



Microsoft

Exam Questions az-500

Microsoft Azure Security Technologies

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NEW QUESTION 1

DRAG DROP

You need to configure an access review. The review will be assigned to a new collection of reviews and reviewed by resource owners.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Select and Place:

Actions	Answer Area
<input type="text" value="Create an access review program."/>	
<input type="text" value="Set Reviewers to Selected users."/>	
<input type="text" value="Create an access review audit."/> 	
<input type="text" value="Create an access review control."/> 	
<input type="text" value="Set Reviewers to Group owners."/>	
<input type="text" value="Set Reviewers to Members."/>	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

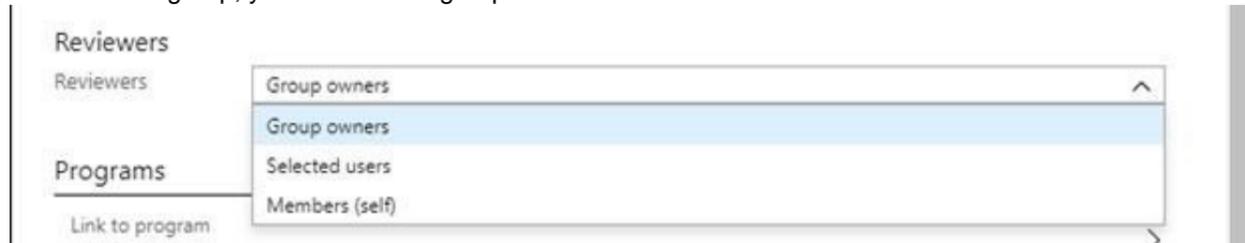
Answer: A

Explanation:

Step 1: Create an access review program Step 2: Create an access review control

Step 3: Set Reviewers to Group owners

In the Reviewers section, select either one or more people to review all the users in scope. Or you can select to have the members review their own access. If the resource is a group, you can ask the group owners to review.



References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/create-access-review>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/manage-programs-controls>

NEW QUESTION 2

Your company plans to create separate subscriptions for each department. Each subscription will be associated to the same Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant.

You need to configure each subscription to have the same role assignments. What should you use?

- A. Azure Security Center
- B. Azure Blueprints
- C. Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM)
- D. Azure Policy

Answer: C

Explanation:

The Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM) service also allows Privileged Role Administrators to make permanent admin role assignments.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/privileged-identity-management/pim-how-to-add-role-to-user>

NEW QUESTION 3

You have Azure Resource Manager templates that you use to deploy Azure virtual machines.

You need to disable unused Windows features automatically as instances of the virtual machines are provisioned. What should you use?

- A. device compliance policies in Microsoft Intune
- B. Azure Automation State Configuration
- C. application security groups
- D. Azure Advisor

Answer: B

Explanation:

You can use Azure Automation State Configuration to manage Azure VMs (both Classic and Resource Manager), on-premises VMs, Linux machines, AWS VMs, and on-premises physical machines.

Note: Azure Automation State Configuration provides a DSC pull server similar to the Windows Feature DSC-Service so that target nodes automatically receive configurations, conform to the desired state, and report back on their compliance. The built-in pull server in Azure Automation eliminates the need to set up and maintain your own pull server. Azure Automation can target virtual or physical Windows or Linux machines, in the cloud or on-premises.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/automation/automation-dsc-getting-started>

NEW QUESTION 4

You are configuring an Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) cluster that will connect to an Azure Container Registry. You need to use the auto-generated service principal to authenticate to the Azure Container Registry. What should you create?

- A. an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) group
- B. an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) role assignment
- C. an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) user
- D. a secret in Azure Key Vault

Answer: B

Explanation:

When you create an AKS cluster, Azure also creates a service principal to support cluster operability with other Azure resources. You can use this auto-generated service principal for authentication with an ACR registry. To do so, you need to create an Azure AD role assignment that grants the cluster's service principal access to the container registry.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/bs-latn-ba/azure/container-registry/container-registry-auth-aks>

NEW QUESTION 5

HOTSPOT

You have an Azure subscription that contains the virtual machines shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group	Status
VM1	RG1	Stopped (Deallocated)
VM2	RG2	Stopped (Deallocated)

You create the Azure policies shown in the following table.

Policy definition	Resource type	Scope
Not allowed resource types	virtualMachines	RG1
Allowed resource types	virtualMachines	RG2

You create the resource locks shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Created on
Lock1	Read-only	VM1
Lock2	Read-only	RG2

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
You can start VM1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can start VM2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can create a virtual machine in RG2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
You can start VM1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
You can start VM2.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can create a virtual machine in RG2.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

References:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/blueprints/concepts/resource-locking>

NEW QUESTION 6

HOTSPOT

You have an Azure subscription named Sub1.

