



Microsoft

Exam Questions AZ-700

Designing and Implementing Microsoft Azure Networking Solutions

NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 3)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure subscription that contains the following resources:

- * A virtual network named Vnet1
- * A subnet named Subnet1 in Vnet1
- * A virtual machine named VM1 that connects to Subnet1
- * Three storage accounts named storage1, storage2, and storage3

You need to ensure that VM1 can access storage1. VM1 must be prevented from accessing any other storage accounts.

Solution: You configure the firewall on storage1 to only accept connections from Vnet1. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which virtual machines can VM1 and VM4 ping successfully? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

VM1:

▼

VM2 only

VM2 and VM4 only

VM2, VM3, and VM4 only

VM2, VM3, VM4, and VM5

VM4:

▼

VM3 only

VM1 and VM3 only

VM1, VM2, and VM3 only

VM1, VM2, VM3, and VM5

- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Text Description automatically generated

Box 1: VM2, VM3 and VM4.

VM1 is in VNet1/Subnet1. VNet1 is peered with VNet2 and VNet3.

There are no NSGs blocking outbound ICMP from VNet1. There are no NSGs blocking inbound ICMP to VNet1/Subnet2, VNet2 or VNet3. Therefore, VM1 can ping VM2 in VNet1/Subnet2, VM3 in VNet2 and VM4 in VNet3.

Box 2:

VM4 is in VNet3. VNet3 is peered with VNet1 and VNet2. There are no NSGs blocking outbound ICMP from VNet3. There are no NSGs blocking inbound ICMP to VNet1/Subnet1, VNet1/Subnet2 or VNet2 from VNet3 (NSG10 blocks inbound ICMP from VNet4 but not from VNet3). Therefore, VM4 can ping VM1 in VNet1/Subnet1, VM2 in VNet1/Subnet2 and VM3 in VNet2.

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 2)

In which NSGs can you use ASG1 and to which virtual machine network interfaces can you associate ASG1? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

NSGs:

NGS1 only

NSG1 and NSG2 only

NSG1, NSG2, and NSG5 only

NSG1, NSG2, NSG4, and NSG5 only

NSG1, NSG2, NSG3, NSG4, and NSG5

Virtual machines:

VM2 only

VM2 and VM5 only

VM2, VM4, and VM5 only

VM2, VM3, VM4, and VM5

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
NGS1 only
VM2, VM3, VM4 and VM5

NEW QUESTION 4
- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to restrict traffic from VMScaleSet1 to VMScaleSet2. The solution must meet the virtual networking requirements.
What is the minimum number of custom NSG rules and NSG assignments required? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Minimum number of custom NSG rules:

1

2

3

4

5

Minimum number of NSG assignments:

1

2

3

4

5

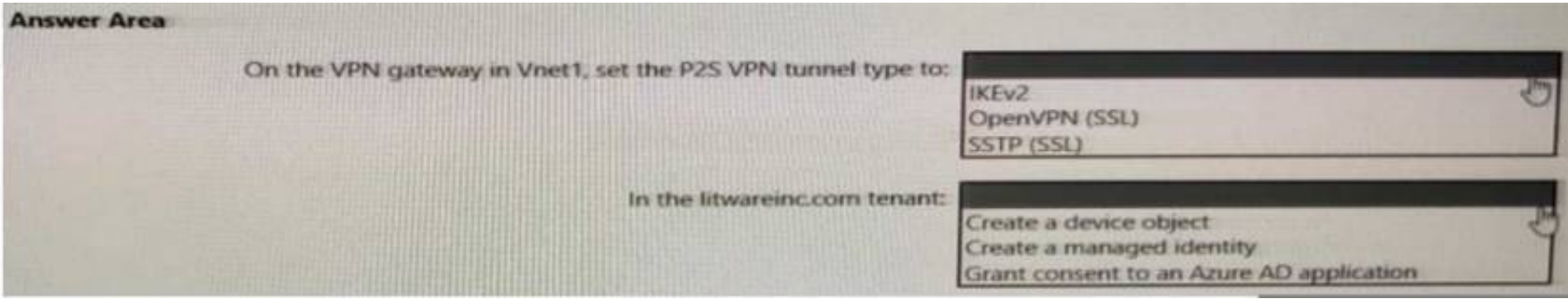
- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated
Box 2: One NSG
The minimum requirement is one NSG. You could attach the NSG to VMScaleSet1 and restrict outbound traffic, or you could attach the NSG to VMScaleSet2 and restrict inbound traffic. Either way you would need two custom NSG rules.
Box 1: Two custom rules
With the NSG attached to VMScaleSet2, you would need to create a custom rule blocking all traffic from VMScaleSet1. Then you would need to create another custom rule with a higher priority than the first rule that allows traffic on port 443.
The default rules in the NSG will allow all other traffic to VMScaleSet2.

