

Exam Questions AWS-Certified-Machine-Learning-Specialty

AWS Certified Machine Learning - Specialty

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NEW QUESTION 1

A Machine Learning Specialist observes several performance problems with the training portion of a machine learning solution on Amazon SageMaker. The solution uses a large training dataset 2 TB in size and is using the SageMaker k-means algorithm. The observed issues include the unacceptable length of time it takes before the training job launches and poor I/O throughput while training the model. What should the Specialist do to address the performance issues with the current solution?

- A. Use the SageMaker batch transform feature.
- B. Compress the training data into Apache Parquet format.
- C. Ensure that the input mode for the training job is set to Pipe.
- D. Copy the training dataset to an Amazon EFS volume mounted on the SageMaker instance.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 2

A Marketing Manager at a pet insurance company plans to launch a targeted marketing campaign on social media to acquire new customers. Currently, the company has the following data in Amazon Aurora:

- Profiles for all past and existing customers
- Profiles for all past and existing insured pets
- Policy-level information
- Premiums received
- Claims paid

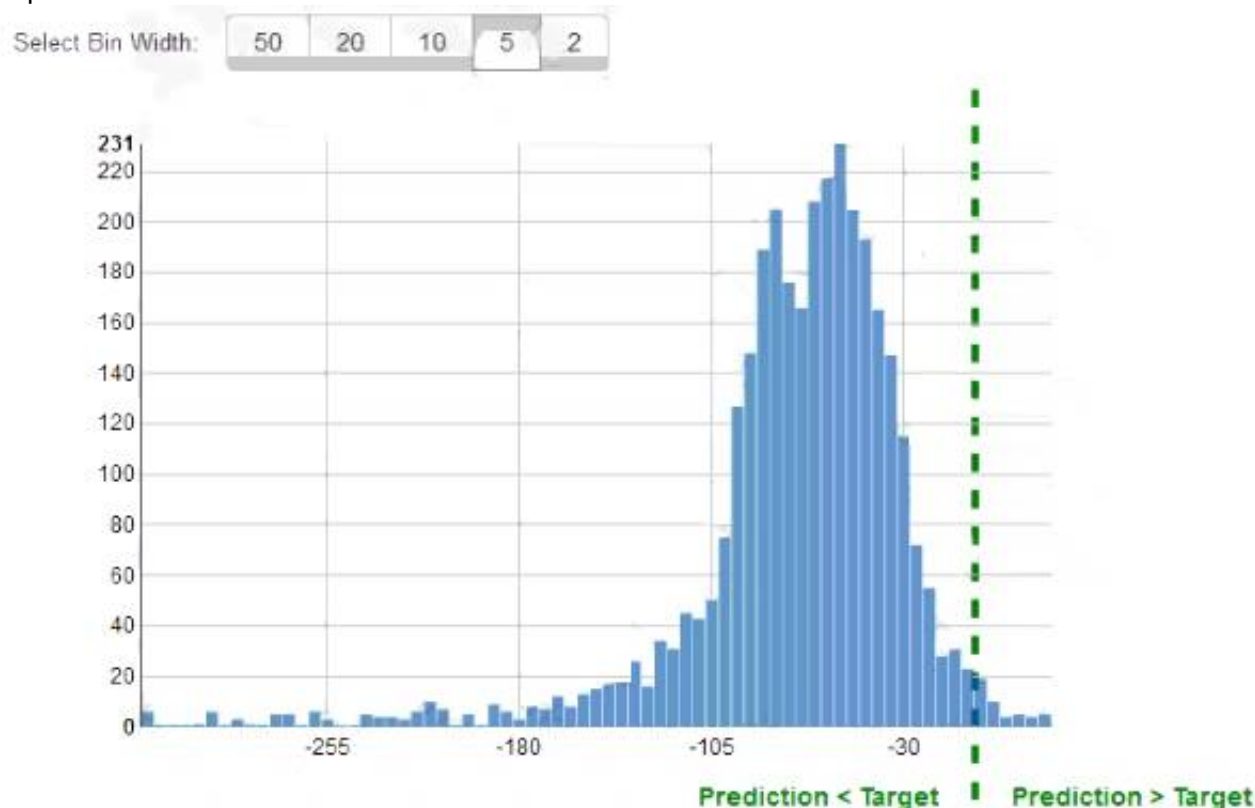
What steps should be taken to implement a machine learning model to identify potential new customers on social media?

- A. Use regression on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segments. Find similar profiles on social media.
- B. Use clustering on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segments. Find similar profiles on social media.
- C. Use a recommendation engine on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segment.
- D. Find similar profiles on social media.
- E. Use a decision tree classifier engine on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segment.
- F. Find similar profiles on social media.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 3

While reviewing the histogram for residuals on regression evaluation data, a Machine Learning Specialist notices that the residuals do not form a zero-centered bell shape as shown. What does this mean?



- A. The model might have prediction errors over a range of target values.
- B. The dataset cannot be accurately represented using the regression model.
- C. There are too many variables in the model.
- D. The model is predicting its target values perfectly.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 4

A machine learning (ML) specialist is using Amazon SageMaker hyperparameter optimization (HPO) to improve a model's accuracy. The learning rate parameter is specified in the following HPO configuration:

```
{
  "Name": "learning_rate",
  "MaxValue" : "0.0001",
  "MinValue": "0.1"
}
```

During the results analysis, the ML specialist determines that most of the training jobs had a learning rate between 0.01 and 0.1. The best result had a learning rate of less than 0.01. Training jobs need to run regularly over a changing dataset. The ML specialist needs to find a tuning mechanism that uses different learning rates more evenly from the provided range between MinValue and MaxValue.

Which solution provides the MOST accurate result?

A. Modify the HPO configuration as follows: C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Data\Odt data\Untitled.jpg Select the most accurate hyperparameter configuration form this HPO job.

```
{
  "Name": "learning_rate",
  "MaxValue" : "0.0001",
  "MinValue": "0.1"
  "ScalingType": "ReverseLogarithmic"
}
```

B. Run three different HPO jobs that use different learning rates form the following intervals for MinValue and MaxValue while using the same number of training jobs for each HPO job:[0.01, 0.1][0.001, 0.01][0.0001, 0.001] Select the most accurate hyperparameter configuration form these three HPO jobs.

C. Modify the HPO configuration as follows: C:\Users\Admin\Desktop\Data\Odt data\Untitled.jpg

```
{
  "Name": "learning_rate",
  "MaxValue" : "0.0001",
  "MinValue": "0.1"
  "ScalingType": "Logarithmic"
}
```

Select the most accurate hyperparameter configuration form this training job.

D. Run three different HPO jobs that use different learning rates form the following intervals for MinValue and MaxValu

E. Divide the number of training jobs for each HPO job by three:[0.01, 0.1][0.001, 0.01][0.0001, 0.001] Select the most accurate hyperparameter configuration form these three HPO jobs.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 5

A retail company intends to use machine learning to categorize new products A labeled dataset of current products was provided to the Data Science team The dataset includes 1 200 products The labeled dataset has 15 features for each product such as title dimensions, weight, and price Each product is labeled as belonging to one of six categories such as books, games, electronics, and movies.

Which model should be used for categorizing new products using the provided dataset for training?

- A. An XGBoost model where the objective parameter is set to multi: softmax
- B. A deep convolutional neural network (CNN) with a softmax activation function for the last layer
- C. A regression forest where the number of trees is set equal to the number of product categories
- D. A DeepAR forecasting model based on a recurrent neural network (RNN)

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

A Machine Learning Specialist was given a dataset consisting of unlabeled data The Specialist must create a model that can help the team classify the data into different buckets What model should be used to complete this work?

- A. K-means clustering
- B. Random Cut Forest (RCF)
- C. XGBoost
- D. BlazingText

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 7

A Machine Learning Specialist is creating a new natural language processing application that processes a dataset comprised of 1 million sentences The aim is to then run Word2Vec to generate embeddings of the sentences and enable different types of predictions

Here is an example from the dataset

"The quck BROWN FOX jumps over the lazy dog "

Which of the following are the operations the Specialist needs to perform to correctly sanitize and prepare the data in a repeatable manner? (Select THREE)

- A. Perform part-of-speech tagging and keep the action verb and the nouns only
- B. Normalize all words by making the sentence lowercase
- C. Remove stop words using an English stopword dictionary.
- D. Correct the typography on "quck" to "quick."
- E. One-hot encode all words in the sentence
- F. Tokenize the sentence into words.

Answer: BCF

NEW QUESTION 8

A Machine Learning Specialist is using Apache Spark for pre-processing training data. As part of the Spark pipeline, the Specialist wants to use Amazon SageMaker for training a model and hosting it. Which of the following would the Specialist do to integrate the Spark application with SageMaker? (Select THREE)

- A. Download the AWS SDK for the Spark environment
- B. Install the SageMaker Spark library in the Spark environment.
- C. Use the appropriate estimator from the SageMaker Spark Library to train a model.
- D. Compress the training data into a ZIP file and upload it to a pre-defined Amazon S3 bucket.
- E. Use the `sageMakerMode`
- F. transform method to get inferences from the model hosted in SageMaker
- G. Convert the DataFrame object to a CSV file, and use the CSV file as input for obtaining inferences from SageMaker.