You create a virtual network that contains one subnet. On the subnet, you provision the virtual machines shown in the following table.

Name	Network interface	Application security group assignment	IP address
VM1	NIC1	AppGroup12	10.0.0.10
VM2	NIC2	AppGroup12	10.0.0.11
VM3	NIC3	AppGroup3	10.0.0.100
VM4	NIC4	AppGroup4	10.0.0.200

Currently, you have not provisioned any network security groups (NSGs). You need to implement network security to meet the following requirements:

- Allow traffic to VM4 from VM3 only.
- Allow traffic from the Internet to VM1 and VM2 only. Minimize the number of NSGs and network security rules.

How many NSGs and network security rules should you create? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

Answer Area

NSGs: ▼

1
2
3
4

Network security rules: ▼

1
2
3
4

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

NSGs: 2

Network security rules: 3

Not 2: You cannot specify multiple service tags or application groups) in a security rule.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/security-overview>

NEW QUESTION 7

You need to ensure that you can meet the security operations requirements.
 What should you do first?

- A. Turn on Auto Provisioning in Security Center.
- B. Integrate Security Center and Microsoft Cloud App Security.
- C. Upgrade the pricing tier of Security Center to Standard.
- D. Modify the Security Center workspace configuration.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The Standard tier extends the capabilities of the Free tier to workloads running in private and other public clouds, providing unified security management and threat protection across your hybrid cloud workloads. The Standard tier also adds advanced threat detection capabilities, which uses built-in behavioral analytics and machine learning to identify attacks and zero-day exploits, access and application controls to reduce exposure to network attacks and malware, and more.

Scenario: Security Operations Requirements

Litware must be able to customize the operating system security configurations in Azure Security Center. References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security-center/security-center-pricing>

Question Set 3

NEW QUESTION 8

HOTSPOT

You plan to use Azure Log Analytics to collect logs from 200 servers that run Windows Server 2016.

You need to automate the deployment of the Microsoft Monitoring Agent to all the servers by using an Azure Resource Manager template. How should you complete the template? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

Answer Area

```
{
  "type": "Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/extensions",
  "name": "[concat(parameter('vmname'), /OMSExtension)]",
  "apiVersion": "[variables('apiVersion')]",
  "location": "[resourceGroup().location]",
  "dependsOn": [
    "[concat('Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/', parameters('vmName'))]"
  ],
  "properties": {
    "publisher": "Microsoft.EnterpriseCloud.Monitoring",
    "type": "MicrosoftMonitoringAgent",
    "typeHandlerVersion": "1.0",
    "autoUpgradeMinorVersion": true,
    "settings": {
      "[variable('var1')]" : "[variable('var1')]"
      "AzureADApplicationID"
      "WorkspaceID"
      "WorkspaceName"
      "WorkspaceURL"
    },
    "protectedSettings": {
      "[variable('var2')]" : "[variable('var2')]"
      "AzureADApplicationSecret"
      "StorageAccountKey"
      "WorkspaceID"
      "WorkspaceKey"
    }
  }
}
```

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

```
{
  "type": "Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/extensions",
  "name": "[concat(parameter('vmname'), /OMSExtension)]",
  "apiVersion": "[variables('apiVersion')]",
  "location": "[resourceGroup().location]",
  "dependsOn": [
    "[concat('Microsoft.Compute/virtualMachines/', parameters('vmName'))]"
  ],
  "properties": {
    "publisher": "Microsoft.EnterpriseCloud.Monitoring",
    "type": "MicrosoftMonitoringAgent",
    "typeHandlerVersion": "1.0",
    "autoUpgradeMinorVersion": true,
    "settings": {
      "[variable('var1')]"
      "AzureADApplicationID"
      "WorkspaceID"
      "WorkspaceName"
      "WorkspaceURL"
    },
    "protectedSettings": {
      "[variable('var2')]"
      "AzureADApplicationSecret"
      "StorageAccountKey"
      "WorkspaceID"
      "WorkspaceKey"
    }
  }
}
```

References:

<https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/manageabilityguys/2015/11/19/enabling-the-microsoft-monitoring-agent-in-windows-json-templates/>

NEW QUESTION 9

You create a new Azure subscription.

