

ACAMS

Exam Questions CAMS

Certified Anti-Money Laundering Specialist (the 6th edition)



NEW QUESTION 1

A compliance officer identifies a potentially significant risk in a popular financial product. Further investigation reveals there is no mitigating control. Which course of action should the compliance officer take?

- A. Launch a long-term project to remediate the control deficiency
- B. Note the risk and address it during the next round of policy and procedure review
- C. Immediately cease providing the product and only offer it after effective permanent mitigation is implemented
- D. Implement a temporary mitigation that enables effective management of the risk until a permanent plan can be developed

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 2

A high-volume dealer of precious metals and stones in a high-risk jurisdiction is approached by a new customer interested in selling gold worth \$200,000. The customer was referred by a longtime family friend of the dealer and provides no indication of background or business purpose for the sale. The dealer agrees to make the purchase based solely on the reference.

What is the money laundering red flag?

- A. The customer was referred by a longtime friend of the dealer
- B. The precious metals dealer is operating in a high-risk jurisdiction
- C. A new customer is selling gold worth \$200,000 to a high volume dealer
- D. The customer provides no background information or business purpose for the transaction

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 3

When must a United States (U.S.) bank block or reject an international funds transfer when there is an Office of Foreign Assets Control designated party to the transaction?

- A. Only if the U.S. bank is involved in the funds transfer
- B. Only if a U.S. person or entity is the ultimate beneficiary
- C. Only if a non-U.S. person or entity is the ultimate beneficiary
- D. Only if the U.S. bank's correspondent informs it of the involvement of the designated party

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 4

Which method is used to launder money via wire remittances sent through a bureau de change or money services business? A. A customer in country A makes a weekly small wire transfer to the bank account of an individual in country B.

- A. A customer in country A makes frequent wire transfers to a single customer in country B that are slightly under the legal reporting threshold.
- B. A large number of wire transfers are sent from a large number of senders in country A to a large number of recipients in country B during the period of December 1 to December 15.
- C. A customer in country A receives four small wire transfers from four different individuals located in country B on December 21. The aggregate of the wire transfers falls below the legal reporting threshold.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 5

A bank located in New York has identified suspicious transactions at a correspondent bank in China. For one of the international customers, the correspondent bank is not following agreed upon protocols. Which factor indicates that the bank should terminate the relationship?

- A. The correspondent bank has opened branches in a country on the Office of Foreign Assets Control list.
- B. The compliance officer at the correspondent bank is currently being investigated due to bribery allegations.
- C. The correspondent bank has recently exceeded acceptable limits in the primary banks' recently developed risk model.
- D. The primary institution has requested transactional details from the correspondent bank to aide in their investigation.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 6

A bank receives an anonymous tip from an employee about another employee through its confidential hotline. Which activity warrants further review?

- A. A mortgage officer works with home loan applicants to resolve adverse credit issues
- B. An employee in bookkeeping accepts funds transfer requests from customers via telephone
- C. An employee in accounting works with customers to help understand how to reduce service charges
- D. A teller distributes bank brochures to customers who regularly conduct cash transactions below reporting limits

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 7

The anti-money laundering compliance officer for a small money transmitter has several agent locations in the same geographic area in the United States. The

customers are immigrants from Country A and the majority of the funds are remitted to Country A.

In a meeting with one of the agents, it is recently discovered that two new customers have been coming in three times a week and sending funds to the same recipient in Country B. Each cash transaction always totals exactly \$8,000. What should alert the agent to possible money laundering activity by the two customers?

- A. They remit funds to the same person
- B. They have been coming in three times a week
- C. It is unusual for customers to remit to Country B
- D. Each of their transactions is just below the cash reporting threshold

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8

A corporate services provider in a European Union (EU) country has a prospect from an African country who deals in oil and gas. The prospect intends to develop an oil terminal in his home country with a \$75 million dollar loan secured by a third party, which is a trust formed in a Caribbean island with a holding company based in a European secrecy haven. A young lady is presented as an ultimate beneficial owner who has gained her wealth through a fitness studio in her home country.

What are two red flags that could indicate money laundering or financing terrorism? (Choose two.)

- A. A loan worth \$75 million with a third-party guarantor
- B. The guarantor company's ownership structure is overly complex
- C. The prospect wishes to have a corporate structure with a holding company in EU country
- D. The ultimate beneficial owner is young lady who has gained her wealth through a small business

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 9

Findings from a regulatory examination report states that the job descriptions of personnel outside of the compliance department do not include references to anti-money laundering responsibilities. Which action should the firm take?

- A. Update all job descriptions to include anti-money laundering responsibilities
- B. Respond that only compliance personnel have anti-money laundering responsibilities
- C. Send an email to all staff stating that personnel must observe the anti-money laundering policy
- D. Reply that a description of anti-money laundering responsibilities is included in the annual training

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 10

The compliance officer for a bank is reviewing on-boarding documents for a new business account for a domestic corporation. The officer is unable to verify the identity of the beneficial owners of the company. Only information on the nominee owners was provided, and none of the listed addresses are local. The purpose of the business and future expected activity were disclosed to include cash letters, money orders and international remittance transfers.