NEW QUESTION 5
- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to implement a P2S VPN for the users in the branch office. The solution must meet the hybrid networking requirements.
What should you do? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated
Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/vpn-gateway/openvpn-azure-ad-tenant>

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 1)
You need to provide connectivity to storage1. The solution must meet the PaaS networking requirements and the business requirements.
What should you include in the solution?

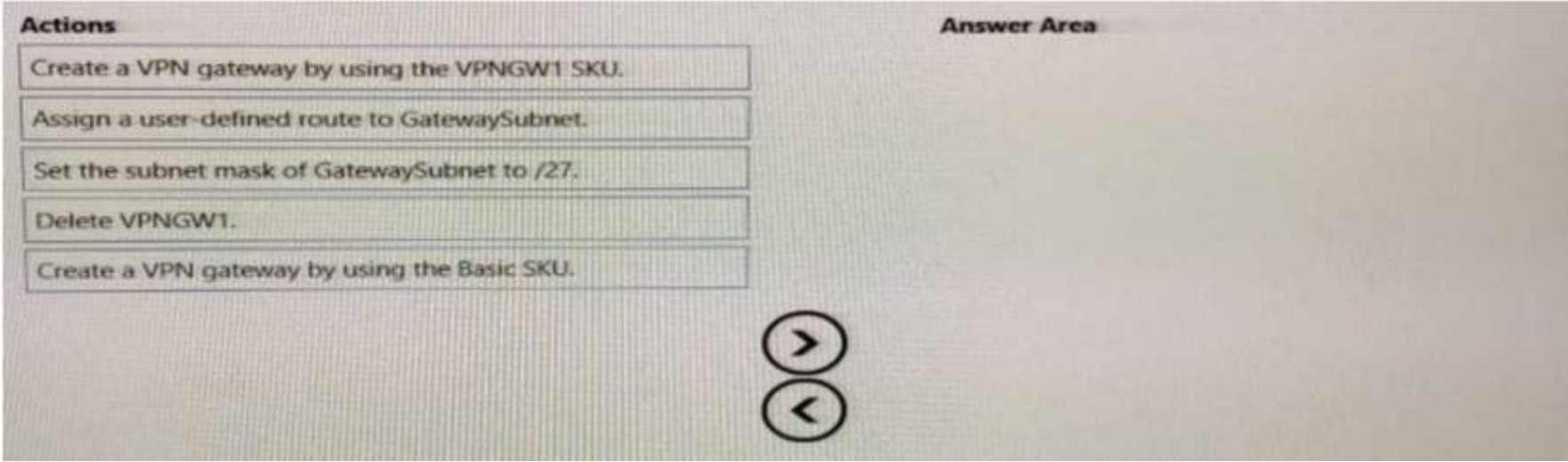
- A. a service endpoint
- B. Azure Front Door
- C. a private endpoint
- D. Azure Traffic Manager

Answer: A

Explanation:
Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/virtual-network-service-endpoints-overview>

