

Amazon-Web-Services

Exam Questions MLS-C01

AWS Certified Machine Learning - Specialty



NEW QUESTION 1

A Machine Learning Specialist is implementing a full Bayesian network on a dataset that describes public transit in New York City. One of the random variables is discrete, and represents the number of minutes New Yorkers wait for a bus given that the buses cycle every 10 minutes, with a mean of 3 minutes. Which prior probability distribution should the ML Specialist use for this variable?

- A. Poisson distribution ,
- B. Uniform distribution
- C. Normal distribution
- D. Binomial distribution

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 2

An interactive online dictionary wants to add a widget that displays words used in similar contexts. A Machine Learning Specialist is asked to provide word features for the downstream nearest neighbor model powering the widget. What should the Specialist do to meet these requirements?

- A. Create one-hot word encoding vectors.
- B. Produce a set of synonyms for every word using Amazon Mechanical Turk.
- C. Create word embedding factors that store edit distance with every other word.
- D. Download word embedding's pre-trained on a large corpus.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 3

A Machine Learning Specialist is building a convolutional neural network (CNN) that will classify 10 types of animals. The Specialist has built a series of layers in a neural network that will take an input image of an animal, pass it through a series of convolutional and pooling layers, and then finally pass it through a dense and fully connected layer with 10 nodes. The Specialist would like to get an output from the neural network that is a probability distribution of how likely it is that the input image belongs to each of the 10 classes. Which function will produce the desired output?

- A. Dropout
- B. Smooth L1 loss
- C. Softmax
- D. Rectified linear units (ReLU)

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 4

A Machine Learning Specialist is required to build a supervised image-recognition model to identify a cat. The ML Specialist performs some tests and records the following results for a neural network-based image classifier:

Total number of images available = 1,000 Test set images = 100 (constant test set)

The ML Specialist notices that, in over 75% of the misclassified images, the cats were held upside down by their owners.

Which techniques can be used by the ML Specialist to improve this specific test error?

- A. Increase the training data by adding variation in rotation for training images.
- B. Increase the number of epochs for model training.
- C. Increase the number of layers for the neural network.
- D. Increase the dropout rate for the second-to-last layer.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 5

Example Corp has an annual sale event from October to December. The company has sequential sales data from the past 15 years and wants to use Amazon ML to predict the sales for this year's upcoming event. Which method should Example Corp use to split the data into a training dataset and evaluation dataset?

- A. Pre-split the data before uploading to Amazon S3
- B. Have Amazon ML split the data randomly.
- C. Have Amazon ML split the data sequentially.
- D. Perform custom cross-validation on the data

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 6

A large JSON dataset for a project has been uploaded to a private Amazon S3 bucket. The Machine Learning Specialist wants to securely access and explore the data from an Amazon SageMaker notebook instance. A new VPC was created and assigned to the Specialist.

How can the privacy and integrity of the data stored in Amazon S3 be maintained while granting access to the Specialist for analysis?

- A. Launch the SageMaker notebook instance within the VPC with SageMaker-provided internet access enabled. Use an S3 ACL to open read privileges to the everyone group.
- B. Launch the SageMaker notebook instance within the VPC and create an S3 VPC endpoint for the notebook to access the data. Copy the JSON dataset from Amazon S3 into the ML storage volume on the SageMaker notebook instance and work against the local dataset.
- C. Launch the SageMaker notebook instance within the VPC and create an S3 VPC endpoint for the notebook to access the data. Define a custom S3 bucket policy to only allow requests from your VPC to access the S3 bucket.
- D. Launch the SageMaker notebook instance within the VPC with SageMaker-provided internet access enabled.
- E. Generate an S3 pre-signed URL for access to data in the bucket.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 7

A Machine Learning team uses Amazon SageMaker to train an Apache MXNet handwritten digit classifier model using a research dataset. The team wants to receive a notification when the model is overfitting. Auditors want to view the Amazon SageMaker log activity report to ensure there are no unauthorized API calls. What should the Machine Learning team do to address the requirements with the least amount of code and fewest steps?