Answer: DEF

NEW QUESTION 9

A Machine Learning team uses Amazon SageMaker to train an Apache MXNet handwritten digit classifier model using a research dataset. The team wants to receive a notification when the model is overfitting. Auditors want to view the Amazon SageMaker log activity report to ensure there are no unauthorized API calls. What should the Machine Learning team do to address the requirements with the least amount of code and fewest steps?

- A. Implement an AWS Lambda function to log Amazon SageMaker API calls to Amazon S3. Add code to push a custom metric to Amazon CloudWatch
- B. Create an alarm in CloudWatch with Amazon SNS to receive a notification when the model is overfitting.
- C. Use AWS CloudTrail to log Amazon SageMaker API calls to Amazon S3. Add code to push a custom metric to Amazon CloudWatch
- D. Create an alarm in CloudWatch with Amazon SNS to receive a notification when the model is overfitting.
- E. Implement an AWS Lambda function to log Amazon SageMaker API calls to AWS CloudTrail
- F. Add code to push a custom metric to Amazon CloudWatch
- G. Create an alarm in CloudWatch with Amazon SNS to receive a notification when the model is overfitting.
- H. Use AWS CloudTrail to log Amazon SageMaker API calls to Amazon S3. Set up Amazon SNS to receive a notification when the model is overfitting.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 10

An e-commerce company needs a customized training model to classify images of its shirts and pants products. The company needs a proof of concept in 2 to 3 days with good accuracy. Which compute choice should the Machine Learning Specialist select to train and achieve good accuracy on the model quickly?

- A. m5.xlarge (general purpose)
- B. r5.2xlarge (memory optimized)
- C. p3.2xlarge (GPU accelerated computing)
- D. p3.8xlarge (GPU accelerated computing)

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 10

A company is setting up an Amazon SageMaker environment. The corporate data security policy does not allow communication over the internet. How can the company enable the Amazon SageMaker service without enabling direct internet access to Amazon SageMaker notebook instances?

- A. Create a NAT gateway within the corporate VPC.
- B. Route Amazon SageMaker traffic through an on-premises network.
- C. Create Amazon SageMaker VPC interface endpoints within the corporate VPC.
- D. Create VPC peering with Amazon VPC hosting Amazon SageMaker.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 15

A Machine Learning Specialist at a company sensitive to security is preparing a dataset for model training. The dataset is stored in Amazon S3 and contains Personally Identifiable Information (PII). The dataset:

* Must be accessible from a VPC only.

* Must not traverse the public internet. How can these requirements be satisfied?

- A. Create a VPC endpoint and apply a bucket access policy that restricts access to the given VPC endpoint and the VPC.
- B. Create a VPC endpoint and apply a bucket access policy that allows access from the given VPC endpoint and an Amazon EC2 instance.
- C. Create a VPC endpoint and use Network Access Control Lists (NACLs) to allow traffic between only the given VPC endpoint and an Amazon EC2 instance.
- D. Create a VPC endpoint and use security groups to restrict access to the given VPC endpoint and an Amazon EC2 instance.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 20

A Machine Learning team runs its own training algorithm on Amazon SageMaker. The training algorithm requires external assets. The team needs to submit both its own algorithm code and algorithm-specific parameters to Amazon SageMaker.

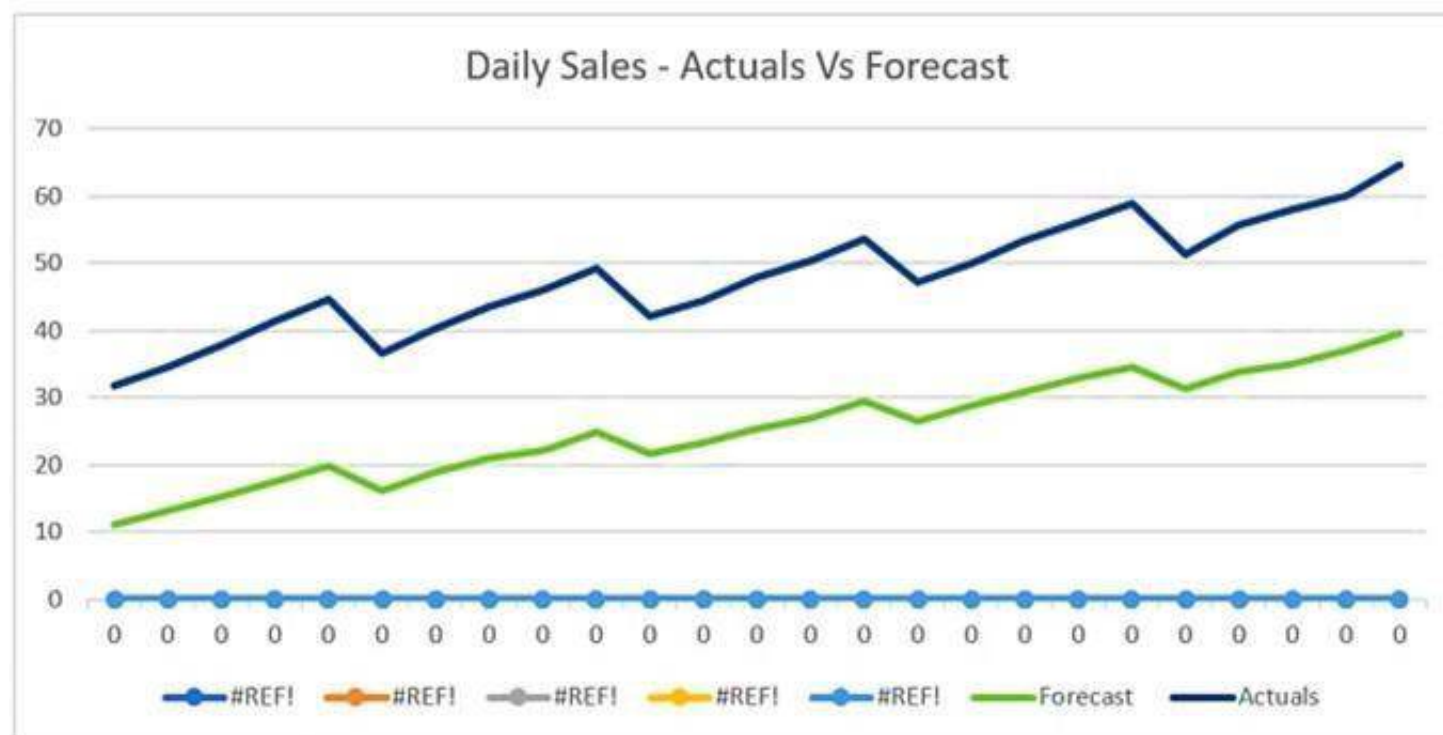
What combination of services should the team use to build a custom algorithm in Amazon SageMaker? (Choose two.)

- A. AWS Secrets Manager
- B. AWS CodeStar
- C. Amazon ECR
- D. Amazon ECS
- E. Amazon S3

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 23

The displayed graph is from a forecasting model for testing a time series.



Considering the graph only, which conclusion should a Machine Learning Specialist make about the behavior of the model?

- A. The model predicts both the trend and the seasonality well.
- B. The model predicts the trend well, but not the seasonality.
- C. The model predicts the seasonality well, but not the trend.
- D. The model does not predict the trend or the seasonality well.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 25

A financial services company wants to adopt Amazon SageMaker as its default data science environment. The company's data scientists run machine learning (ML) models on confidential financial data. The company is worried about data egress and wants an ML engineer to secure the environment. Which mechanisms can the ML engineer use to control data egress from SageMaker? (Choose three.)

- A. Connect to SageMaker by using a VPC interface endpoint powered by AWS PrivateLink.
- B. Use SCPs to restrict access to SageMaker.
- C. Disable root access on the SageMaker notebook instances.
- D. Enable network isolation for training jobs and models.
- E. Restrict notebook presigned URLs to specific IPs used by the company.
- F. Protect data with encryption at rest and in transi
- G. Use AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) to manage encryption keys.

Answer: BDE

Explanation:

<https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/machine-learning/millennium-management-secure-machine-learning-using-amaz>

NEW QUESTION 29

A company wants to use automatic speech recognition (ASR) to transcribe messages that are less than 60 seconds long from a voicemail-style application. The company requires the correct identification of 200 unique product names, some of which have unique spellings or pronunciations. The company has 4,000 words of Amazon SageMaker Ground Truth voicemail transcripts it can use to customize the chosen ASR model. The company needs to ensure that everyone can update their customizations multiple times each hour. Which approach will maximize transcription accuracy during the development phase?