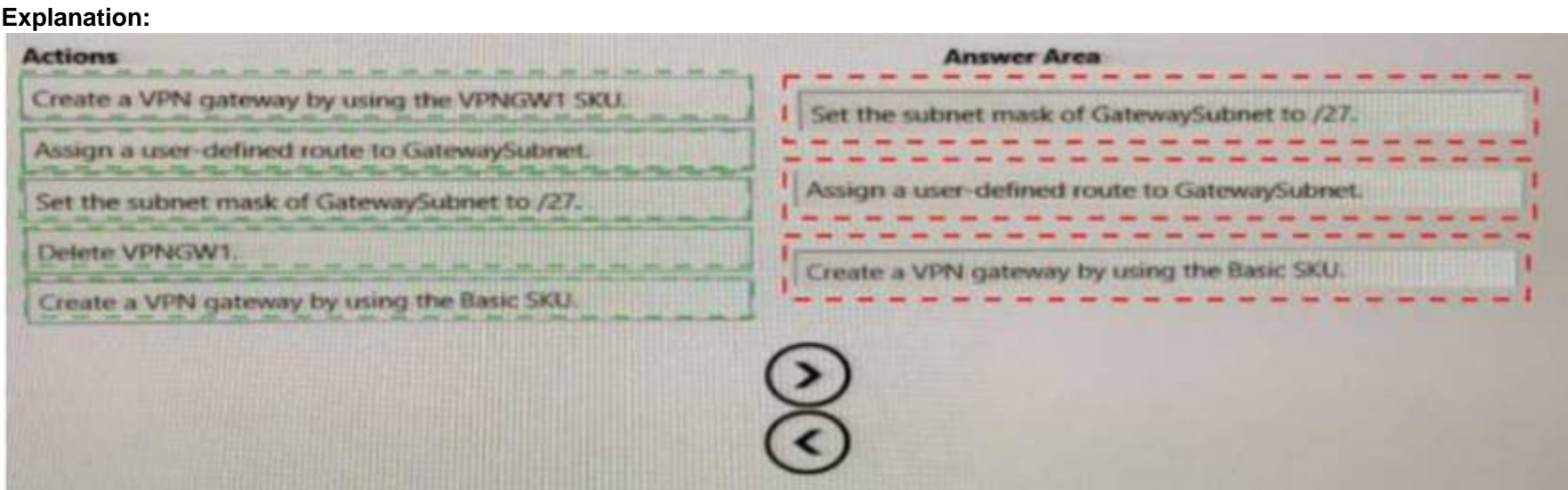
NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 1)
You need to prepare Vnet1 for the deployment of an ExpressRoute gateway. The solution must meet the hybrid connectivity requirements and the business requirements.
Which three actions should you perform in sequence for Vnet1? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A



NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have an Azure subscription that is linked to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.onmicrosoft.com. The subscription contains the following resources:

- * An Azure App Service app named App1
- * An Azure DNS zone named contoso.com
- * An Azure private DNS zone named private.contoso.com
- * A virtual network named Vnet1

You create a private endpoint for App1. The record for the endpoint is registered automatically in Azure DNS. You need to provide a developer with the name that is registered in Azure DNS for the private endpoint.

What should you provide?

- A. app1.privatelink.azurewebsites.net
- B. app1.contoso.com
- C. app1.contoso.onmicrosoft.com
- D. app1.private.contoso.com

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 3)

You fail to establish a Site-to-Site VPN connection between your company's main office and an Azure virtual network.

You need to troubleshoot what prevents you from establishing the IPsec tunnel. Which diagnostic log should you review?

- A. IKEDiagnosticLog
- B. GatewayDiagnosticLog
- C. TunnelDiagnosticLog
- D. RouteDiagnosticLog

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/vpn-gateway/troubleshoot-vpn-with-azure-diagnostics> IKEDiagnosticLog = The IKEDiagnosticLog table offers verbose debug logging for IKE/IPsec. This is very

useful to review when troubleshooting disconnections, or failure to connect VPN scenarios.

GatewayDiagnosticLog = Configuration changes are audited in the GatewayDiagnosticLog table. TunnelDiagnosticLog = The TunnelDiagnosticLog table is very useful to inspect the historical connectivity

statuses of the tunnel.

RouteDiagnosticLog = The RouteDiagnosticLog table traces the activity for statically modified routes or routes received via BGP.

P2SDiagnosticLog = The last available table for VPN diagnostics is P2SDiagnosticLog. This table traces the activity for Point to Site.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/vpn-gateway/troubleshoot-vpn-with-azure-diagnostics>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have two Azure App Service instances that host the web apps shown the following table.

Name	Web app URLs
As1.contoso.com	https://app1.contoso.com/ https://app2.contoso.com/
As2.contoso.com	https://app3.contoso.com/ https://app4.contoso.com/

You deploy an Azure application gateway that has one public frontend IP address and two backend pools.

You need to publish all the web apps to the application gateway. Requests must be routed based on the HTTP host headers.

What is the minimum number of listeners and routing rules you should configure? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Listeners:

Routing rules:

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

1, 2

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 3)

You are planning an Azure solution that will contain the following types of resources in a single Azure region:

- > Virtual machine

- > Azure App Service
- > Virtual Network gateway
- > Azure SQL Managed Instance

App Service and SQL Managed Instance will be delegated to create resources in virtual networks.
You need to identify how many virtual networks and subnets are required for the solution. The solution must minimize costs to transfer data between virtual networks.
What should you identify? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Virtual Networks:

1
2
3
4

Subnets:

1
2
3
4

- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Diagram, table Description automatically generated
Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/virtual-network-for-azure-services#services-that-can-be>