You need to ensure that you can create custom alert rules in Azure Security Center. Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Onboard Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Identity Protection.
- B. Create an Azure Storage account.
- C. Implement Azure Advisor recommendations.
- D. Create an Azure Log Analytics workspace.
- E. Upgrade the pricing tier of Security Center to Standard.

Answer: BD

Explanation:

D: You need write permission in the workspace that you select to store your custom alert.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security-center/security-center-custom-alert>

NEW QUESTION 10

DRAG DROP

You need to configure SQLDB1 to meet the data and application requirements.

Which three actions should you recommend be performed in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Select and Place:

Actions	Answer Area
From the Azure portal, create an Azure AD administrator for LitwareSQLServer1.	
In SQLDB1, create contained database users.	
Connect to SQLDB1 by using Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS).	<input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>
In Azure AD, create a system-assigned managed identity.	<input type="radio"/> <input type="radio"/>
In Azure AD, create a user-assigned managed identity.	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Step 1: Connect to SQLDB1 by using Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS)

Step 2: In SQLDB1, create contained database users.

Create a contained user in the database that represents the VM's system-assigned identity.

Step 3: In Azure AD, create a system-assigned managed identity.

A system-assigned identity for a Windows virtual machine (VM) can be used to access an Azure SQL server. Managed Service Identities are automatically managed by Azure and enable you to authenticate to services that support Azure AD authentication, without needing to insert credentials into your code.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/tutorial-windows-vm-access-sql>

Question Set 2

NEW QUESTION 10

Your company has an Azure subscription named Sub1 that is associated to an Azure Active Directory Azure (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com.

The company develops a mobile application named App1. App1 uses the OAuth 2 implicit grant type to acquire Azure AD access tokens. You need to register App1 in Azure AD.

What information should you obtain from the developer to register the application?

- A. a redirect URI
- B. a reply URL
- C. a key
- D. an application ID

Answer: A

Explanation:

For Native Applications you need to provide a Redirect URI, which Azure AD will use to return token responses.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/develop/v1-protocols-oauth-code>

NEW QUESTION 12

HOTSPOT

You have an Azure subscription named Sub1 that is associated to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com. You plan to implement an application that will consist of the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Description
CosmosDBAccount1	Azure Cosmos DB account	A Cosmos DB account containing a database Named CosmosDB1 that serves as a back-end tier of the application
WebApp1	Azure web app	A web app configured to serve as the middle tier of the application

Users will authenticate by using their Azure AD user account and access the Cosmos DB account by using resource tokens. You need to identify which tasks will be implemented in CosmosDB1 and WebApp1.

Which task should you identify for each resource? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

Answer Area

CosmosDB1: ▼
 Authenticate Azure AD users and generate resource tokens.
 Authenticate Azure AD users and relay resource tokens.
 Create database users and generate resource tokens.

WebApp1: ▼
 Authenticate Azure AD users and generate resource tokens.
 Authenticate Azure AD users and relay resource tokens.
 Create database users and generate resource tokens.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