- A. Implement an AWS Lambda function to log Amazon SageMaker API calls to Amazon S3. Add code to push a custom metric to Amazon CloudWatch.
- B. Create an alarm in CloudWatch with Amazon SNS to receive a notification when the model is overfitting.
- C. Use AWS CloudTrail to log Amazon SageMaker API calls to Amazon S3. Add code to push a custom metric to Amazon CloudWatch.
- D. Create an alarm in CloudWatch with Amazon SNS to receive a notification when the model is overfitting.
- E. Implement an AWS Lambda function to log Amazon SageMaker API calls to AWS CloudTrail.
- F. Add code to push a custom metric to Amazon CloudWatch.
- G. Create an alarm in CloudWatch with Amazon SNS to receive a notification when the model is overfitting.
- H. Use AWS CloudTrail to log Amazon SageMaker API calls to Amazon S3. Set up Amazon SNS to receive a notification when the model is overfitting.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 8

A gaming company has launched an online game where people can start playing for free but they need to pay if they choose to use certain features. The company needs to build an automated system to predict whether or not a new user will become a paid user within 1 year. The company has gathered a labeled dataset from 1 million users.

The training dataset consists of 1,000 positive samples (from users who ended up paying within 1 year) and 999.1 negative samples (from users who did not use any paid features). Each data sample consists of 200 features including user age, device, location, and play patterns.

Using this dataset for training, the Data Science team trained a random forest model that converged with over 99% accuracy on the training set. However, the prediction results on a test dataset were not satisfactory.

Which of the following approaches should the Data Science team take to mitigate this issue? (Select TWO.)

- A. Add more deep trees to the random forest to enable the model to learn more features.
- B. Indicate a copy of the samples in the test database in the training dataset.
- C. Generate more positive samples by duplicating the positive samples and adding a small amount of noise to the duplicated data.
- D. Change the cost function so that false negatives have a higher impact on the cost value than false positives.
- E. Change the cost function so that false positives have a higher impact on the cost value than false negatives.

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 9

A Machine Learning Specialist was given a dataset consisting of unlabeled data. The Specialist must create a model that can help the team classify the data into different buckets. What model should be used to complete this work?

- A. K-means clustering
- B. Random Cut Forest (RCF)
- C. XGBoost
- D. BlazingText

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10

A Machine Learning Specialist is developing a recommendation engine for a photography blog. Given a picture, the recommendation engine should show a picture that captures similar objects. The Specialist would like to create a numerical representation feature to perform nearest-neighbor searches.

What actions would allow the Specialist to get relevant numerical representations?

- A. Reduce image resolution and use reduced resolution pixel values as features.
- B. Use Amazon Mechanical Turk to label image content and create a one-hot representation indicating the presence of specific labels.
- C. Run images through a neural network pre-trained on ImageNet, and collect the feature vectors from the penultimate layer.
- D. Average colors by channel to obtain three-dimensional representations of images.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 10

A Machine Learning Specialist is creating a new natural language processing application that processes a dataset comprised of 1 million sentences. The aim is to then run Word2Vec to generate embeddings of the sentences and enable different types of predictions.

Here is an example from the dataset:

"The quck BROWN FOX jumps over the lazy dog."

Which of the following are the operations the Specialist needs to perform to correctly sanitize and prepare the data in a repeatable manner? (Select THREE.)

- A. Perform part-of-speech tagging and keep the action verb and the nouns only.
- B. Normalize all words by making the sentence lowercase.
- C. Remove stop words using an English stopword dictionary.
- D. Correct the typography on "quck" to "quick."
- E. One-hot encode all words in the sentence.
- F. Tokenize the sentence into words.

Answer: ABD

NEW QUESTION 15

A Machine Learning Specialist working for an online fashion company wants to build a data ingestion solution for the company's Amazon S3-based data lake.

The Specialist wants to create a set of ingestion mechanisms that will enable future capabilities comprised of:

- Real-time analytics
- Interactive analytics of historical data
- Clickstream analytics
- Product recommendations

Which services should the Specialist use?