NEW QUESTION 15
- (Exam Topic 3)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.
After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.
You have an Azure application gateway that has Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF) enabled. You configure the application gateway to direct traffic to the URL of the application gateway.
You attempt to access the URL and receive an HTTP 403 error. You view the diagnostics log and discover the following error.

```
{
  "timestamp": "2021-04-02T18:13:45+00:00",
  "resourceId": "/SUBSCRIPTIONS/489f2hht-se7y-997v-q571-463hw3679512/RESOURCEGROUPS/RG1/PROVIDERS/MICROSOFT.NETWORK/APPLICATIONGATEWAYS/AGW1",
  "operationName": "ApplicationGatewayFirewall",
  "category": "ApplicationGatewayFirewallLog",
  "properties": {
    "instanceId": "appgw_0",
    "clientIp": "137.135.10.24",
    "clientPort": "",
    "requestUri": "/login",
    "ruleSetType": "OWASP CRS",
    "ruleSetVersion": "3.0.0",
    "ruleId": "920300",
    "message": "Request Missing an Accept Header",
    "action": "Matched",
    "site": "Global",
    "details": {
      "message": "Warning. Match of '\\\\?m AppleWebKit Android\\\\?' against '\\\\?REQUEST_HEADER:User-Agent\\\\?' required. ",
      "data": "",
      "file": "rules\\REQUEST-920-PROTOCOL-ENFORCEMENT.conf",
      "line": "1243"
    },
    "hostname": "appl.contoso.com",
    "transactionId": "f7546159yhjktwall4568if5131t68h7",
    "policyId": "default",
    "policyScope": "Global",
    "policyScopeName": "Global"
  }
}
```

You need to ensure that the URL is accessible through the application gateway.
Solution: You create a WAF policy exclusion for request headers that contain 137.135.10.24. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:
The parameter here should be RemoteAddr not Request header.
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/web-application-firewall/ag/custom-waf-rules-overview#match-variable>

NEW QUESTION 19

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have an Azure application gateway named AppGW1 that provides access to the following hosts:

- * www.adatum.com
- * www.contoso.com
- * www.fabrikam.com

AppGW1 has the listeners shown in the following table.

Name	Frontend IP address	Type	Host name
Listen1	Public	Multi site	www.contoso.com
Listen2	Public	Multi site	www.fabrikam.com
Listen3	Public	Multi site	www.adatum.com

You create Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF) policies for AppGW1 as shown in the following table.

Name	Policy mode	Custom rule		
		Priority	Condition	Association
Policy1	Prevention	50	If IP address does contain 131.107.10.15 then deny traffic.	Application gateway: AppGW1
Policy2	Detection	10	If IP address does contain 131.107.10.15 then allow traffic.	HTTP listener: Listen1
Policy3	Prevention	70	If IP address does contain 131.107.10.15 then allow traffic.	HTTP listener: Listen2

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
From 131.107.10.15, you can access www.contoso.com	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
From 131.107.10.15, you can access www.fabrikam.com	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
From 131.107.10.15, you can access www.adatum.com	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface Description automatically generated with medium confidence

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/web-application-firewall/ag/per-site-policies>

NEW QUESTION 24

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have an Azure application gateway named AGW1 that has a routing rule named Rule1. Rule 1 directs traffic for http://www.contoso.com to a backend pool named Pool1. Pool1 targets an Azure virtual machine scale set named VMSS1.

You deploy another virtual machine scale set named VMSS2.

You need to configure AGW1 to direct all traffic for http://www.adatum.com to VMSS2.

The solution must ensure that requests to http://www.contoso.com continue to be directed to Pool1. Which three actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Add a backend pool.
- B. Modify an HTTP setting.
- C. Add an HTTP setting.
- D. Add a listener.
- E. Add a rule.

Answer: ADE

Explanation:

Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/configuration-overview>

NEW QUESTION 26

- (Exam Topic 3)

You plan to publish a website that will use an FQDN of `www.contoso.com`. The website will be hosted by using the Azure App Service apps shown in the following table.

Name	FQDN	Location	Public IP address
AS1	As1.contoso.com	East US	131.107.100.1
AS2	As2.contoso.com	West US	131.107.200.1

You plan to use Azure Traffic Manager to manage the routing of traffic for `www.contoso.com` between AS1 and AS2. You need to ensure that Traffic Manager routes traffic for `www.contoso.com`. Which DNS record should you create?