- A. Use a voice-driven Amazon Lex bot to perform the ASR customizatio
- B. Create customer slots within the bot that specifically identify each of the required product name
- C. Use the Amazon Lex synonym mechanism to provide additional variations of each product name as mis-transcriptions are identified in development.
- D. Use Amazon Transcribe to perform the ASR customizatio
- E. Analyze the word confidence scores in the transcript, and automatically create or update a custom vocabulary file with any word that has a confidence score below an acceptable threshold valu
- F. Use this updated custom vocabulary file in all future transcription tasks.
- G. Create a custom vocabulary file containing each product name with phonetic pronunciations, and use it with Amazon Transcribe to perform the ASR customizatio
- H. Analyze the transcripts and manually update the custom vocabulary file to include updated or additional entries for those names that are not being correctly identified.
- I. Use the audio transcripts to create a training dataset and build an Amazon Transcribe custom language mode
- J. Analyze the transcripts and update the training dataset with a manually corrected version of transcripts where product names are not being transcribed correctl
- K. Create an updated custom language model.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 30

A Data Scientist needs to migrate an existing on-premises ETL process to the cloud The current process runs at regular time intervals and uses PySpark to

combine and format multiple large data sources into a single consolidated output for downstream processing
The Data Scientist has been given the following requirements for the cloud solution

- * Combine multiple data sources
 - * Reuse existing PySpark logic
 - * Run the solution on the existing schedule
 - * Minimize the number of servers that will need to be managed
- Which architecture should the Data Scientist use to build this solution?

- A. Write the raw data to Amazon S3 Schedule an AWS Lambda function to submit a Spark step to a persistent Amazon EMR cluster based on the existing schedule Use the existing PySpark logic to run the ETL job on the EMR cluster Output the results to a "processed" location in Amazon S3 that is accessible for downstream use
- B. Write the raw data to Amazon S3 Create an AWS Glue ETL job to perform the ETL processing against the input data Write the ETL job in PySpark to leverage the existing logic Create a new AWS Glue trigger to trigger the ETL job based on the existing schedule Configure the output target of the ETL job to write to a "processed" location in Amazon S3 that is accessible for downstream use.
- C. Write the raw data to Amazon S3 Schedule an AWS Lambda function to run on the existing schedule and process the input data from Amazon S3 Write the Lambda logic in Python and implement the existing PySpark logic to perform the ETL process Have the Lambda function output the results to a "processed" location in Amazon S3 that is accessible for downstream use
- D. Use Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics to stream the input data and perform realtime SQL queries against the stream to carry out the required transformations within the stream Deliver the output results to a "processed" location in Amazon S3 that is accessible for downstream use

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 31

A Machine Learning Specialist needs to move and transform data in preparation for training Some of the data needs to be processed in near-real time and other data can be moved hourly There are existing Amazon EMR MapReduce jobs to clean and feature engineering to perform on the data
Which of the following services can feed data to the MapReduce jobs? (Select TWO)

- A. AWS DMS
- B. Amazon Kinesis
- C. AWS Data Pipeline
- D. Amazon Athena
- E. Amazon ES

Answer: BC

Explanation:

<https://aws.amazon.com/jp/emr/?whats-new-cards.sort-by=item.additionalFields.postDateTime&whats-new-car>

NEW QUESTION 34

A large company has developed a B1 application that generates reports and dashboards using data collected from various operational metrics The company wants to provide executives with an enhanced experience so they can use natural language to get data from the reports The company wants the executives to be able to ask questions using written and spoken interfaces
Which combination of services can be used to build this conversational interface? (Select THREE)

- A. Alexa for Business
- B. Amazon Connect
- C. Amazon Lex
- D. Amazon Polly
- E. Amazon Comprehend
- F. Amazon Transcribe

Answer: BEF

NEW QUESTION 35

A Machine Learning Specialist is configuring automatic model tuning in Amazon SageMaker
When using the hyperparameter optimization feature, which of the following guidelines should be followed to improve optimization?
Choose the maximum number of hyperparameters supported by

- A. Amazon SageMaker to search the largest number of combinations possible
- B. Specify a very large hyperparameter range to allow Amazon SageMaker to cover every possible value.
- C. Use log-scaled hyperparameters to allow the hyperparameter space to be searched as quickly as possible
- D. Execute only one hyperparameter tuning job at a time and improve tuning through successive rounds of experiments

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 38

A Machine Learning Specialist wants to bring a custom algorithm to Amazon SageMaker. The Specialist implements the algorithm in a Docker container supported by Amazon SageMaker.
How should the Specialist package the Docker container so that Amazon SageMaker can launch the training correctly?

- A. Modify the bash_profile file in the container and add a bash command to start the training program
- B. Use CMD config in the Dockerfile to add the training program as a CMD of the image
- C. Configure the training program as an ENTRYPOINT named train
- D. Copy the training program to directory /opt/ml/train

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 39

An ecommerce company is automating the categorization of its products based on images. A data scientist has trained a computer vision model using the Amazon SageMaker image classification algorithm. The images for each product are classified according to specific product lines. The accuracy of the model is too low when categorizing new products. All of the product images have the same dimensions and are stored within an Amazon S3 bucket. The company wants to improve the model so it can be used for new products as soon as possible.

Which steps would improve the accuracy of the solution? (Choose three.)

- A. Use the SageMaker semantic segmentation algorithm to train a new model to achieve improved accuracy.
- B. Use the Amazon Rekognition DetectLabels API to classify the products in the dataset.
- C. Augment the images in the dataset
- D. Use open source libraries to crop, resize, flip, rotate, and adjust the brightness and contrast of the images.
- E. Use a SageMaker notebook to implement the normalization of pixels and scaling of the image
- F. Store the new dataset in Amazon S3.
- G. Use Amazon Rekognition Custom Labels to train a new model.
- H. Check whether there are class imbalances in the product categories, and apply oversampling or undersampling as require
- I. Store the new dataset in Amazon S3.

Answer: BCE

NEW QUESTION 41

A Machine Learning Specialist is building a convolutional neural network (CNN) that will classify 10 types of animals. The Specialist has built a series of layers in a neural network that will take an input image of an animal, pass it through a series of convolutional and pooling layers, and then finally pass it through a dense and fully connected layer with 10 nodes. The Specialist would like to get an output from the neural network that is a probability distribution of how likely it is that the input image belongs to each of the 10 classes.

Which function will produce the desired output?

- A. Dropout
- B. Smooth L1 loss
- C. Softmax
- D. Rectified linear units (ReLU)

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 44

A machine learning (ML) specialist must develop a classification model for a financial services company. A domain expert provides the dataset, which is tabular with 10,000 rows and 1,020 features. During exploratory data analysis, the specialist finds no missing values and a small percentage of duplicate rows. There are correlation scores of > 0.9 for 200 feature pairs. The mean value of each feature is similar to its 50th percentile.

Which feature engineering strategy should the ML specialist use with Amazon SageMaker?

- A. Apply dimensionality reduction by using the principal component analysis (PCA) algorithm.
- B. Drop the features with low correlation scores by using a Jupyter notebook.
- C. Apply anomaly detection by using the Random Cut Forest (RCF) algorithm.
- D. Concatenate the features with high correlation scores by using a Jupyter notebook.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 49

A real estate company wants to create a machine learning model for predicting housing prices based on a historical dataset. The dataset contains 32 features. Which model will meet the business requirement?

- A. Logistic regression
- B. Linear regression
- C. K-means
- D. Principal component analysis (PCA)

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 51

A large JSON dataset for a project has been uploaded to a private Amazon S3 bucket. The Machine Learning Specialist wants to securely access and explore the data from an Amazon SageMaker notebook instance. A new VPC was created and assigned to the Specialist.

How can the privacy and integrity of the data stored in Amazon S3 be maintained while granting access to the Specialist for analysis?

- A. Launch the SageMaker notebook instance within the VPC with SageMaker-provided internet access enabled. Use an S3 ACL to open read privileges to the everyone group.
- B. Launch the SageMaker notebook instance within the VPC and create an S3 VPC endpoint for the notebook to access the data. Copy the JSON dataset from Amazon S3 into the ML storage volume on the SageMaker notebook instance and work against the local dataset.
- C. Launch the SageMaker notebook instance within the VPC and create an S3 VPC endpoint for the notebook to access the data. Define a custom S3 bucket policy to only allow requests from your VPC to access the S3 bucket.
- D. Launch the SageMaker notebook instance within the VPC with SageMaker-provided internet access enabled.
- E. Generate an S3 pre-signed URL for access to data in the bucket.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 55

A Machine Learning Specialist is deciding between building a naive Bayesian model or a full Bayesian network for a classification problem. The Specialist computes the Pearson correlation coefficients between each feature and finds that their absolute values range between 0.1 to 0.95.

Which model describes the underlying data in this situation?

- A. A naive Bayesian model, since the features are all conditionally independent.

- B. A full Bayesian network, since the features are all conditionally independent.
- C. A naive Bayesian model, since some of the features are statistically dependent.
- D. A full Bayesian network, since some of the features are statistically dependent.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 58

A Machine Learning Specialist is developing a daily ETL workflow containing multiple ETL jobs. The workflow consists of the following processes:

- * Start the workflow as soon as data is uploaded to Amazon S3
- * When all the datasets are available in Amazon S3, start an ETL job to join the uploaded datasets with multiple terabyte-sized datasets already stored in Amazon S3
- * Store the results of joining datasets in Amazon S3
- * If one of the jobs fails, send a notification to the Administrator. Which configuration will meet these requirements?