- A. AWS Glue as the data catalog; Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics for real-time data insights; Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose for delivery to Amazon ES for clickstream analytics; Amazon EMR to generate personalized product recommendations
- B. Amazon Athena as the data catalog; Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics for near-realtime data insights; Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose for clickstream analytics; AWS Glue to generate personalized product recommendations
- C. AWS Glue as the data catalog; Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics for historical data insights; Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose for delivery to Amazon ES for clickstream analytics; Amazon EMR to generate personalized product recommendations
- D. Amazon Athena as the data catalog; Amazon Kinesis Data Streams and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics for historical data insights; Amazon DynamoDB streams for clickstream analytics; AWS Glue to generate personalized product recommendations

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 20

A Machine Learning Specialist has created a deep learning neural network model that performs well on the training data but performs poorly on the test data. Which of the following methods should the Specialist consider using to correct this? (Select THREE.)

- A. Decrease regularization.
- B. Increase regularization.
- C. Increase dropout.
- D. Decrease dropout.
- E. Increase feature combinations.
- F. Decrease feature combinations.

Answer: BDE

NEW QUESTION 25

A Machine Learning Specialist is working with a large company to leverage machine learning within its products. The company wants to group its customers into categories based on which customers will and will not churn within the next 6 months. The company has labeled the data available to the Specialist. Which machine learning model type should the Specialist use to accomplish this task?

- A. Linear regression
- B. Classification
- C. Clustering
- D. Reinforcement learning

Answer: B

Explanation:

The goal of classification is to determine to which class or category a data point (customer in our case) belongs to. For classification problems, data scientists would use historical data with predefined target variables AKA labels (churner/non-churner) – answers that need to be predicted – to train an algorithm. With classification,

businesses can answer the following questions:

- Will this customer churn or not?
- Will a customer renew their subscription?
- Will a user downgrade a pricing plan?
- Are there any signs of unusual customer behavior?

NEW QUESTION 27

A large consumer goods manufacturer has the following products on sale

- 34 different toothpaste variants
- 48 different toothbrush variants
- 43 different mouthwash variants

The entire sales history of all these products is available in Amazon S3 Currently, the company is using custom-built autoregressive integrated moving average (ARIMA) models to forecast demand for these products The company wants to predict the demand for a new product that will soon be launched

Which solution should a Machine Learning Specialist apply?

- A. Train a custom ARIMA model to forecast demand for the new product.
- B. Train an Amazon SageMaker DeepAR algorithm to forecast demand for the new product
- C. Train an Amazon SageMaker k-means clustering algorithm to forecast demand for the new product.
- D. Train a custom XGBoost model to forecast demand for the new product

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Amazon SageMaker DeepAR forecasting algorithm is a supervised learning algorithm for forecasting scalar (one-dimensional) time series using recurrent neural networks (RNN). Classical forecasting methods, such as autoregressive integrated moving average (ARIMA) or exponential smoothing (ETS), fit a single model to each individual time series. They then use that model to extrapolate the time series into the future.

NEW QUESTION 30

A company is setting up an Amazon SageMaker environment. The corporate data security policy does not allow communication over the internet. How can the company enable the Amazon SageMaker service without enabling direct internet access to Amazon SageMaker notebook instances?

- A. Create a NAT gateway within the corporate VPC.
- B. Route Amazon SageMaker traffic through an on-premises network.
- C. Create Amazon SageMaker VPC interface endpoints within the corporate VPC.
- D. Create VPC peering with Amazon VPC hosting Amazon SageMaker.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 35

A monitoring service generates 1 TB of scale metrics record data every minute A Research team performs queries on this data using Amazon Athena The queries run slowly due to the large volume of data, and the team requires better performance How should the records be stored in Amazon S3 to improve query performance?

- A. CSV files
- B. Parquet files
- C. Compressed JSON
- D. RecordIO

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 36

A Machine Learning Specialist is building a logistic regression model that will predict whether or not a person will order a pizza. The Specialist is trying to build the optimal model with an ideal classification threshold.