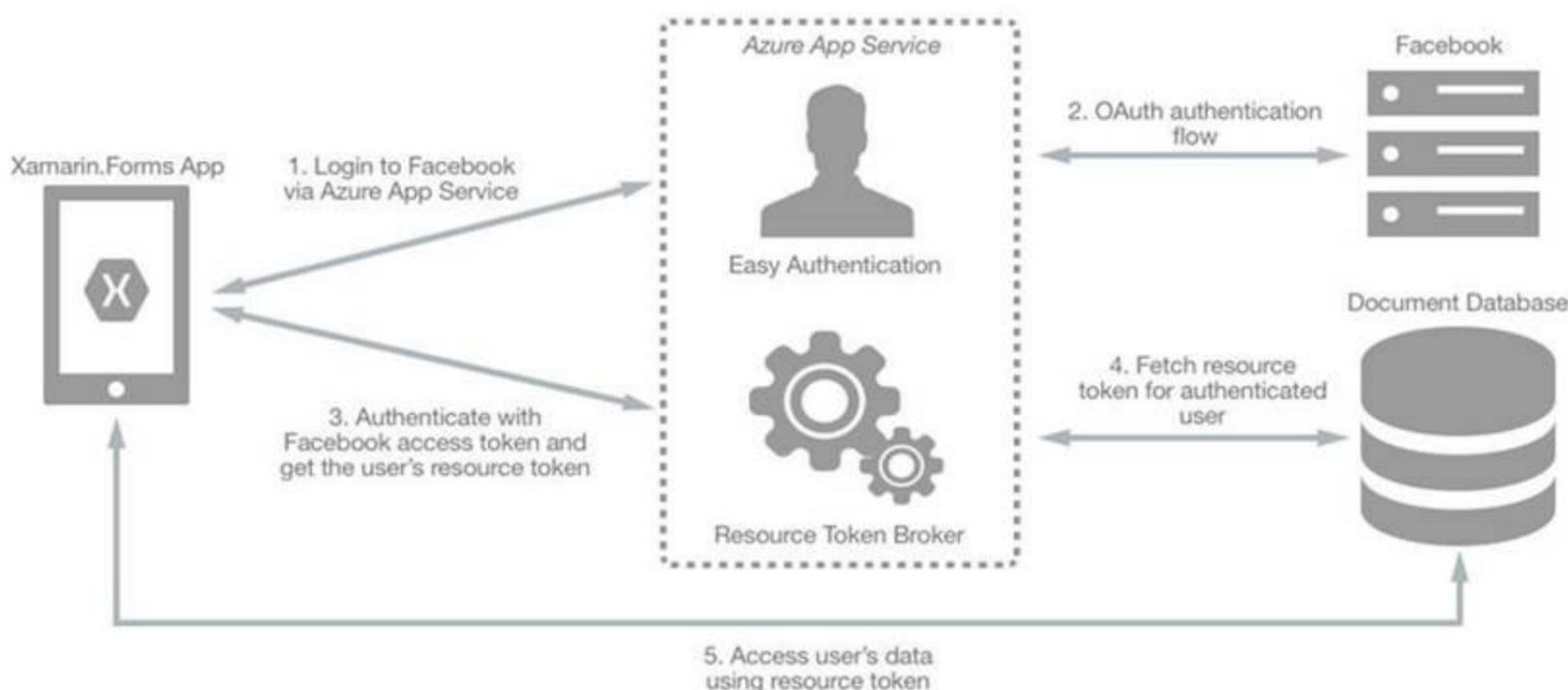
Explanation:

CosmosDB1: Create database users and generate resource tokens.

Azure Cosmos DB resource tokens provide a safe mechanism for allowing clients to read, write, and delete specific resources in an Azure Cosmos DB account according to the granted permissions.

WebApp1: Authenticate Azure AD users and relay resource tokens

A typical approach to requesting, generating, and delivering resource tokens to a mobile application is to use a resource token broker. The following diagram shows a high-level overview of how the sample application uses a resource token broker to manage access to the document database data:



References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/xamarin/xamarin-forms/data-cloud/cosmosdb/authentication>

NEW QUESTION 17

HOTSPOT

You need to create an Azure key vault. The solution must ensure that any object deleted from the key vault be retained for 90 days.

How should you complete the command? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Hot Area:

Answer Area

```
New-AzureRmKeyVault -VaultName 'KeyVault1' -ResourceGroupName 'RG1'
```

▼

-EnabledForDeployment	-Confirm
-EnablePurgeProtection	-DefaultProfile
-Tag	-EnableSoftDelete
	-SKU

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: -EnablePurgeProtection

If specified, protection against immediate deletion is enabled for this vault; requires soft delete to be enabled as well.

Box 2: -EnableSoftDelete

Specifies that the soft-delete functionality is enabled for this key vault. When soft-delete is enabled, for a grace period, you can recover this key vault and its contents after it is deleted.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/azurermskeyvault/new-azurermskeyvault>

NEW QUESTION 20

You have an Azure subscription that contains an Azure key vault named Vault1.

In Vault1, you create a secret named Secret1.

An application developer registers an application in Azure Active Directory (Azure AD). You need to ensure that the application can use Secret1.

What should you do?

- A. In Azure AD, create a role.
- B. In Azure Key Vault, create a key.
- C. In Azure Key Vault, create an access policy.
- D. In Azure AD, enable Azure AD Application Proxy.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Azure Key Vault provides a way to securely store credentials and other keys and secrets, but your code needs to authenticate to Key Vault to retrieve them. Managed identities for Azure resources overview makes solving this problem simpler, by giving Azure services an automatically managed identity in Azure Active Directory (Azure AD). You can use this identity to authenticate to any service that supports Azure AD authentication, including Key Vault, without having any credentials in your code.

Example: How a system-assigned managed identity works with an Azure VM

After the VM has an identity, use the service principal information to grant the VM access to Azure resources. To call Azure Resource Manager, use role-based access control (RBAC) in Azure AD to assign the appropriate role to the VM service principal. To call Key Vault, grant your code access to the specific secret or key in Key Vault.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/key-vault/quick-create-net>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/overview>

NEW QUESTION 25

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