- A. Use AWS Lambda to trigger an AWS Step Functions workflow to wait for dataset uploads to complete in Amazon S3. Use AWS Glue to join the datasets. Use an Amazon CloudWatch alarm to send an SNS notification to the Administrator in the case of a failure.
- B. Develop the ETL workflow using AWS Lambda to start an Amazon SageMaker notebook instance. Use a lifecycle configuration script to join the datasets and persist the results in Amazon S3. Use an Amazon CloudWatch alarm to send an SNS notification to the Administrator in the case of a failure.
- C. Develop the ETL workflow using AWS Batch to trigger the start of ETL jobs when data is uploaded to Amazon S3. Use AWS Glue to join the datasets in Amazon S3. Use an Amazon CloudWatch alarm to send an SNS notification to the Administrator in the case of a failure.
- D. Use AWS Lambda to chain other Lambda functions to read and join the datasets in Amazon S3 as soon as the data is uploaded to Amazon S3. Use an Amazon CloudWatch alarm to send an SNS notification to the Administrator in the case of a failure.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 61

A machine learning (ML) specialist needs to extract embedding vectors from a text series. The goal is to provide a ready-to-ingest feature space for a data scientist to develop downstream ML predictive models. The text consists of curated sentences in English. Many sentences use similar words but in different contexts. There are questions and answers among the sentences, and the embedding space must differentiate between them.

Which options can produce the required embedding vectors that capture word context and sequential QA information? (Choose two.)

- A. Amazon SageMaker seq2seq algorithm
- B. Amazon SageMaker BlazingText algorithm in Skip-gram mode
- C. Amazon SageMaker Object2Vec algorithm
- D. Amazon SageMaker BlazingText algorithm in continuous bag-of-words (CBOW) mode
- E. Combination of the Amazon SageMaker BlazingText algorithm in Batch Skip-gram mode with a custom recurrent neural network (RNN)

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 63

A Machine Learning Specialist is training a model to identify the make and model of vehicles in images. The Specialist wants to use transfer learning and an existing model trained on images of general objects. The Specialist collated a large custom dataset of pictures containing different vehicle makes and models.

- A. Initialize the model with random weights in all layers including the last fully connected layer.
- B. Initialize the model with pre-trained weights in all layers and replace the last fully connected layer.
- C. Initialize the model with random weights in all layers and replace the last fully connected layer.
- D. Initialize the model with pre-trained weights in all layers including the last fully connected layer.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 65

A retail company wants to combine its customer orders with the product description data from its product catalog. The structure and format of the records in each dataset is different. A data analyst tried to use a spreadsheet to combine the datasets, but the effort resulted in duplicate records and records that were not properly combined. The company needs a solution that it can use to combine similar records from the two datasets and remove any duplicates.

Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Use an AWS Lambda function to process the data.
- B. Use two arrays to compare equal strings in the fields from the two datasets and remove any duplicates.
- C. Create AWS Glue crawlers for reading and populating the AWS Glue Data Catalog.
- D. Call the AWS Glue SearchTables API operation to perform a fuzzy-matching search on the two datasets, and cleanse the data accordingly.
- E. Create AWS Glue crawlers for reading and populating the AWS Glue Data Catalog.
- F. Use the FindMatches transform to cleanse the data.
- G. Create an AWS Lake Formation custom transform.
- H. Run a transformation for matching products from the Lake Formation console to cleanse the data automatically.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 66

A manufacturing company has structured and unstructured data stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. A Machine Learning Specialist wants to use SQL to run queries on this data. Which solution requires the LEAST effort to be able to query this data?

- A. Use AWS Data Pipeline to transform the data and Amazon RDS to run queries.
- B. Use AWS Glue to catalogue the data and Amazon Athena to run queries.
- C. Use AWS Batch to run ETL on the data and Amazon Aurora to run the queries.
- D. Use AWS Lambda to transform the data and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics to run queries.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 71

A company supplies wholesale clothing to thousands of retail stores. A data scientist must create a model that predicts the daily sales volume for each item for each store. The data scientist discovers that more than half of the stores have been in business for less than 6 months. Sales data is highly consistent from week to week. Daily data from the database has been aggregated weekly, and weeks with no sales are omitted from the current dataset. Five years (100 MB) of sales data is available in Amazon S3.

Which factors will adversely impact the performance of the forecast model to be developed, and which actions should the data scientist take to mitigate them? (Choose two.)

- A. Detecting seasonality for the majority of stores will be an issue
- B. Request categorical data to relate new stores with similar stores that have more historical data.
- C. The sales data does not have enough variance
- D. Request external sales data from other industries to improve the model's ability to generalize.
- E. Sales data is aggregated by week
- F. Request daily sales data from the source database to enable building a daily model.
- G. The sales data is missing zero entries for item sale
- H. Request that item sales data from the source database include zero entries to enable building the model.
- I. Only 100 MB of sales data is available in Amazon S3. Request 10 years of sales data, which would provide 200 MB of training data for the model.

Answer: AB

NEW QUESTION 73

A data engineer at a bank is evaluating a new tabular dataset that includes customer data. The data engineer will use the customer data to create a new model to predict customer behavior. After creating a correlation matrix for the variables, the data engineer notices that many of the 100 features are highly correlated with each other.

Which steps should the data engineer take to address this issue? (Choose two.)

- A. Use a linear-based algorithm to train the model.
- B. Apply principal component analysis (PCA).
- C. Remove a portion of highly correlated features from the dataset.
- D. Apply min-max feature scaling to the dataset.
- E. Apply one-hot encoding category-based variables.

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 77

A Data Scientist is developing a machine learning model to classify whether a financial transaction is fraudulent. The labeled data available for training consists of 100,000 non-fraudulent observations and 1,000 fraudulent observations.

The Data Scientist applies the XGBoost algorithm to the data, resulting in the following confusion matrix when the trained model is applied to a previously unseen validation dataset. The accuracy of the model is 99.1%, but the Data Scientist needs to reduce the number of false negatives.

Predicted	0	1
Actual	99,966	34
	1	877
		123

Which combination of steps should the Data Scientist take to reduce the number of false negative predictions by the model? (Choose two.)

- A. Change the XGBoost eval_metric parameter to optimize based on Root Mean Square Error (RMSE).
- B. Increase the XGBoost scale_pos_weight parameter to adjust the balance of positive and negative weights.
- C. Increase the XGBoost max_depth parameter because the model is currently underfitting the data.
- D. Change the XGBoost eval_metric parameter to optimize based on Area Under the ROC Curve (AUC).
- E. Decrease the XGBoost max_depth parameter because the model is currently overfitting the data.

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 81

A machine learning specialist is developing a regression model to predict rental rates from rental listings. A variable named Wall_Color represents the most prominent exterior wall color of the property. The following is the sample data, excluding all other variables:

Property_ID	Wall_Color
1000	Red
1001	White
1002	Green

The specialist chose a model that needs numerical input data.

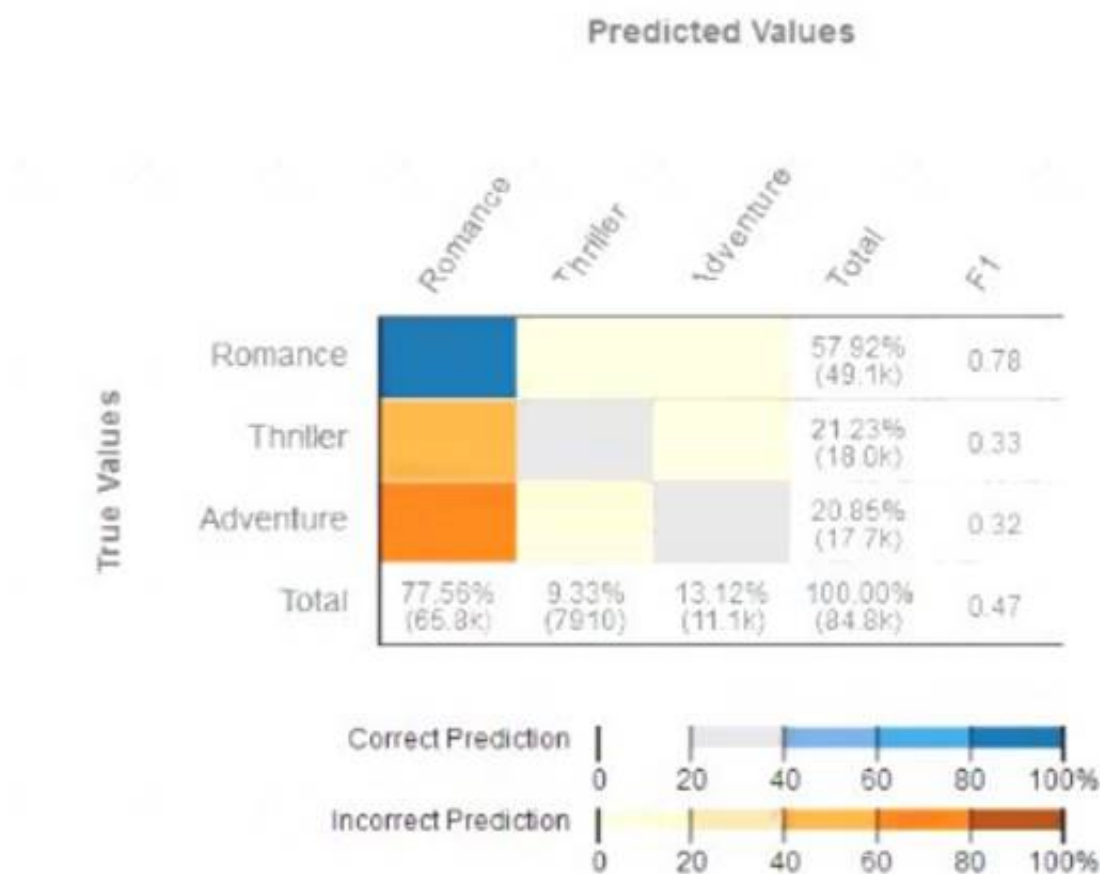
Which feature engineering approaches should the specialist use to allow the regression model to learn from the Wall_Color data? (Choose two.)