What model evaluation technique should the Specialist use to understand how different classification thresholds will impact the model's performance?

- A. Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve
- B. Misclassification rate
- C. Root Mean Square Error (RMSE)
- D. L1 norm

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 41

A Machine Learning Specialist is building a model to predict future employment rates based on a wide range of economic factors While exploring the data, the Specialist notices that the magnitude of the input features vary greatly The Specialist does not want variables with a larger magnitude to dominate the model What should the Specialist do to prepare the data for model training'?

- A. Apply quantile binning to group the data into categorical bins to keep any relationships in the data by replacing the magnitude with distribution
- B. Apply the Cartesian product transformation to create new combinations of fields that are independent of the magnitude
- C. Apply normalization to ensure each field will have a mean of 0 and a variance of 1 to remove any significant magnitude
- D. Apply the orthogonal sparse Diagram (OSD) transformation to apply a fixed-size sliding window to generate new features of a similar magnitude.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 44

A Machine Learning Specialist is developing a custom video recommendation model for an application The dataset used to train this model is very large with millions of data points and is hosted in an Amazon S3 bucket The Specialist wants to avoid loading all of this data onto an Amazon SageMaker notebook instance because it would take hours to move and will exceed the attached 5 GB Amazon EBS volume on the notebook instance.

Which approach allows the Specialist to use all the data to train the model?

- A. Load a smaller subset of the data into the SageMaker notebook and train locally
- B. Confirm that the training code is executing and the model parameters seem reasonable
- C. Initiate a SageMaker training job using the full dataset from the S3 bucket using Pipe input mode.
- D. Launch an Amazon EC2 instance with an AWS Deep Learning AMI and attach the S3 bucket to the instance
- E. Train on a small amount of the data to verify the training code and hyperparameter
- F. Go back to Amazon SageMaker and train using the full dataset
- G. Use AWS Glue to train a model using a small subset of the data to confirm that the data will be compatible with Amazon SageMaker
- H. Initiate a SageMaker training job using the full dataset from the S3 bucket using Pipe input mode.
- I. Load a smaller subset of the data into the SageMaker notebook and train locally
- J. Confirm that the training code is executing and the model parameters seem reasonable
- K. Launch an Amazon EC2 instance with an AWS Deep Learning AMI and attach the S3 bucket to train the full dataset.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 45

A manufacturing company has structured and unstructured data stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. A Machine Learning Specialist wants to use SQL to run queries on this data.

Which solution requires the LEAST effort to be able to query this data?

- A. Use AWS Data Pipeline to transform the data and Amazon RDS to run queries.
- B. Use AWS Glue to catalogue the data and Amazon Athena to run queries.
- C. Use AWS Batch to run ETL on the data and Amazon Aurora to run the queries.
- D. Use AWS Lambda to transform the data and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics to run queries.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 46

A company has raw user and transaction data stored in AmazonS3 a MySQL database, and Amazon RedShift A Data Scientist needs to perform an analysis by joining the three datasets from Amazon S3, MySQL, and Amazon RedShift, and then calculating the average-of a few selected columns from the joined data Which AWS service should the Data Scientist use?

- A. Amazon Athena
- B. Amazon Redshift Spectrum
- C. AWS Glue
- D. Amazon QuickSight

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 48

A Data Scientist is working on an application that performs sentiment analysis. The validation accuracy is poor and the Data Scientist thinks that the cause may be a rich vocabulary and a low average frequency of words in the dataset

Which tool should be used to improve the validation accuracy?

- A. Amazon Comprehend syntax analysts and entity detection
- B. Amazon SageMaker BlazingText allow mode
- C. Natural Language Toolkit (NLTK) stemming and stop word removal
- D. Scikit-learn term frequency-inverse document frequency (TF-IDF) vectorizers

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 53

A Data Scientist wants to gain real-time insights into a data stream of GZIP files. Which solution would allow the use of SQL to query the stream with the LEAST latency?