- A. two A records that map `www.contoso.com` to 131 107 100 1 and 131 107 200 1
- B. a CNAME record that maps `www.contoso.com` to `TMprofile1.azurefd.net`
- C. a CNAME record that maps `www.contoso.com` to `TMprofile1.trafficmanager.net`
- D. a TXT record that contains a string of `as1.contoso.com` and `as2.contoso.com` in the details

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/quickstart-create-traffic-manager-profile> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/app-service/configure-domain-traffic-manager>

NEW QUESTION 30

- (Exam Topic 3)

Your company has offices in Montreal, Seattle, and Paris. The outbound traffic from each office originates from a specific public IP address.

You create an Azure Front Door instance named FD1 that has Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF) enabled. You configure a WAF policy named Policy1 that has a rule named Rule1. Rule1 applies a rate limit of 100 requests for traffic that originates from the office in Montreal.

You need to apply a rate limit of 100 requests for traffic that originates from each office. What should you do?

- A. Modify the conditions of Rule1.
- B. Create two additional associations.
- C. Modify the rule type of Rule1.
- D. Modify the rate limit threshold of Rule1.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 34

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have an Azure Front Door instance named FD1 that is protected by using Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF).

FD1 uses a frontend host named `app1.contoso.com` to provide access to Azure web apps hosted in the East US Azure region and the West US Azure region.

You need to configure FD1 to block requests to `app1.contoso.com` from all countries other than the United States.

What should you include in the WAF policy?

- A. a frontend host association
- B. a managed rule set
- C. a custom rule that uses a rate limit rule
- D. a custom rule that uses a match rule

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 39

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a user named Admin1 and a resource group named RG1. RG1 contains an Azure Network Watcher instance named NW1.

You need to ensure that Admin1 can place a lock on NW1. The solution must use the principle of least privilege.

Which role should you assign to Admin1?

- A. User Access Administrator
- B. Network Contributor
- C. Resource Policy Contributor
- D. Monitoring Contributor

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 43

- (Exam Topic 3)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure application gateway that has Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF) enabled. You configure the application gateway to direct traffic to the URL of the application gateway.

You attempt to access the URL and receive an HTTP 403 error. You view the diagnostics log and discover the following error.


```
{
  "timestamp": "2021-04-02T18:13:45:00:00",
  "resourceID": "/SUBSCRIPTIONS/489f2hht-be7y-987v-q571-463bw3679512/RESOURCEGROUPS/RG1/PROVIDERS/MICROSOFT.NETWORK/APPLICATIONGATEWAYS/AGW1",
  "operationName": "ApplicationGatewayFirewall",
  "category": "ApplicationGatewayFirewallLog",
  "properties": {
    "instanceId": "appgw_0",
    "clientIp": "137.135.10.24",
    "clientPort": "",
    "requestUri": "/login",
    "ruleSetType": "OWASP CRS",
    "ruleSetVersion": "3.0.0",
    "ruleId": "920300",
    "message": "Request Missing an Accept Header",
    "action": "Matched",
    "site": "Global",
    "details": {
      "message": "Warning. Match of '\\\\*pm AppleWebKit Android\\\\\\*' against '\\\\*REQUEST_HEADER:User-Agent\\\\\\*' required. ",
      "data": "",
      "file": "rules\\REQUEST-920-PROTOCOL-ENFORCEMENT.conf",
      "line": "1243"
    },
    "hostname": "appl.contoso.com",
    "transactionId": "f7546159yhjk7wal14568if5131t68h7",
    "policyId": "default",
    "policyScope": "Global",
    "policyScopeName": "Global"
  }
}
```

You need to ensure that the URL is accessible through the application gateway. Solution: You add a rewrite rule for the host header. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/application-gateway/rewrite-http-headers-url#limitations>

NEW QUESTION 46

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the public IP addresses shown in the following table.

Name	IP version	SKU	IP address assignment
IP1	IPv4	Basic	Static
IP2	IPv4	Basic	Dynamic
IP3	IPv4	Standard	Static
IP4	IPv6	Basic	Dynamic
IP5	IPv6	Standard	Static

You plan to deploy a NAT gateway named NAT1.

Which public IP addresses can be used as the public IP address for NAT1?

- A. IP3 and IP5 only
- B. IP5 only
- C. IP1, IP3, and IP5 only
- D. IP3 only
- E. IP2 and IP4 only

Answer: D

Explanation:

Only static IPv4 addresses in the Standard SKU are supported. IPv6 doesn't support NAT. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/nat-gateway/nat-overview>

NEW QUESTION 49

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the virtual networks shown in the following table.

Name	In resource group	Location
Vnet1	RG1	West US
Vnet2	RG1	Central US
Vnet3	RG2	Central US
Vnet4	RG2	West US
Vnet5	RG3	East US

You plan to deploy an Azure firewall named AF1 to RG1 in the West US Azure region. To which virtual networks can you deploy AF1?