- A. Apply integer transformation and set Red = 1, White = 5, and Green = 10.
- B. Add new columns that store one-hot representation of colors.
- C. Replace the color name string by its length.
- D. Create three columns to encode the color in RGB format.
- E. Replace each color name by its training set frequency.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 83

Given the following confusion matrix for a movie classification model, what is the true class frequency for Romance and the predicted class frequency for Adventure?



- A. The true class frequency for Romance is 77.56% and the predicted class frequency for Adventure is 20.85%
 B. The true class frequency for Romance is 57.92% and the predicted class frequency for Adventure is 13.12%
 C. The true class frequency for Romance is 0.78 and the predicted class frequency for Adventure is (0.47 - 0.32).
 D. The true class frequency for Romance is 77.56% * 0.78 and the predicted class frequency for Adventure is 20.85% * 0.32

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/machine-learning/latest/dg/multiclass-model-insights.html>

NEW QUESTION 87

A Machine Learning Specialist is attempting to build a linear regression model.
 Given the displayed residual plot only, what is the MOST likely problem with the model?

- A. Linear regression is inappropriate
 B. The residuals do not have constant variance.
 C. Linear regression is inappropriate
 D. The underlying data has outliers.
 E. Linear regression is appropriate
 F. The residuals have a zero mean.
 G. Linear regression is appropriate
 H. The residuals have constant variance.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 90

A data scientist has been running an Amazon SageMaker notebook instance for a few weeks. During this time, a new version of Jupyter Notebook was released along with additional software updates. The security team mandates that all running SageMaker notebook instances use the latest security and software updates provided by SageMaker.

How can the data scientist meet this requirements?

- A. Call the CreateNotebookInstanceLifecycleConfig API operation
 B. Create a new SageMaker notebook instance and mount the Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volume from the original instance
 C. Stop and then restart the SageMaker notebook instance
 D. Call the UpdateNotebookInstanceLifecycleConfig API operation

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 94

A company is launching a new product and needs to build a mechanism to monitor comments about the company and its new product on social media. The company needs to be able to evaluate the sentiment expressed in social media posts, and visualize trends and configure alarms based on various thresholds. The company needs to implement this solution quickly, and wants to minimize the infrastructure and data science resources needed to evaluate the messages. The company already has a solution in place to collect posts and store them within an Amazon S3 bucket.

What services should the data science team use to deliver this solution?

- A. Train a model in Amazon SageMaker by using the BlazingText algorithm to detect sentiment in the corpus of social media post
 B. Expose an endpoint that can be called by AWS Lambda
 C. Trigger a Lambda function when posts are added to the S3 bucket to invoke the endpoint and record the sentiment in an Amazon DynamoDB table and in a custom Amazon CloudWatch metric
 D. Use CloudWatch alarms to notify analysts of trends.
 E. Train a model in Amazon SageMaker by using the semantic segmentation algorithm to model the semantic content in the corpus of social media post
 F. Expose an endpoint that can be called by AWS Lambda

- G. Trigger a Lambda function when objects are added to the S3 bucket to invoke the endpoint and record the sentiment in an Amazon DynamoDB table
- H. Schedule a second Lambda function to query recently added records and send an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) notification to notify analysts of trends.
- I. Trigger an AWS Lambda function when social media posts are added to the S3 bucket
- J. Call Amazon Comprehend for each post to capture the sentiment in the message and record the sentiment in an Amazon DynamoDB table
- K. Schedule a second Lambda function to query recently added records and send an Amazon Simple Notification Service (Amazon SNS) notification to notify analysts of trends.
- L. Trigger an AWS Lambda function when social media posts are added to the S3 bucket
- M. Call Amazon Comprehend for each post to capture the sentiment in the message and record the sentiment in a custom Amazon CloudWatch metric and in S3. Use CloudWatch alarms to notify analysts of trends.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 97

A company wants to create a data repository in the AWS Cloud for machine learning (ML) projects. The company wants to use AWS to perform complete ML lifecycles and wants to use Amazon S3 for the data storage. All of the company's data currently resides on premises and is 40 TB in size. The company wants a solution that can transfer and automatically update data between the on-premises object storage and Amazon S3. The solution must support encryption, scheduling, monitoring, and data integrity validation. Which solution meets these requirements?

- A. Use the S3 sync command to compare the source S3 bucket and the destination S3 bucket
- B. Determine which source files do not exist in the destination S3 bucket and which source files were modified.
- C. Use AWS Transfer for FTPS to transfer the files from the on-premises storage to Amazon S3.
- D. Use AWS DataSync to make an initial copy of the entire dataset
- E. Schedule subsequent incremental transfers of changing data until the final cutover from on premises to AWS.
- F. Use S3 Batch Operations to pull data periodically from the on-premises storage
- G. Enable S3 Versioning on the S3 bucket to protect against accidental overwrites.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Configure DataSync to make an initial copy of your entire dataset, and schedule subsequent incremental transfers of changing data until the final cut-over from on-premises to AWS.

NEW QUESTION 101

A retail chain has been ingesting purchasing records from its network of 20,000 stores to Amazon S3 using Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose. To support training an improved machine learning model, training records will require new but simple transformations, and some attributes will be combined. The model needs to be retrained daily. Given the large number of stores and the legacy data ingestion, which change will require the LEAST amount of development effort?

- A. Require that the stores switch to capturing their data locally on AWS Storage Gateway for loading into Amazon S3 then use AWS Glue to do the transformation
- B. Deploy an Amazon EMR cluster running Apache Spark with the transformation logic, and have the cluster run each day on the accumulating records in Amazon S3, outputting new/transformed records to Amazon S3
- C. Spin up a fleet of Amazon EC2 instances with the transformation logic, have them transform the data records accumulating on Amazon S3, and output the transformed records to Amazon S3.
- D. Insert an Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics stream downstream of the Kinesis Data Firehose stream that transforms raw record attributes into simple transformed values using SQL.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 103

A manufacturing company asks its Machine Learning Specialist to develop a model that classifies defective parts into one of eight defect types. The company has provided roughly 100,000 images per defect type for training. During the initial training of the image classification model, the Specialist notices that the validation accuracy is 80%, while the training accuracy is 90%. It is known that human-level performance for this type of image classification is around 90%. What should the Specialist consider to fix this issue?

- A. A longer training time
- B. Making the network larger
- C. Using a different optimizer
- D. Using some form of regularization

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 105

A company has an ecommerce website with a product recommendation engine built in TensorFlow. The recommendation engine endpoint is hosted by Amazon SageMaker. Three compute-optimized instances support the expected peak load of the website. Response times on the product recommendation page are increasing at the beginning of each month. Some users are encountering errors. The website receives the majority of its traffic between 8 AM and 6 PM on weekdays in a single time zone. Which of the following options are the MOST effective in solving the issue while keeping costs to a minimum? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure the endpoint to use Amazon Elastic Inference (EI) accelerators.
- B. Create a new endpoint configuration with two production variants.
- C. Configure the endpoint to automatically scale with the `InvocationsPerInstance` metric.
- D. Deploy a second instance pool to support a blue/green deployment of models.
- E. Reconfigure the endpoint to use burstable instances.

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 110

A Machine Learning Specialist previously trained a logistic regression model using scikit-learn on a local machine, and the Specialist now wants to deploy it to production for inference only.

What steps should be taken to ensure Amazon SageMaker can host a model that was trained locally?

- A. Build the Docker image with the inference cod
- B. Tag the Docker image with the registry hostname and upload it to Amazon ECR.
- C. Serialize the trained model so the format is compressed for deploymen
- D. Tag the Docker image with the registry hostname and upload it to Amazon S3.
- E. Serialize the trained model so the format is compressed for deploymen
- F. Build the image and upload it to Docker Hub.
- G. Build the Docker image with the inference cod
- H. Configure Docker Hub and upload the image to AmazonECR.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 111

A credit card company wants to build a credit scoring model to help predict whether a new credit card applicant will default on a credit card payment. The company has collected data from a large number of sources with thousands of raw attributes. Early experiments to train a classification model revealed that many attributes are highly correlated, the large number of features slows down the training speed significantly, and that there are some overfitting issues.

The Data Scientist on this project would like to speed up the model training time without losing a lot of information from the original dataset.

Which feature engineering technique should the Data Scientist use to meet the objectives?

- A. Run self-correlation on all features and remove highly correlated features
- B. Normalize all numerical values to be between 0 and 1
- C. Use an autoencoder or principal component analysis (PCA) to replace original features with new features
- D. Cluster raw data using k-means and use sample data from each cluster to build a new dataset

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 112

A company provisions Amazon SageMaker notebook instances for its data science team and creates Amazon VPC interface endpoints to ensure communication between the VPC and the notebook instances. All connections to the Amazon SageMaker API are contained entirely and securely using the AWS network.