- A. Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics with an AWS Lambda function to transform the data.
- B. AWS Glue with a custom ETL script to transform the data.
- C. An Amazon Kinesis Client Library to transform the data and save it to an Amazon ES cluster.
- D. Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose to transform the data and put it into an Amazon S3 bucket.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 54

A manufacturing company asks its Machine Learning Specialist to develop a model that classifies defective parts into one of eight defect types. The company has provided roughly 100000 images per defect type for training During the inital training of the image classification model the Specialist notices that the validation accuracy is 80%, while the training accuracy is 90% It is known that human-level performance for this type of image classification is around 90%

What should the Specialist consider to fix this issue1?

- A. A longer training time
- B. Making the network larger
- C. Using a different optimizer
- D. Using some form of regularization

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 58

A Machine Learning Specialist prepared the following graph displaying the results of k-means for k = [1:10]

Considering the graph, what is a reasonable selection for the optimal choice of k?

- A. 1
- B. 4
- C. 7
- D. 10

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 59

A company is observing low accuracy while training on the default built-in image classification algorithm in Amazon SageMaker. The Data Science team wants to use an Inception neural network architecture instead of a ResNet architecture. Which of the following will accomplish this? (Select TWO.)

- A. Customize the built-in image classification algorithm to use Inception and use this for model training.
- B. Create a support case with the SageMaker team to change the default image classification algorithm to Inception.
- C. Bundle a Docker container with TensorFlow Estimator loaded with an Inception network and use this for model training.
- D. Use custom code in Amazon SageMaker with TensorFlow Estimator to load the model with an Inception network and use this for model training.
- E. Download and apt-get install the inception network code into an Amazon EC2 instance and use this instance as a Jupyter notebook in Amazon SageMaker.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 61

Given the following confusion matrix for a movie classification model, what is the true class frequency for Romance and the predicted class frequency for Adventure?

- A. The true class frequency for Romance is 77.56% and the predicted class frequency for Adventure is 20.85%
- B. The true class frequency for Romance is 57.92% and the predicted class frequency for Adventure is 13.12%
- C. The true class frequency for Romance is 0.78 and the predicted class frequency for Adventure is (0.47 - 0.32).
- D. The true class frequency for Romance is 77.56% * 0.78 and the predicted class frequency for Adventure is 20.85% * 0.32

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 65

A Machine Learning Specialist needs to be able to ingest streaming data and store it in Apache Parquet files for exploration and analysis. Which of the following services would both ingest and store this data in the correct format?

- A. AWS DMS
- B. Amazon Kinesis Data Streams
- C. Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose
- D. Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 68

A Machine Learning Specialist kicks off a hyperparameter tuning job for a tree-based ensemble model using Amazon SageMaker with Area Under the ROC Curve (AUC) as the objective metric. This workflow will eventually be deployed in a pipeline that retrains and tunes hyperparameters each night to model click-through on data that goes stale every 24 hours.

With the goal of decreasing the amount of time it takes to train these models, and ultimately to decrease costs, the Specialist wants to reconfigure the input hyperparameter range(s).

Which visualization will accomplish this?

- A. A histogram showing whether the most important input feature is Gaussian.
- B. A scatter plot with points colored by target variable that uses t-Distributed Stochastic Neighbor Embedding (t-SNE) to visualize the large number of input variables in an easier-to-read dimension.
- C. A scatter plot showing the performance of the objective metric over each training iteration.
- D. A scatter plot showing the correlation between maximum tree depth and the objective metric.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 72

A Marketing Manager at a pet insurance company plans to launch a targeted marketing campaign on social media to acquire new customers. Currently, the company has the following data in Amazon Aurora:

- Profiles for all past and existing customers
- Profiles for all past and existing insured pets
- Policy-level information
- Premiums received
- Claims paid

What steps should be taken to implement a machine learning model to identify potential new customers on social media?

- A. Use regression on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segments Find similar profiles on social media.
- B. Use clustering on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segments Find similar profiles on social media.
- C. Use a recommendation engine on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segment
- D. Find similar profiles on social media
- E. Use a decision tree classifier engine on customer profile data to understand key characteristics of consumer segment
- F. Find similar profiles on social media

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 77

During mini-batch training of a neural network for a classification problem, a Data Scientist notices that training accuracy oscillates What is the MOST likely cause of this issue?