- A. Vnet1 only
- B. Vnet1 and Vnet2 only
- C. Vnet1, Vnet2, and Vnet4 only
- D. Vnet1 and Vnet4 only
- E. Vnet1, Vnet2, Vnet3, and Vnet4

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 52

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have an Azure virtual network named Vnet1 that hosts an Azure firewall named FW1 and 150 virtual machines. Vnet1 is linked to a private DNS zone named contoso.com. All the virtual machines have their name registered in the contoso.com zone.

Vnet1 connects to an on-premises datacenter by using ExpressRoute.

You need to ensure that on-premises DNS servers can resolve the names in the contoso.com zone. Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. On the on-premises DNS servers, configure forwarders that point to the frontend IP address of FW1.
- B. On the on-premises DNS servers, configure forwarders that point to the Azure provided DNS service at 168.63.129.16.
- C. Modify the DNS server settings of Vnet1.
- D. For FW1, enable DNS proxy.
- E. For FW1, configure a custom DNS server.

Answer: AD

Explanation:

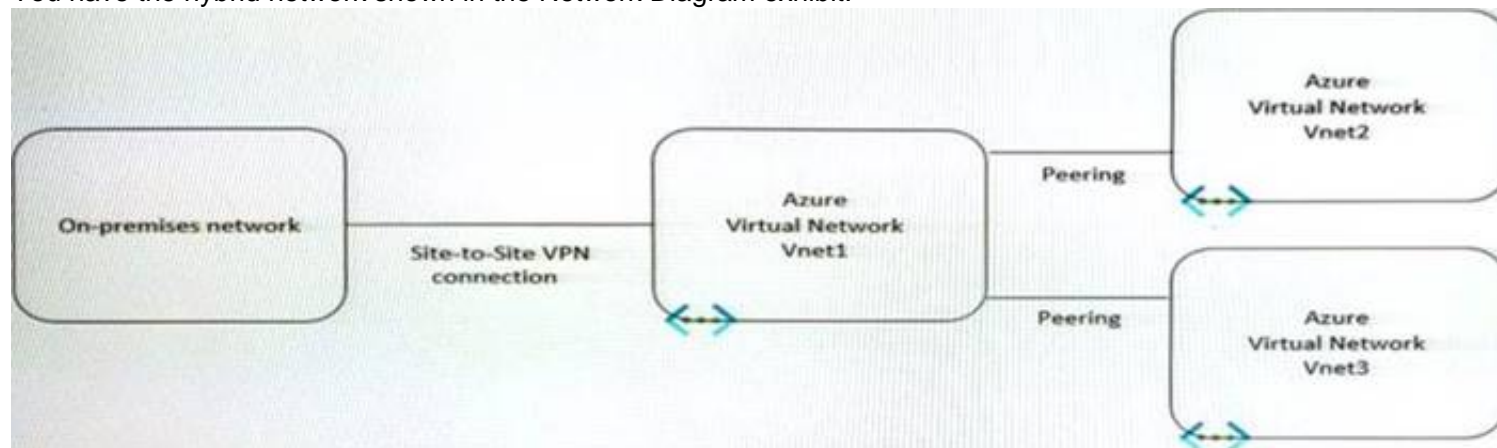
Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/private-link/private-endpoint-dns#on-premises-workloads-using-a-dns-fo> <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-gb/blog/new-enhanced-dns-features-in-azure-firewall-now-generally-available/>

NEW QUESTION 57

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have the hybrid network shown in the Network Diagram exhibit.



You have a peering connection between Vnet1 and Vnet2 as shown in the Peering-Vnet1-Vnet2 exhibit.

Add peering

Vnet1

This virtual network:

Peering link name *

Peering-Vnet1-Vnet2

Traffic to remote virtual network

☒ Allow (default)

☐ Block all traffic to the remote virtual network

Traffic forwarded from remote virtual network

☒ Allow (default)

☐ Block traffic that originates from outside this virtual network

Virtual network gateway or Route Server

☐ Use this virtual network's gateway or Route Server

☐ Use the remote virtual network's gateway or Route Server

☒ None (default)

Remote virtual network:

Peering link name *

Peering-Vnet1-Vnet2

Virtual network deployment model

☒ Resource manager

☐ Classic

☐ I know my resource ID

Subscription *

Subscription1

Virtual network *

Vnet2

Traffic to remote virtual network

☒ Allow (default)

☐ Block all traffic to the remote virtual network

Add

You have a peering connection between Vnet1 and Vnet3 as shown in the Peering -Vnet1-Vnet3 exhibit.