However, the data science team realizes that individuals outside the VPC can still connect to the notebook instances across the internet.

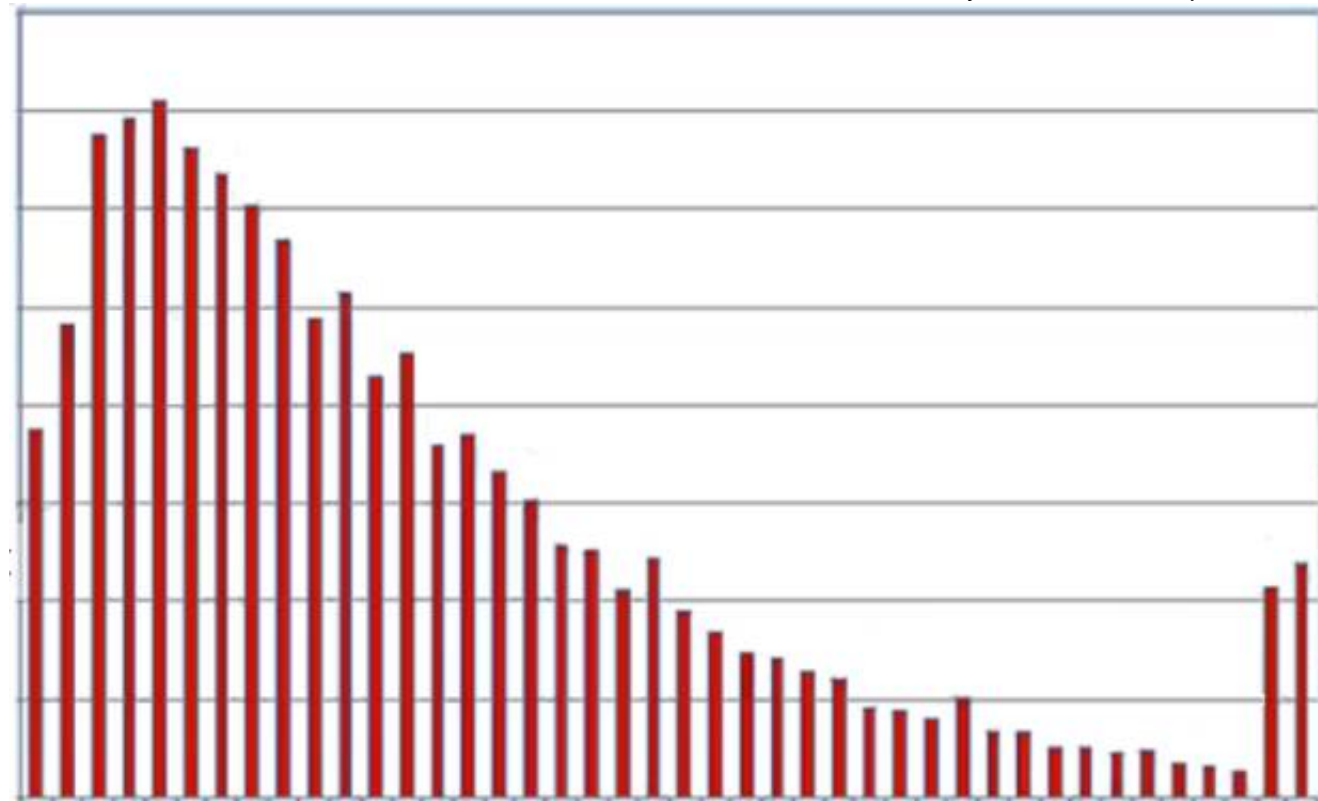
Which set of actions should the data science team take to fix the issue?

- A. Modify the notebook instances' security group to allow traffic only from the CIDR ranges of the VP
- B. Apply this security group to all of the notebook instances' VPC interfaces.
- C. Create an IAM policy that allows the sagemaker:CreatePresignedNotebookInstanceUrl and sagemaker:DescribeNotebookInstance actions from only the VPC endpoint
- D. Apply this policy to all IAM users, groups, and roles used to access the notebook instances.
- E. Add a NAT gateway to the VP
- F. Convert all of the subnets where the Amazon SageMaker notebook instances are hosted to private subnet
- G. Stop and start all of the notebook instances to reassign only private IP addresses.
- H. Change the network ACL of the subnet the notebook is hosted in to restrict access to anyone outside the VPC.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 117

A Data Scientist is building a linear regression model and will use resulting p-values to evaluate the statistical significance of each coefficient. Upon inspection of the dataset, the Data Scientist discovers that most of the features are normally distributed. The plot of one feature in the dataset is shown in the graphic.



What transformation should the Data Scientist apply to satisfy the statistical assumptions of the linear regression model?

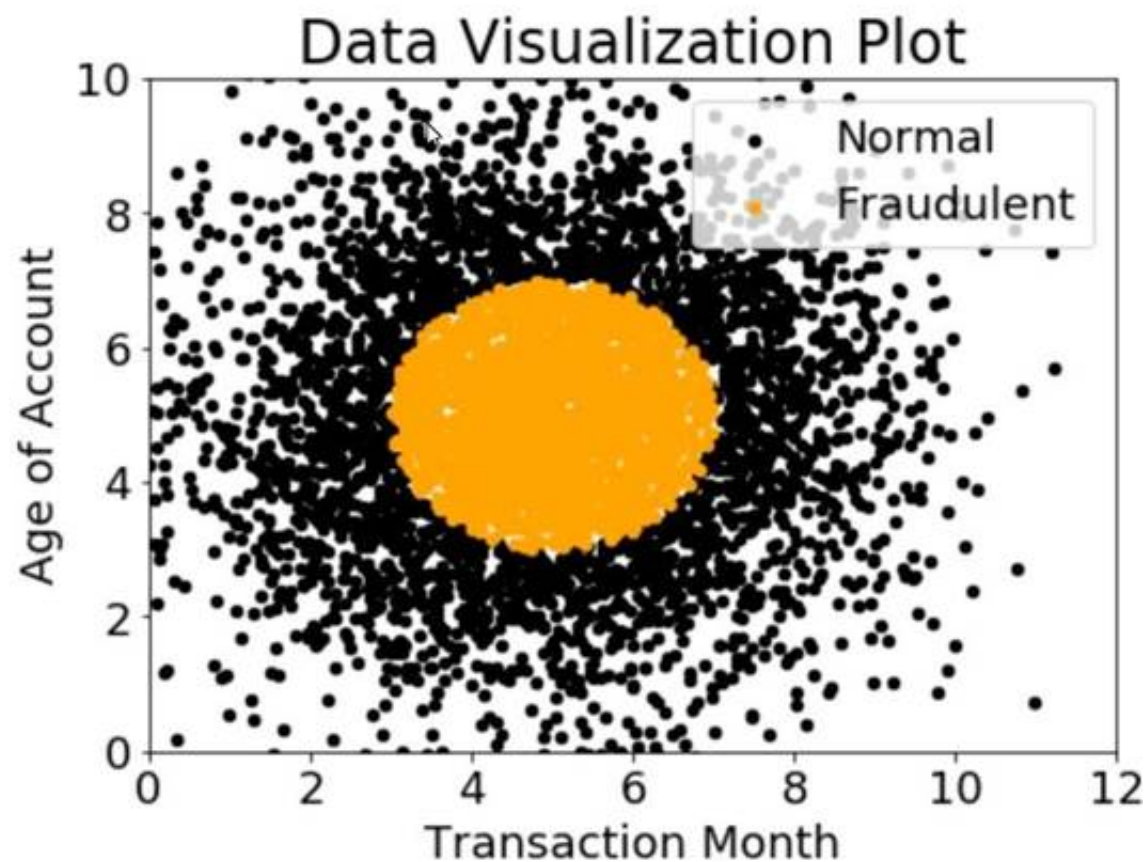
- A. Exponential transformation
- B. Logarithmic transformation
- C. Polynomial transformation

D. Sinusoidal transformation

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 118

A company wants to classify user behavior as either fraudulent or normal. Based on internal research, a Machine Learning Specialist would like to build a binary classifier based on two features: age of account and transaction month. The class distribution for these features is illustrated in the figure provided.



Based on this information, which model would have the HIGHEST recall with respect to the fraudulent class?

- A. Decision tree
- B. Linear support vector machine (SVM)
- C. Naive Bayesian classifier
- D. Single Perceptron with sigmoidal activation function

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 122

A company is running an Amazon SageMaker training job that will access data stored in its Amazon S3 bucket. A compliance policy requires that the data never be transmitted across the internet. How should the company set up the job?

- A. Launch the notebook instances in a public subnet and access the data through the public S3 endpoint
- B. Launch the notebook instances in a private subnet and access the data through a NAT gateway
- C. Launch the notebook instances in a public subnet and access the data through a NAT gateway
- D. Launch the notebook instances in a private subnet and access the data through an S3 VPC endpoint.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 123

A Machine Learning Specialist is building a logistic regression model that will predict whether or not a person will order a pizza. The Specialist is trying to build the optimal model with an ideal classification threshold.