- A. The class distribution in the dataset is imbalanced
- B. Dataset shuffling is disabled
- C. The batch size is too big
- D. The learning rate is very high

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 78

A Data Scientist needs to create a serverless ingestion and analytics solution for high-velocity, real-time streaming data.

The ingestion process must buffer and convert incoming records from JSON to a query-optimized, columnar format without data loss. The output datastore must be highly available, and Analysts must be able to run SQL queries against the data and connect to existing business intelligence dashboards.

Which solution should the Data Scientist build to satisfy the requirements?

- A. Create a schema in the AWS Glue Data Catalog of the incoming data forma
- B. Use an Amazon Kinesis Data Firehose delivery stream to stream the data and transform the data to Apache Parquet or ORC format using the AWS Glue Data Catalog before delivering to Amazon S3. Have the Analysts query the data directly from Amazon S3 using Amazon Athena, and connect to BI tools using the Athena Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) connector.
- C. Write each JSON record to a staging location in Amazon S3. Use the S3 Put event to trigger an AWS Lambda function that transforms the data into Apache Parquet or ORC format and writes the data to a processed data location in Amazon S3. Have the Analysts query the data directly from Amazon S3 using Amazon Athena, and connect to BI tools using the Athena Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) connector.
- D. Write each JSON record to a staging location in Amazon S3. Use the S3 Put event to trigger an AWS Lambda function that transforms the data into Apache Parquet or ORC format and inserts it into an Amazon RDS PostgreSQL databas
- E. Have the Analysts query and run dashboards from the RDS database.
- F. Use Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics to ingest the streaming data and perform real-time SQL queries to convert the records to Apache Parquet before delivering to Amazon S3. Have the Analysts query the data directly from Amazon S3 using Amazon Athena and connect to BI tools using the Athena Java Database Connectivity (JDBC) connector.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 80

A Machine Learning Specialist is using an Amazon SageMaker notebook instance in a private subnet of a corporate VPC. The ML Specialist has important data stored on the Amazon SageMaker notebook instance's Amazon EBS volume, and needs to take a snapshot of that EBS volume. However the ML Specialist cannot find the Amazon SageMaker notebook instance's EBS volume or Amazon EC2 instance within the VPC.

Why is the ML Specialist not seeing the instance visible in the VPC?

- A. Amazon SageMaker notebook instances are based on the EC2 instances within the customer account, but they run outside of VPCs.
- B. Amazon SageMaker notebook instances are based on the Amazon ECS service within customer accounts.
- C. Amazon SageMaker notebook instances are based on EC2 instances running within AWS service accounts.
- D. Amazon SageMaker notebook instances are based on AWS ECS instances running within AWS service accounts.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 82

IT leadership wants Jo transition a company's existing machine learning data storage environment to AWS as a temporary ad hoc solution The company currently uses a custom software process that heavily leverages SOL as a query language and exclusively stores generated csv documents for machine learning

The ideal state for the company would be a solution that allows it to continue to use the current workforce of SQL experts The solution must also support the storage of csv and JSON files, and be able to query over semi-structured data The following are high priorities for the company:

- Solution simplicity
- Fast development time
- Low cost
- High flexibility

What technologies meet the company's requirements?

- A. Amazon S3 and Amazon Athena
- B. Amazon Redshift and AWS Glue
- C. Amazon DynamoDB and DynamoDB Accelerator (DAX)
- D. Amazon RDS and Amazon ES

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 87

A manufacturing company has a large set of labeled historical sales data The manufacturer would like to predict how many units of a particular part should be produced each quarter Which machine learning approach should be used to solve this problem?

- A. Logistic regression

- B. Random Cut Forest (RCF)
- C. Principal component analysis (PCA)
- D. Linear regression

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 88

A manufacturer of car engines collects data from cars as they are being driven. The data collected includes timestamp, engine temperature, rotations per minute (RPM), and other sensor readings. The company wants to predict when an engine is going to have a problem so it can notify drivers in advance to get engine maintenance. The engine data is loaded into a data lake for training. Which is the MOST suitable predictive model that can be deployed into production'?