Add peering

Vnet3

This virtual network

Peering link name *

Peering-Vnet1-Vnet3

Traffic to remote virtual network

☒ Allow (default)

☐ Block all traffic to the remote virtual network

Traffic forwarded from remote virtual network

☒ Allow (default)

☐ Block traffic that originates from outside this virtual network

Virtual network gateway or Route Server

☐ Use this virtual network's gateway or Route Server

☐ Use the remote virtual network's gateway or Route Server

☒ None (default)

Remote virtual network

Peering link name *

Peering-Vnet1-Vnet3

Virtual network deployment model

☒ Resource manager

☐ Classic

☐ I know my resource ID

Subscription *

Subscription1

Virtual network *

Vnet1

Traffic to remote virtual network

☒ Allow (default)

☐ Block all traffic to the remote virtual network

Traffic forwarded from remote virtual network

☒ Allow (default)

☐ Block traffic that originates from outside this virtual network

Virtual network gateway or Route Server

☐ Use this virtual network's gateway or Route Server

☐ Use the remote virtual network's gateway or Route Server

☒ None (default)

Add

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Statements	Yes	No
The resources in Vnet2 can communicate with the resources in Vnet1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The resources in Vnet2 can communicate with the resources in Vnet3.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The resources in Vnet2 can communicate with the resources in the on-premises network.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Statements	Yes	No
The resources in Vnet2 can communicate with the resources in Vnet1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
The resources in Vnet2 can communicate with the resources in Vnet3.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
The resources in Vnet2 can communicate with the resources in the on-premises network.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

NEW QUESTION 59

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have an Azure virtual network that contains two subnets named Subnet1 and Subnet2. Subnet1 contains a virtual machine named VM1. Subnet2 contains a virtual machine named VM2.
You have two network security groups (NSGs) named NSG1 and NSG2. NSG1 has 100 inbound security rules and is associated to VM1. NSG2 has 200 inbound security rules and is associated to Subnet1.
VM2 cannot connect to VM1.
You suspect that an NSG rule blocks connectivity.

You need to identify which rule blocks the connection. The issue must be resolved as quickly as possible. Which Azure Network Watcher feature should you use?

- A. Effective security rules
- B. Connection troubleshoot
- C. NSG diagnostic
- D. NSG flow logs

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 61

- (Exam Topic 3)

You need to connect an on-premises network and an Azure environment. The solution must use ExpressRoute and support failing over to a Site-to-Site VPN connection if there is an ExpressRoute failure.

What should you configure? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Routing type:

Policy-based
Route-based
Static routing

Number of virtual network gateways:

1
2
3

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, table Description automatically generated

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/expressroute/expressroute-howto-coexist-resource-manager>

NEW QUESTION 63

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have an Azure Front Door instance that has a single frontend named Frontend1 and an Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF) policy named Policy1. Policy1 redirects requests that have a header containing "string1" to <https://www.contoso.com/redirect1>. Policy1 is associated to Frontend1.

You need to configure additional redirection settings. Requests to Frontend1 that have a header containing "string2" must be redirected to <https://www.contoso.com/redirect2>.

Which three actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Create a custom rule.
- B. Configure a managed rule.
- C. Create a frontend host.
- D. Create a policy.
- E. Create an association.
- F. Add a custom rule to Policy1.

Answer: ABE

NEW QUESTION 67

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have the Azure environment shown In the Azure Environment exhibit. (Click the Azure Environment tab.) The settings for each subnet are shown in the following table.

Subnet	Service endpoint
Vnet1/Subnet1	Storage
Vnet1/Subnet2	Storage
Vnet2/Subnet1	None

The Firewalls and virtual networks settings for storage1 are configured as shown in the Storage1 exhibit. (Click the Storage1 tab.) For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Statements	Yes	No
VM1 can access storage1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
VM2 can access storage1 by using a service endpoint.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
VM3 can access storage1 by using the public IP address.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A


Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION 68



- (Exam Topic 3)




You have an Azure firewall shown in the following exhibit.