What model evaluation technique should the Specialist use to understand how different classification thresholds will impact the model's performance?

- A. Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve
- B. Misclassification rate
- C. Root Mean Square Error (RMSE)
- D. L1 norm

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 124

A Machine Learning Specialist is working with a large company to leverage machine learning within its products. The company wants to group its customers into categories based on which customers will and will not churn within the next 6 months. The company has labeled the data available to the Specialist.

Which machine learning model type should the Specialist use to accomplish this task?

- A. Linear regression
- B. Classification
- C. Clustering
- D. Reinforcement learning

Answer: B

Explanation:

The goal of classification is to determine to which class or category a data point (customer in our case) belongs to. For classification problems, data scientists

would use historical data with predefined target variables AKA labels (churner/non-churner) – answers that need to be predicted – to train an algorithm. With classification, businesses can answer the following questions:

- Will this customer churn or not?
- Will a customer renew their subscription?
- Will a user downgrade a pricing plan?
- Are there any signs of unusual customer behavior?

NEW QUESTION 129

A company uses camera images of the tops of items displayed on store shelves to determine which items were removed and which ones still remain. After several hours of data labeling, the company has a total of 1,000 hand-labeled images covering 10 distinct items. The training results were poor. Which machine learning approach fulfills the company's long-term needs?

- A. Convert the images to grayscale and retrain the model
- B. Reduce the number of distinct items from 10 to 2, build the model, and iterate
- C. Attach different colored labels to each item, take the images again, and build the model
- D. Augment training data for each item using image variants like inversions and translations, build the model, and iterate.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 132

A Machine Learning Specialist has completed a proof of concept for a company using a small data sample and now the Specialist is ready to implement an end-to-end solution in AWS using Amazon SageMaker. The historical training data is stored in Amazon RDS. Which approach should the Specialist use for training a model using that data?

- A. Write a direct connection to the SQL database within the notebook and pull data in
- B. Push the data from Microsoft SQL Server to Amazon S3 using an AWS Data Pipeline and provide the S3 location within the notebook.
- C. Move the data to Amazon DynamoDB and set up a connection to DynamoDB within the notebook to pull data in
- D. Move the data to Amazon ElastiCache using AWS DMS and set up a connection within the notebook to pull data in for fast access.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 137

A company has raw user and transaction data stored in Amazon S3, a MySQL database, and Amazon RedShift. A Data Scientist needs to perform an analysis by joining the three datasets from Amazon S3, MySQL, and Amazon RedShift, and then calculating the average of a few selected columns from the joined data. Which AWS service should the Data Scientist use?

- A. Amazon Athena
- B. Amazon Redshift Spectrum
- C. AWS Glue
- D. Amazon QuickSight

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 142

A Machine Learning Specialist is given a structured dataset on the shopping habits of a company's customer base. The dataset contains thousands of columns of data and hundreds of numerical columns for each customer. The Specialist wants to identify whether there are natural groupings for these columns across all customers and visualize the results as quickly as possible. What approach should the Specialist take to accomplish these tasks?

- A. Embed the numerical features using the t-distributed stochastic neighbor embedding (t-SNE) algorithm and create a scatter plot.
- B. Run k-means using the Euclidean distance measure for different values of k and create an elbow plot.
- C. Embed the numerical features using the t-distributed stochastic neighbor embedding (t-SNE) algorithm and create a line graph.
- D. Run k-means using the Euclidean distance measure for different values of k and create box plots for each numerical column within each cluster.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 145

A Machine Learning Specialist is working with a large cybersecurity company that manages security events in real time for companies around the world. The cybersecurity company wants to design a solution that will allow it to use machine learning to score malicious events as anomalies on the data as it is being ingested. The company also wants to be able to save the results in its data lake for later processing and analysis. What is the MOST efficient way to accomplish these tasks?

- A. Ingest the data using Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose, and use Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics Random Cut Forest (RCF) for anomaly detection. Then use Kinesis Data Firehose to stream the results to Amazon S3.
- B. Ingest the data into Apache Spark Streaming using Amazon EMR.
- C. and use Spark MLlib with k-means to perform anomaly detection. Then store the results in an Apache Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) using Amazon EMR with a replication factor of three as the data lake.
- D. Ingest the data and store it in Amazon S3. Use AWS Batch along with the AWS Deep Learning AMIs to train a k-means model using TensorFlow on the data in Amazon S3.
- E. Ingest the data and store it in Amazon S3. Have an AWS Glue job that is triggered on demand transform the new data. Then use the built-in Random Cut Forest (RCF) model within Amazon SageMaker to detect anomalies in the data.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 150

A bank's Machine Learning team is developing an approach for credit card fraud detection. The company has a large dataset of historical data labeled as fraudulent. The goal is to build a model to take the information from new transactions and predict whether each transaction is fraudulent or not. Which built-in Amazon SageMaker machine learning algorithm should be used for modeling this problem?

- A. Seq2seq
- B. XGBoost
- C. K-means
- D. Random Cut Forest (RCF)

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 155

A machine learning specialist stores IoT soil sensor data in Amazon DynamoDB table and stores weather event data as JSON files in Amazon S3. The dataset in DynamoDB is 10 GB in size and the dataset in Amazon S3 is 5 GB in size. The specialist wants to train a model on this data to help predict soil moisture levels as a function of weather events using Amazon SageMaker.

Which solution will accomplish the necessary transformation to train the Amazon SageMaker model with the LEAST amount of administrative overhead?

- A. Launch an Amazon EMR cluster
- B. Create an Apache Hive external table for the DynamoDB table and S3 data
- C. Join the Hive tables and write the results out to Amazon S3.
- D. Crawl the data using AWS Glue crawler
- E. Write an AWS Glue ETL job that merges the two tables and writes the output to an Amazon Redshift cluster.
- F. Enable Amazon DynamoDB Streams on the sensor table
- G. Write an AWS Lambda function that consumes the stream and appends the results to the existing weather files in Amazon S3.
- H. Crawl the data using AWS Glue crawler
- I. Write an AWS Glue ETL job that merges the two tables and writes the output in CSV format to Amazon S3.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 157

A company's Machine Learning Specialist needs to improve the training speed of a time-series forecasting model using TensorFlow. The training is currently implemented on a single-GPU machine and takes approximately 23 hours to complete. The training needs to be run daily.

The model accuracy is acceptable, but the company anticipates a continuous increase in the size of the training data and a need to update the model on an hourly, rather than a daily, basis. The company also wants to minimize coding effort and infrastructure changes.

What should the Machine Learning Specialist do to the training solution to allow it to scale for future demand?

- A. Do not change the TensorFlow code
- B. Change the machine to one with a more powerful GPU to speed up the training.
- C. Change the TensorFlow code to implement a Horovod distributed framework supported by Amazon SageMaker
- D. Parallelize the training to as many machines as needed to achieve the business goals.
- E. Switch to using a built-in AWS SageMaker DeepAR mode
- F. Parallelize the training to as many machines as needed to achieve the business goals.
- G. Move the training to Amazon EMR and distribute the workload to as many machines as needed to achieve the business goals.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 159

A machine learning specialist is developing a proof of concept for government users whose primary concern is security. The specialist is using Amazon SageMaker to train a convolutional neural network (CNN) model for a photo classifier application. The specialist wants to protect the data so that it cannot be accessed and transferred to a remote host by malicious code accidentally installed on the training container.

Which action will provide the MOST secure protection?

- A. Remove Amazon S3 access permissions from the SageMaker execution role.
- B. Encrypt the weights of the CNN model.
- C. Encrypt the training and validation dataset.
- D. Enable network isolation for training jobs.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 160

A Machine Learning Specialist is working for an online retailer that wants to run analytics on every customer visit, processed through a machine learning pipeline. The data needs to be ingested by Amazon Kinesis Data Streams at up to 100 transactions per second, and the JSON data blob is 100 KB in size.

What is the MINIMUM number of shards in Kinesis Data Streams the Specialist should use to successfully ingest this data?

- A. 1 shard
- B. 10 shards
- C. 100 shards
- D. 1,000 shards

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 162

A Data Scientist is developing a machine learning model to classify whether a financial transaction is fraudulent. The labeled data available for training consists of 100,000 non-fraudulent observations and 1,000 fraudulent observations.

The Data Scientist applies the XGBoost algorithm to the data, resulting in the following confusion matrix when the trained model is applied to a previously unseen validation dataset. The accuracy of the model is 99.1%, but the Data Scientist has been asked to reduce the number of false negatives.

Predicted	0	1
Actual	0 99,966 34	
	1 877 123	

Which combination of steps should the Data Scientist take to reduce the number of false positive predictions by the model? (Select TWO.)

- A. Change the XGBoost eval_metric parameter to optimize based on rmse instead of error.
- B. Increase the XGBoost scale_pos_weight parameter to adjust the balance of positive and negative weights.
- C. Increase the XGBoost max_depth parameter because the model is currently underfitting the data.
- D. Change the XGBoost eval_metric parameter to optimize based on AUC instead of error.
- E. Decrease the XGBoost max_depth parameter because the model is currently overfitting the data.