- A. Add labels over time to indicate which engine faults occur at what time in the future to turn this into a supervised learning problem. Use a recurrent neural network (RNN) to train the model to recognize when an engine might need maintenance for a certain fault.
- B. This data requires an unsupervised learning algorithm. Use Amazon SageMaker k-means to cluster the data.
- C. Add labels over time to indicate which engine faults occur at what time in the future to turn this into a supervised learning problem. Use a convolutional neural network (CNN) to train the model to recognize when an engine might need maintenance for a certain fault.
- D. This data is already formulated as a time series. Use Amazon SageMaker seq2seq to model the time series.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 89

A manufacturing company has structured and unstructured data stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. A Machine Learning Specialist wants to use SQL to run queries on this data. Which solution requires the LEAST effort to be able to query this data?

- A. Use AWS Data Pipeline to transform the data and Amazon RDS to run queries.
- B. Use AWS Glue to catalogue the data and Amazon Athena to run queries.
- C. Use AWS Batch to run ETL on the data and Amazon Aurora to run the queries.
- D. Use AWS Lambda to transform the data and Amazon Kinesis Data Analytics to run queries.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 91

A Machine Learning Specialist has built a model using Amazon SageMaker built-in algorithms and is not getting expected accurate results. The Specialist wants to use hyperparameter optimization to increase the model's accuracy. Which method is the MOST repeatable and requires the LEAST amount of effort to achieve this?

- A. Launch multiple training jobs in parallel with different hyperparameters.
- B. Create an AWS Step Functions workflow that monitors the accuracy in Amazon CloudWatch Logs and relaunches the training job with a defined list of hyperparameters.
- C. Create a hyperparameter tuning job and set the accuracy as an objective metric.
- D. Create a random walk in the parameter space to iterate through a range of values that should be used for each individual hyperparameter.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 94

An Amazon SageMaker notebook instance is launched into Amazon VPC. The SageMaker notebook references data contained in an Amazon S3 bucket in another account. The bucket is encrypted using SSE-KMS. The instance returns an access denied error when trying to access data in Amazon S3. Which of the following are required to access the bucket and avoid the access denied error? (Select THREE)

- A. An AWS KMS key policy that allows access to the customer master key (CMK)
- B. A SageMaker notebook security group that allows access to Amazon S3
- C. An IAM role that allows access to the specific S3 bucket
- D. A permissive S3 bucket policy
- E. An S3 bucket owner that matches the notebook owner
- F. A SageMaker notebook subnet ACL that allows traffic to Amazon S3.

Answer: ACF

NEW QUESTION 97

A Data Engineer needs to build a model using a dataset containing customer credit card information. How can the Data Engineer ensure the data remains encrypted and the credit card information is secure? Use a custom encryption algorithm to encrypt the data and store the data on an Amazon SageMaker instance in a VPC. Use the SageMaker DeepAR algorithm to randomize the credit card numbers.

- A. Use an IAM policy to encrypt the data on the Amazon S3 bucket and Amazon Kinesis to automatically discard credit card numbers and insert fake credit card numbers.
- B. Use an Amazon SageMaker launch configuration to encrypt the data once it is copied to the SageMaker instance in a VPC.
- C. Use the SageMaker principal component analysis (PCA) algorithm to reduce the length of the credit card numbers.
- D. Use AWS KMS to encrypt the data on Amazon S3.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 99

A company is using Amazon Polly to translate plaintext documents to speech for automated company announcements. However, company acronyms are being mispronounced in the current documents. How should a Machine Learning Specialist address this issue for future documents'?

- A. Convert current documents to SSML with pronunciation tags.

- B. Create an appropriate pronunciation lexicon.
- C. Output speech marks to guide in pronunciation
- D. Use Amazon Lex to preprocess the text files for pronunciation

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 100

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