Which red flag identifies a heightened money laundering risk?

- A. Expected activity was advised to include cash letter and money orders
- B. The nature and purpose of the business include international remittance transfers
- C. The names provided at account opening are identified as the corporation's representative nominees
- D. Account signer's government issued identification lists addresses outside of where the branch account was opened

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 10

A U.K. real estate agent has three foreign clients interested in purchasing an apartment building, valued at £30 million, in the outskirts of London as an investment property. The clients are not willing to have their names provided to the bank. The clients want to purchase to be made in the names of three private companies for privacy reasons. The plan is to wire the funds into an account held in the name of another private company at a bank in London.

Which red flag should stop the agent from discussing this potential purchase further?

- A. The clients are foreign
- B. The clients have the funds necessary to fund a £30 million purchase
- C. The clients are not willing to have their names provided to the bank
- D. The clients want to purchase to be made in the names of the private companies

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 15

Which requirement is included in the Fourth European Union Directive on money laundering?

- A. It requires obliged entities to consider politically exposed persons as high risk for life
- B. It requires obliged entities to conduct enhanced due diligence on all prepaid card holders
- C. It requires member countries to maintain registries of the beneficial owners of legal entities
- D. It requires member states to enact economic sanctions against countries that do not cooperate with Financial Action Task Force recommendations

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 17

What is true regarding disclosure to a law enforcement agency by a financial institution of the supporting documentation for a suspicious transaction report?

- A. Documentation must be provided as quickly as possible using email

- B. The financial institution may notify the account holder of the request
- C. Confirm that the request originated from a representative of the law enforcement agency
- D. A copy of all the documentation released must also be provided to the account holder's attorney

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 20

The branch manager calls the compliance officer and informs her that a law enforcement officer has just left the branch and was asking a lot of questions and left a business card. What should the compliance officer do?

- A. File a suspicious transaction report
- B. Follow up to verify that the officer received all necessary information
- C. Verify that the reported officer was an actual authorized representative
- D. Require the branch manager to write a detailed memo about the request

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 21

What are two reasons physical certificates present a money laundering risk to broker-dealers? (Choose two.)

- A. The trade information on a physical certificate can be easily altered
- B. Physical certificates do not expire and may be held by the owner for perpetuity
- C. There is little information readily available to the broker confirming the source of the funds
- D. Physical certificates may be provided to nominees for deposit or settled in off-market transactions

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 22

What are the regulatory risks to a bank employee who willfully violates anti-money laundering laws?

- A. Investigation and reputational damage
- B. Fines and suspension from the industry
- C. Criminal investigation and imprisonment
- D. Enforcement actions including fines against the financial institution

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 27

In which two ways does a government Financial Intelligence Unit interact with public and private sectors? (Choose two.)

- A. It governs the methods of investigation used by competent authorities
- B. It mediates disputes between financial institutions and investigative authorities
- C. It receives and analyzes disclosures filed by financial and non-bank institutions
- D. It disseminates information and the results of its analysis to competent authorities

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 32

Which two factors should increase the risk of a correspondent bank customer and require additional due diligence according to the Wolfsberg Anti-Money Laundering Principles for Correspondent Banking? (Choose two.)

- A. The customer is located in a Financial Action Task Force member country and provides services primarily to a local individual customer.
- B. The customer is located in a Financial Action Task Force member country and the bank's head of information security is a politically exposed person.
- C. The customer is located in a Financial Action Task Force member country and provides services to other correspondent banks in neighboring countries.
- D. The customer is located in a non-Financial Action Task Force member country and services mostly commercial customers who engage in international trade.

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 37

What is a key risk associated with Correspondent Accounts according to the Basel Customer Due Diligence paper?

- A. It is not used on a daily basis
- B. The service fees are insufficient to cover the cost of managing the account
- C. The respondent bank's customer acceptance and know your customer policies are ineffective
- D. The volume and value of transactions passing through the account may not be in line with the original correspondent agreement

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 39

Which three methods are commonly used by an accountant to launder money? (Choose three.)

- A. Representing a client court
- B. Understanding income to take a tax loss
- C. Overstating income to hide excess cash
- D. Acting as a conduit for transferring cash between accounts

E. Acting as a designee for someone who wishes to hide their identity

Answer: CDE

NEW QUESTION 44

Which method do terrorist financiers use to move funds without leaving an audit trail?

- A. Extortion
- B. Cash couriers
- C. Casa de cambio
- D. Virtual currency

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 49

A retail bank has just acquired a credit card business. The bank's anti-money laundering policy requires that new employees are trained within 30 days of their hire date and refresher training is delivered to all employees on an annual basis. Is the bank's existing anti-money laundering training adequate to be delivered to employee of the newly acquired credit card business?