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 167

A Machine Learning Specialist kicks off a hyperparameter tuning job for a tree-based ensemble model using Amazon SageMaker with Area Under the ROC Curve (AUC) as the objective metric. This workflow will eventually be deployed in a pipeline that retrains and tunes hyperparameters each night to model click-through on data that goes stale every 24 hours.

With the goal of decreasing the amount of time it takes to train these models, and ultimately to decrease costs, the Specialist wants to reconfigure the input hyperparameter range(s).

Which visualization will accomplish this?

- A. A histogram showing whether the most important input feature is Gaussian.
- B. A scatter plot with points colored by target variable that uses (-Distributed Stochastic Neighbor Embedding (t-SNE) to visualize the large number of input variables in an easier-to-read dimension.
- C. A scatter plot showing the performance of the objective metric over each training iteration.
- D. A scatter plot showing the correlation between maximum tree depth and the objective metric.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 170

A Data Scientist is training a multilayer perceptron (MLP) on a dataset with multiple classes. The target class of interest is unique compared to the other classes within the dataset, but it does not achieve an acceptable recall metric. The Data Scientist has already tried varying the number and size of the MLP's hidden layers, which has not significantly improved the results. A solution to improve recall must be implemented as quickly as possible.

Which techniques should be used to meet these requirements?

- A. Gather more data using Amazon Mechanical Turk and then retrain.
- B. Train an anomaly detection model instead of an MLP.
- C. Train an XGBoost model instead of an MLP.
- D. Add class weights to the MLP's loss function and then retrain.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 171

A logistics company needs a forecast model to predict next month's inventory requirements for a single item in 10 warehouses. A machine learning specialist uses Amazon Forecast to develop a forecast model from 3 years of monthly data. There is no missing data. The specialist selects the DeepAR+ algorithm to train a predictor. The predictor means absolute percentage error (MAPE) is much larger than the MAPE produced by the current human forecasters.

Which changes to the CreatePredictor API call could improve the MAPE? (Choose two.)

- A. Set PerformAutoML to true.
- B. Set ForecastHorizon to 4.
- C. Set ForecastFrequency to W for weekly.
- D. Set PerformHPO to true.
- E. Set FeaturizationMethodName to filling.

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 174

A Machine Learning Specialist is applying a linear least squares regression model to a dataset with 1,000 records and 50 features. Prior to training, the ML Specialist notices that two features are perfectly linearly dependent.

Why could this be an issue for the linear least squares regression model?

- A. It could cause the backpropagation algorithm to fail during training.
- B. It could create a singular matrix during optimization which fails to define a unique solution.
- C. It could modify the loss function during optimization causing it to fail during training.
- D. It could introduce non-linear dependencies within the data which could invalidate the linear assumptions of the model.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 175

A Machine Learning Specialist wants to determine the appropriate SageMakerVariant Invocations Per Instance setting for an endpoint automatic scaling configuration. The Specialist has performed a load test on a single instance and determined that peak requests per second (RPS) without service degradation is about 20 RPS. As this is the first deployment, the Specialist intends to set the invocation safety factor to 0.5.

Based on the stated parameters and given that the invocations per instance setting is measured on a per-minute basis, what should the Specialist set as the sageMakervariantinvocationsPerinstance setting?

- A. 10
- B. 30
- C. 600
- D. 2,400

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 178

A company is building a predictive maintenance model based on machine learning (ML). The data is stored in a fully private Amazon S3 bucket that is encrypted at rest with AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) CMKs. An ML specialist must run data preprocessing by using an Amazon SageMaker Processing job that is triggered from code in an Amazon SageMaker notebook. The job should read data from Amazon S3, process it, and upload it back to the same S3 bucket. The preprocessing code is stored in a container image in Amazon Elastic Container Registry (Amazon ECR). The ML specialist needs to grant permissions to ensure a smooth data preprocessing workflow.

Which set of actions should the ML specialist take to meet these requirements?

- A. Create an IAM role that has permissions to create Amazon SageMaker Processing jobs, S3 read and write access to the relevant S3 bucket, and appropriate KMS and ECR permission
- B. Attach the role to the SageMaker notebook instance
- C. Create an Amazon SageMaker Processing job from the notebook.
- D. Create an IAM role that has permissions to create Amazon SageMaker Processing job
- E. Attach the role to the SageMaker notebook instance
- F. Create an Amazon SageMaker Processing job with an IAM role that has read and write permissions to the relevant S3 bucket, and appropriate KMS and ECR permissions.
- G. Create an IAM role that has permissions to create Amazon SageMaker Processing jobs and to access Amazon EC
- H. Attach the role to the SageMaker notebook instance
- I. Set up both an S3 endpoint and a KMS endpoint in the default VP
- J. Create Amazon SageMaker Processing jobs from the notebook.
- K. Create an IAM role that has permissions to create Amazon SageMaker Processing job
- L. Attach the role to the SageMaker notebook instance
- M. Set up an S3 endpoint in the default VP
- N. Create Amazon SageMaker Processing jobs with the access key and secret key of the IAM user with appropriate KMS and ECR permissions.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 179

A data scientist uses an Amazon SageMaker notebook instance to conduct data exploration and analysis. This requires certain Python packages that are not natively available on Amazon SageMaker to be installed on the notebook instance.

How can a machine learning specialist ensure that required packages are automatically available on the notebook instance for the data scientist to use?

- A. Install AWS Systems Manager Agent on the underlying Amazon EC2 instance and use Systems Manager Automation to execute the package installation commands.
- B. Create a Jupyter notebook file (.ipynb) with cells containing the package installation commands to execute and place the file under the /etc/init directory of each Amazon SageMaker notebook instance.
- C. Use the conda package manager from within the Jupyter notebook console to apply the necessary conda packages to the default kernel of the notebook.
- D. Create an Amazon SageMaker lifecycle configuration with package installation commands and assign the lifecycle configuration to the notebook instance.

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/sagemaker/latest/dg/nbi-add-external.html>

NEW QUESTION 183

A data scientist needs to identify fraudulent user accounts for a company's ecommerce platform. The company wants the ability to determine if a newly created account is associated with a previously known fraudulent user. The data scientist is using AWS Glue to cleanse the company's application logs during ingestion. Which strategy will allow the data scientist to identify fraudulent accounts?

- A. Execute the built-in FindDuplicates Amazon Athena query.
- B. Create a FindMatches machine learning transform in AWS Glue.
- C. Create an AWS Glue crawler to infer duplicate accounts in the source data.
- D. Search for duplicate accounts in the AWS Glue Data Catalog.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 188

A Data Science team is designing a dataset repository where it will store a large amount of training data commonly used in its machine learning models. As Data Scientists may create an arbitrary number of new datasets every day the solution has to scale automatically and be cost-effective. Also, it must be possible to explore the data using SQL.

Which storage scheme is MOST adapted to this scenario?

- A. Store datasets as files in Amazon S3.
- B. Store datasets as files in an Amazon EBS volume attached to an Amazon EC2 instance.
- C. Store datasets as tables in a multi-node Amazon Redshift cluster.
- D. Store datasets as global tables in Amazon DynamoDB.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 192

A Machine Learning Specialist is packaging a custom ResNet model into a Docker container so the company can leverage Amazon SageMaker for training. The

Specialist is using Amazon EC2 P3 instances to train the model and needs to properly configure the Docker container to leverage the NVIDIA GPUs. What does the Specialist need to do?

- A. Bundle the NVIDIA drivers with the Docker image.
- B. Build the Docker container to be NVIDIA-Docker compatible.
- C. Organize the Docker container's file structure to execute on GPU instances.
- D. Set the GPU flag in the Amazon SageMaker CreateTrainingJob request body

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 193

A Machine Learning Specialist is required to build a supervised image-recognition model to identify a cat. The ML Specialist performs some tests and records the following results for a neural network-based image classifier:

Total number of images available = 1,000 Test set images = 100 (constant test set)

The ML Specialist notices that, in over 75% of the misclassified images, the cats were held upside down by their owners.

Which techniques can be used by the ML Specialist to improve this specific test error?

- A. Increase the training data by adding variation in rotation for training images.
- B. Increase the number of epochs for model training.
- C. Increase the number of layers for the neural network.
- D. Increase the dropout rate for the second-to-last layer.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 195

A data scientist is using an Amazon SageMaker notebook instance and needs to securely access data stored in a specific Amazon S3 bucket.

How should the data scientist accomplish this?

- A. Add an S3 bucket policy allowing GetObject, PutObject, and ListBucket permissions to the AmazonSageMaker notebook ARN as principal.
- B. Encrypt the objects in the S3 bucket with a custom AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS) key that only the notebook owner has access to.
- C. Attach the policy to the IAM role associated with the notebook that allows GetObject, PutObject, and ListBucket operations to the specific S3 bucket.
- D. Use a script in a lifecycle configuration to configure the AWS CLI on the instance with an access key ID and secret.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 197

A Machine Learning Specialist is working with multiple data sources containing billions of records that need to be joined. What feature engineering and model development approach should the Specialist take with a dataset this large?

- A. Use an Amazon SageMaker notebook for both feature engineering and model development
- B. Use an Amazon SageMaker notebook for feature engineering and Amazon ML for model development
- C. Use Amazon EMR for feature engineering and Amazon SageMaker SDK for model development
- D. Use Amazon ML for both feature engineering and model development.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 198

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