Firewall1

Firewall



 Delete  Lock

 Visit Azure Firewall Manager to configure and manage this firewall. →

^ Essentials

Resource group (change) RG1	Firewall sku Standard
Location North Europe	Firewall subnet AzureFirewallSubnet
Subscription (change) Subscription1	Firewall public IP Firewall-IP1
Subscription ID 489f2hht-se7y-987v-g571-463hw3679512	Firewall private IP 10.100.253.4
Virtual network Vnet1	Management subnet
Firewall policy FirewallPolicy1	Management public IP
Provisioning state Succeeded	Private IP Ranges Managed by Firewall Policy
Tags (change) Click here to add tags	

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

On Firewall1, forced tunneling [answer choice]

▼

is enabled already

cannot be enabled

is disabled but can be enabled

On Firewall1, management by Azure Firewall Manager [answer choice]

▼

is enabled already

cannot be enabled

is disabled but can be enabled

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

Box 1:

If forced tunneling was enabled, the Firewall Subnet would be named AzureFirewallManagementSubnet. Forced tunneling can only be enabled during the creation of the firewall. It cannot be enabled after the firewall has been deployed.

Box 2:

The "Visit Azure Firewall Manager to configure and manage this firewall" link in the exhibit shows that the firewall is managed by Azure Firewall Manager.

NEW QUESTION 73

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have Azure App Service apps in the West US Azure region as shown in the following table.

Name	App Service plan	Number of instances
App1	ASP1	3
App2	ASP1	3
App3	ASP2	2
App4	ASP3	1

You need to ensure that all the apps can access the resources in a virtual network named Vnet1 without forwarding traffic through the internet-How many integration subnets should you create?

- A. 1
- B. 3
- C. 4
- D. 6

Answer: C

Explanation:

One integration subnet is required per App Service Plan regardless of how many apps are running in the App Service Plan.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/app-service/overview-vnet-integration>

NEW QUESTION 76

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Location
WebApp1	Web app	West US
VNet1	Virtual network	East US

The IP Addresses settings for Vnet1 are configured as shown in the exhibit.

Basic IP Addresses Security Tags Review + create

The virtual network's address space, specified as one or more address prefixes in CIDR notation (e.g. 192.168.1.0/24).

IPv4 address space

10.3.0.0/16 10.3.0.0 - 10.3.255.255 (65536 addresses)



☐ Add IPv6 address space ⓘ

The subnet's address range in CIDR notation (e.g. 192.168.1.0/24). It must be contained by the address space of the virtual network.

Add subnet Remove subnet

<input type="checkbox"/> Subnet name	Subnet address range	NAT gateway
<input type="checkbox"/> Subnet1	10.3.0.0/16	

Use of a NAT gateway is recommended for outbound internet access from a subnet. You can deploy a NAT gateway and assign it to a subnet after you create the virtual network. [Learn more](#)

You need to ensure that you can integrate WebApp1 and Vnet1.
Which three actions should you perform in sequence before you can integrate WebApp1 and Vnet1? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

Answer Area

- Create a service endpoint
- Deploy a VPN gateway
- Add a private endpoint
- Modify the address space of Vnet1
- Configure a Point-to-Site (P2S) VPN



- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Text Description automatically generated with medium confidence
Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/app-service/web-sites-integrate-with-vnet#gateway-required-vnet-integra>

NEW QUESTION 81
- (Exam Topic 3)

You have an Azure Traffic Manager parent profile named TM1. TM1 has two child profiles named TM2 and TM3. TM1 uses the performance traffic-routing method and has the endpoints shown in the following table.

Name	Location
App1	North Europe
App2	East US
App3	Central US
TM2	West Europe
TM3	West US

TM2 uses the weighted traffic-routing method with MinChildEndpoint = 2 and has the endpoints shown in the following table.

Name	Location	Weight
App4	West Europe	99
App5	West Europe	1

TM3 uses priority traffic-routing method and has the endpoints shown in the following table.

Name	Location
App6	West US
App2	East US

The App2, App4, and App6 endpoints have a degraded monitoring status.
To which endpoint is traffic directed? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point

Answer Area

Traffic from West Europe:

▼

App1

App2

App4

App5

Traffic from West US:

▼

App1

App2

App3

App6

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Diagram Description automatically generated
Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-nested-profiles>
Traffic from West Europe:
Basedd on TM1 table, West Europe will trigger TM2. However, as the MinChildEndpoint is set to 2, and App4 is degraded (down), the entire TM2 will not be considered available.
This goes back to the origin TM1 that uses performance traffic-routing method, which means the closest location is App1 and naturally be the next best performance instance.
Hence, Answer = App1
Traffic from West US:
Based on TM1 table, West US will trigger TM3. However, both App2 and App6 were degraded (down), so none of them can be considered.
This goes back to the original TM1 that uses performance traffic-routing method, from TM1, the other 2 US locations would be App2 and App3. But App2 we know it's already degraded (unavailable), hence the only option would be App3.
Answer = App3

NEW QUESTION 85

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