- A. Yes, the existing training covers the bank's policies, procedures, and processes.
- B. No, anti-money laundering training needs to be delivered face-to-face for credit card businesses.
- C. No, anti-money laundering training needs to be tailored and focused on the risks specific to the business.
- D. Yes, the existing training covers the anti-money laundering regulations that the bank is required to follow.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 50

An institution has made the decision to exit a client relationship due to anti-money laundering concerns. Prior to starting the close out process, the institution receives a written request from a law enforcement agency to keep the account open. The client is the subject of an ongoing investigation and law enforcement wants the institution to continue to monitor the account and report any suspicious activity.

What is primary consideration the institution should keep in mind when deciding whether to agree to this request?

- A. The anticipated cost of complying with the law enforcement request
- B. The number of suspicious transaction reports previously filed on the client
- C. The fact that the institution has a solid record in complying with law enforcement requests
- D. Whether the institution can continue to meet its regulatory obligations with the accounts open

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 53

A compliance officer at an insurance company has been reviewing the transaction activity of several clients. Which transaction is considered a red flag for potential money laundering?

- A. A client paid the quarterly life insurance premium using money orders from two different banks.
- B. A client from a high-risk jurisdiction recently purchased property insurance for a real-estate development.
- C. A corporation owns several affiliates and recently opened separate group life insurance policies for each of the affiliates.
- D. A client established a \$100,000 charitable annuity with a non-profit organization that provides health and safety assistance internationally.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 57

A United States (U.S.) bank was recently alerted by law enforcement of an increase in sale of large denomination U.S. bank notes to casas de cambio. They suspect that a Mexican syndicate is operating a money laundering scheme in the bank's jurisdiction.

Which two steps should be taken to trace funds through the bank to assist law enforcement in their investigation? (Choose two.)

- A. Identify the money laundering scheme and submit a suspicious transaction report
- B. Identify if there is a decrease in the sale of large denomination U.
- C. bank notes to casas de cambio by the bank
- D. Identify deposits by casas de cambio that include third-party items including sequentially numbered monetary instruments
- E. Identify multiple wire transfers initiated by casas de cambio to jurisdictions outside of Mexico that bear no apparent business relationship with that casa de cambio

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 60

A customer brings \$15,000 worth of chips into a casino and plays various games. The customer redeems all the remaining chips and requests a wire transfer of the proceeds to an unrelated third party. What are two red flags that indicate money laundering? (Choose two.)

- A. Customer redeeming all remaining chips
- B. Playing various games before cashing out
- C. Bringing \$15,000 worth of chips into the casino
- D. Requesting a wire transfer to an unrelated third party

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 64

A politically exposed person (PEP) maintains an account at a bank. Last month a money laundering analyst filed a suspicious transaction report about unusual wire deposits originated by unknown individuals in the home country of the official. To whom should this situation be escalated?

- A. The board of directors
- B. The line of business executive
- C. The bank's anti-money laundering officer
- D. The Financial Action Task Force's PEP Hotline

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 65

What is the appropriate compliance control for identifying politically exposed persons (PEPs) according to the Basel Committee's paper on Customer Due Diligence for Banks?

- A. Determining that a local figure is a PEP
- B. Reviewing when a relationship is established
- C. Reviewing relationships at account opening and on a periodic basis
- D. Requiring that the customer discloses that they are a PEP or an associate of a PEP

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 68

What are two sources for maintaining up-to-date sanctions information? (Choose two.)

- A. U.
- B. Federal Bureau of Investigation's National Security Letters
- C. U.
- D. Department of the Treasury Office of Foreign Assets Control
- E. U.
- F. Department of the Treasury – Section 311 – Special Measures
- G. Financial Action Task Force's list of High Risk and Non-Cooperative Jurisdictions

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 73

The vice president of the foreign correspondent banking department at a large United States bank has been notified that a foreign bank with an offshore license wants to open a correspondent account.

Which two things must the vice president acquire under the USA PATRIOT Act? (Choose two.)

- A. A list of all the customers of the correspondent bank
- B. A list of the types of businesses served by the correspondent bank
- C. Information relating to the foreign bank's anti-money laundering program
- D. The identity of 10% owners of the correspondent bank, unless it is publicly traded

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 75

A branch manager for a small community bank has a new customer who deposits for EUR 50,000 checks into one account. Shortly thereafter, the customer goes to another branch and asks to transfer all but EUR 1,500 to three accounts in different foreign jurisdictions.

Which suspicious activity should be the focus of the suspicious transaction report?

- A. The customer opened the account with four large checks
- B. The customer goes to a different branch to make this transaction
- C. The customer transfers almost all of the funds out of the account
- D. The customer asks to transfer funds to accounts in three different foreign jurisdictions

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 79

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