278

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Data Factory pipeline that performs an incremental load of source data to an Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 account.

Data to be loaded is identified by a column named LastUpdatedDate in the source table. You plan to execute the pipeline every four hours.

You need to ensure that the pipeline execution meets the following requirements:

Automatically retries the execution when the pipeline run fails due to concurrency or throttling limits. Supports backfilling existing data in the table.

Which type of trigger should you use?

- A. tumbling window
- B. on-demand
- C. event
- D. schedule

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Tumbling window trigger supports backfill scenarios. Pipeline runs can be scheduled for windows in the past.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/concepts-pipeline-execution-triggers>

NEW QUESTION 279

- (Exam Topic 2)

You are evaluating the role assignments.

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE:Each correct selection is worth one point.

Statements	Yes	No
DBAGroup1 will be able to sign in to each customer's Azure SQL database by using Azure Data Studio.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
DBAGroup1 will be able to assign the SQL DB Contributor role to other users.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
DBAGroup2 will be able to create a new Azure SQL database on each customer's Azure SQL Database server.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Yes

DBAGroup1 is member of the Contributor role.

The Contributor role grants full access to manage all resources, but does not allow you to assign roles in Azure RBAC, manage assignments in Azure Blueprints, or share image galleries.

Box 2: No

Box 3: Yes

DBAGroup2 is member of the SQL DB Contributor role.

The SQL DB Contributor role lets you manage SQL databases, but not access to them. Also, you can't manage their security-related policies or their parent SQL servers. As a member of this role you can create and manage SQL databases.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/role-based-access-control/built-in-roles>

NEW QUESTION 282

- (Exam Topic 2)

Based on the PaaS prototype, which Azure SQL Database compute tier should you use?

- A. Business Critical 4-vCore
- B. Hyperscale
- C. General Purpose v-vCore
- D. Serverless

Answer: A

Explanation:

There are CPU and Data I/O spikes for the PaaS prototype. Business Critical 4-vCore is needed. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/reserved-capacity-overview>

NEW QUESTION 287

- (Exam Topic 1)

What should you do after a failover of SalesSQLDb1 to ensure that the database remains accessible to SalesSQLDb1App1?

- A. Configure SalesSQLDb1 as writable.
- B. Update the connection strings of SalesSQLDb1App1.
- C. Update the firewall rules of SalesSQLDb1.
- D. Update the users in SalesSQLDb1.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Scenario: SalesSQLDb1 uses database firewall rules and contained database users.

NEW QUESTION 290

- (Exam Topic 1)

You are planning the migration of the SERVER1 databases. The solution must meet the business requirements.

What should you include in the migration plan? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE:Each correct selection is worth one point.

Azure Database Migration Service pricing tier:

	▼
Standard 2-vCore	
Standard 4-vCore	
Premium 4-vCore	

Required Azure resource:

	▼
A virtual network that has service endpoints	
A VPN gateway	
An Azure Logic app	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Azure Database Migration service Box 1: Premium 4-VCore

Scenario: Migrate the SERVER1 databases to the Azure SQL Database platform.

➤ Minimize downtime during the migration of the SERVER1 databases.

Premium 4-vCore is for large or business critical workloads. It supports online migrations, offline migrations, and faster migration speeds.

Reference: <https://azure.microsoft.com/pricing/details/database-migration/>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/dms/tutorial-sql-server-azure-sql-online>

NEW QUESTION 292

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to implement the monitoring of SalesSQLDb1. The solution must meet the technical requirements. How should you collect and stream metrics? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE:Each correct selection is worth one point.

Collect metrics from:

	▼
The database only	
The elastic pool and the database	
The elastic pool only	
The server, the elastic pool, and the database	

Stream metrics to:

	▼
Azure Event Hubs	
Azure Log Analytics	
Azure Storage	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: The server, the elastic pool, and the database

Scenario:

SalesSQLDb1 is in an elastic pool named SalesSQLDb1Pool.

Litware technical requirements include: all SQL Server and Azure SQL Database metrics related to CPU and storage usage and limits must be analyzed by using Azure built-in functionality.

Box 2: Azure Event hubs

Scenario: Migrate ManufacturingSQLDb1 to the Azure virtual machine platform. Event hubs are able to handle custom metrics.

NEW QUESTION 295

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to implement authentication for ResearchDB1. The solution must meet the security and compliance requirements. What should you run as part of the implementation?

- A. CREATE LOGINand theFROM WINDOWSclause
- B. CREATE USERand theFROM CERTIFICATEclause
- C. CREATE USERand theFROM LOGINclause
- D. CREATE USERand theASYMMETRIC KEYclause
- E. CREATE USERand theFROM EXTERNAL PROVIDERclause

Answer: E

Explanation:

Scenario: Authenticate database users by using Active Directory credentials.

(Create a new Azure SQL database named ResearchDB1 on a logical server named ResearchSrv01.) Authenticate the user in SQL Database or SQL Data Warehouse based on an Azure Active Directory user: CREATE USER [Fritz@contoso.com] FROM EXTERNAL PROVIDER;

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/t-sql/statements/create-user-transact-sql>

NEW QUESTION 296

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